INDICATIONS.

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The Fort Wayne Sentinel

The man who is without the moral virtue of the possession of his truth is a weapon—calm judgment.

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1902. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Dublin declares that the "firm belief in influential circles is that nothing short of a revolution is meant by the United Irish league, and that the advocates of constitutional methods are slowly but surely giving way to the strong physical force section."

According to the correspondent "Lord Salisbury's speech of Wednesday last before the Junior Constitutional club leads people to hope that the government has at last learned the lesson that home rule cannot be killed with kindness and that the ministry has become aware of the terrible havoc being worked by the league throughout Ireland."

The correspondent adds: "Irishmen who have just returned from the United States aver that no support will be given to the disloyal cause unless the discussions and scenes in parliament give place to something more active in Ireland itself. The American end of the campaign is being run by men who are all of the same stamp as Finerty, who recommends dynamite and rifles. Young Ireland is being taught to believe in the coming storm and to openly speak thereof with enthusiasm. The policy of kindness has convinced the peasantry that the reign of the British is almost at an end and, in truth, the British statute book is already suspended, and the court of the league is supreme."

GERMANY STANDS PAT.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The critics of Great Britain here are indisposed to let Lord Pauncefote's note of April 14, 1898, drop with the explanation, cabled from Washington, that nothing unfriendly to the United States was meant. They say the fact stands that Great Britain did initiate a second proposal for a European remonstrance. The explanation that President McKinley was privy to Lord Pauncefote's purpose and approved the British proposal before it was made is not accepted here. A person who is in a position to know the opinion of the German foreign office said:

"We are disinclined to discuss Lord Pauncefote's motives. We simply nail the fact that Lord Pauncefote took a step unpleasant for the United States, and it was Germany's refusal to participate that frustrated the move. Moreover, documentary proof that Great Britain took such a step exists in the files of European cabinets."

C., H. & D. RENTS ARCADE ROOMS

Supt. B. W. Fenton of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, this afternoon leased of Henry M. Williams the ground floor room of the Arcade building, which fronts upon Berry street, and is number 115. This room will be occupied jointly by J. C. Winans, general traveling passenger agent, and F. R. Garrison, freight agent for the Indiana district. The new quarters will be occupied Monday.

THE WORK OF REVISION.

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—The revision committee of the Presbyterian church today continued the discussion which began yesterday on the question of a brief statement of the confession of faith for popular use. The subject of textual revision was also considered, especially section 6, of chapter XXV., in which reference is made to the pope. It is intimated by the members of the committee that this section has been modified.

FEAR FOR SHIP'S SAFETY.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 8.—A special from Vancouver says that fears are entertained for the safety of the Egria, the warship which went in search of the missing Condor. A studding-sail boom belonging to the Egria has been picked up on the west coast. The section of the coast visited by the Egria is known as the "grave-yard of the Pacific."

BIG ELEVATOR BURNED.

Wapella, Ill., Feb. 8.—Fire today destroyed Green & Dowling's grain elevator. A heavy wind then spread the flames to the business district, which was almost wiped out, together with several dwellings. No casualties are reported. The loss is estimated at over $200,000.

PATIENT IS IMPROVING.

Roy Winebrenner, the smallpox patient, is improving slowly and, if no unexpected complications arise it is believed that quarantine will be raised on the house the latter part of the week. The young man's father has been indisposed for a few days and it was feared that he would develop a case of smallpox, but it is now thought that his illness was merely a light attack of grip. The other members of the family enjoy good health, and the danger of incubation is believed to be past.

PROTEST TO THE PRESIDENT

AGAINST OBNOXIOUS WAYS OF CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

New York Board of Trade Presents Resolutions Showing the Abuses Practiced.

Washington, Feb. 8.—A committee representing the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, of New York City, composed of C. C. Shayne, president; Liston G. Ketchum and Alexander R. Smith, called on President Roosevelt today and presented resolutions passed by that body, on the 5th inst., regarding the personal baggage law. After reciting that their organization was instrumental in securing the personal baggage law and that its object was to protect merchants dealing in imported commodities, the resolutions state that:

"Whereas, In addition to the injury done such law-abiding merchants, the practice in vogue before the enactment of this law resulted in the loss of a considerable amount of revenue legitimately due the government, and,

"Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of the members of this association that unreasonable and obnoxious methods have been employed by inspectors at the docks in executing this law, resulting, as it has in some instances, to the great discomfort of tourists, now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, while fully approving the spirit and purpose of this law, do most emphatically protest against the conduct of the inspectors, complained of at the docks, in so far as they are obnoxious and unnecessarily harsh, and we urge upon the officials charged with the administration of this law the abatement of those obnoxious practices and declare ourselves to most heartily co-operate with any and every body joining in this protest."

RECENT ARRIVALS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James B. White, jr.—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Adams, of 165 Jackson street—a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Madden, of 64 Fourth street—a daughter.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Ella Sites, who has been visiting her uncle, H. M. Ramsay, of Houston, Texas, has returned home.

Miss Margaret Cunningham, a teacher at the Hamilton school, is quite ill at her home, on Masterson avenue.

Mr. Dowie, an employe of the Bass works, had his right hand crushed in some machinery this afternoon. Dr. King attended him.

Harry Meyer, of the Meyer Cycle company, who has been with the Great Western Manufacturing company for several months, will make his last trip in the interests of that firm next week.

Miss Nellie Frank, who has been dangerously ill, is improving slowly. Miss Frank's illness was caused by an overdose of cocaine, administered to her by a dentist.

Mrs. Bryson, of 30 Pine street, was very agreeably surprised Sunday evening, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. Music and games were enjoyed and at the close a sumptuous repast was served.

Miss Frankie Lehr entertained the J. E. club and their gentlemen friends at progressive pedro last evening, at her home on Cass street. Prizes were won by Miss Clara Fry, Miss Maud McBride, John Moring and Dr. Wallace.

Japan now possesses the heaviest and finest battleship afloat, the Mikasa, of 15,900 tons displacement.

ABANDONS A TRIP

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WILL NOT GO TO CHARLESTON.

HELD BY ILLNESS OF HIS SON

WILL HURRY TO GROTON IF A CRISIS OCCURS.

MRS. ROOSEVELT WITH BOY

REPORTS SAY HIS CONDITION IS NOT ALARMING.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The following statement was issued at the white house at noon today:

"The condition of the president's son is favorable. The doctors say that the president should not go to Charleston, as at any time within six days the disease may take a sudden turn for the worse. The president also is asked not to go to Groton, as his visit might excite the boy, who is not in immediate danger."

Owing to the request of the doctors, the president has abandoned his trip to Charleston.

Should a turn for the worse occur, the president is prepared to leave at a moment's notice, on a special train.

BOY'S MOTHER REACHES HIM.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt and maid reached here just after 10 o'clock today.

The Rev. Sherrard Billings, assistant to President Peabody, of the Groton school, was waiting with a carriage when the train arrived. Quite a crowd had gathered at Ayer, the nearest station to Groton, to see Mrs. Roosevelt, as it had been known that she would reach there by the early train, but there was no demonstration of any sort as the lady passed to the carriage. The drive of three miles to the school took about an hour, as the roads were hilly and rough from freezing.

At the school Mrs. Roosevelt was received by President Peabody and a few moments later was at her boy's bedside. Subsequently an attempt was made to obtain from Mrs. Roosevelt a statement for publication regarding the illness of young Theodore, but through President Peabody she declined to depart from the course approved by President Roosevelt. According to this plan all necessary information concerning the lad's condition will be transmitted to President Roosevelt, who will determine what news shall be given to the public.

MRS. ROOSEVELT IN BOSTON.

Boston, Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt, wife of the president, reached this city at 7 o'clock this morning, bound for Groton, Mass., where her son, Theodore, jr., is ill of pneumonia. She breakfasted at an up-town hotel and at 8 o'clock was on board the train at the North Union station which was to take her to Ayer, the nearest railway station to Groton.

WOULD SLAY COLLEGE HEADS.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 8.—Illiterate mountaineers known in this section of the country as "covites," who have depended for their living on doing the washing for the 600 students of the University of the South at Suwanee, have threatened to kill the officials of the institution and blow up the buildings with dynamite if the faculty erects a laundry, as is planned. One laundry was built, but within a week of its operation it was mysteriously burned down. About a week ago the faculty at a meeting decided to build another, and since then not a day has passed but letters written in semi-decipherable characters and ornamented with crude drawings of skulls and rifles have been received, threatening especially Vice Chancellor D. L. Wiggins and Steward R. L. Colmore. It has been found advisable for both to leave the district for a time. The people of the city of Tullahoma, which is close by, are in favor of the laundry and aver that they will protect it if the faculty will erect it in the city. The Covites are quite capable of any barbaric measure, being, though white, little more than half-civilized.

ENTERTAINED HIS EMPLOYES.

Samuel Wolf, of Wolf & Dessaurer's dry goods establishment, entertained the employes of his store in a most delightful manner in Standard hall last evening, in celebration of his approaching wedding. Cards were one of the attractions of the evening, prizes being won by Miss McGee, Mrs. Frank Hill, Gerhard Myers and Al Lyons. Following the card games an elegant course dinner was served, the toast in honor of the occasion being proposed by D. P. Swartz, of New York. Mr. Swartz added greatly to the pleasure of the evening by singing a number of songs and giving a reading. Al Lyons gave an apt toast in behalf of the employes and Mr. Wolf responded. After dinner dancing was enjoyed, the Misses Cohen furnishing music.

HAVE ABANDONED GAS.

Owing to the inability to properly heat the buildings in cold weather on account of scarcity of gas, the school board recently decided to abandon the use of gas altogether in the Lakeside and Clay schools, and furnaces have been altered so that coal can be used in them. The pupils were given a day's vacation while the furnaces were being overhauled.

BODY IN DISSECTING ROOM

MEDICAL COLLEGE GETS MORTIMER CHASE'S REMAINS.

Final Chapter in an Erratic Life—Young Man Was Polished Reader of Shakespeare.

Upon a slab in the dissecting room of the Fort Wayne College of Medicine lies the body of Mortimer Chase, the eccentric Grand Rapids young man who died a few days ago at the St. Joseph hospital, where he had been taken from the county jail.

Chase's relatives were unable to defray the expenses of a burial, and he was left to be interred at the county's expense. Friday evening the medical college made a formal demand in legal form upon Klaehn & Melching, the undertakers who had the body in charge, for the possession of the body and under the provisions of the law the remains were turned over to the college authorities to be used in the advancement of medical science.

Concerning Chase the Richmond Palladium says: "Mortimer Chase, who died at Fort Wayne, was well known here among a certain class as one of the best amateur reciters of Shakespearean work heard here for years. While in the city jail he interested the officers there greatly. His recital of John McCullough's ravings were really fine. The police say in regard to the supposition that he was connected with the livery stable fires that this was an impossibility. They traced his movements at that time so thoroughly that they are certain of this."

WANT MAIL OVER THE WABASH

MAYSVILLE CITIZENS ARE OUT WITH A PETITION.

Ask That Star Route From Fort Wayne Be Abolished—Chance for New Rural Carriers.

Citizens of Maysville, who have for many years been receiving their mail by a star route overland from Fort Wayne once daily, want a better mail service and since the opening of the new Wabash line the desire has found expression in a numerously signed petition which is to be forwarded to the second assistant postmaster general.

The document sets forth that Maysville could be given two mails a day from Grabill station, on the new railroad line, instead of the one delivery now made by hack line from Fort Wayne, and it asks the postal authorities to take the matter under immediate consideration.

CARRIER RESIGNS.

E. B. Bowser, carrier on rural free delivery route No. 8 out of this city, has tendered his resignation. The postoffice department has issued an order placing the rural delivery under civil service rules and all who aspire to a position of this kind are invited to file their names with Postmaster Page and be prepared to take a civil service examination within a short time. The examination is said to be very simple and consists only of reading and writing. A special agent of the postoffice department will arrive in Fort Wayne within a short time to conduct the examination of applicants.

ICE GORGES THE OHIO.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 8.—Navigation was entirely suspended on the upper Ohio river today, owing to the heavy ice at Cattletsburg and Portsmouth.

Harry McCrea, of Wabash, is in the city.

TRACTION MERGER

A GIGANTIC CONSOLIDATION NOW FORMING.

INCLUDES ALL CHICAGO LINES

ELEVATED ROADS TO BE TAKEN IN THE DEAL.

SCOPE OF COMBINE IS WIDE

INTERESTS OF SEVERAL BIG CITIES TO BE MERGED.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The consolidation of the principal traction interests of Chicago—and possibly the elevated roads—is the object of negotiations now in progress here and in New York, says the Inter Ocean. Furthermore, it is possible, it is said, that this is but a preliminary step to the merging of the traction lines of five or more of the principal cities of the country into one great combination, probably the corporation reported to be in progress of formation in New York.

The local combination and the giant national concern are being planned, says the Inter Ocean, by the Whitney-Elkins-Widener-Ryan syndicate, of New York and Philadelphia capitalists, with the aid of J. Pierpont Morgan. E. H. Gary, who is now in Chicago, is believed to have charge of the local deal.

President John M. Roach, of the Chicago Union Traction company, General Counsel W. W. Gurley and James H. Eckels, a director, all have been in New York recently, it is said, in consultation with the heads of the Whitney-Widener-Elkins syndicate regarding the state of local traction affairs.

There has been a mutual interchange of stock between certain of the New York and Chicago banking interests, it is said, that would be relied on by Mr. Morgan in financing the colossal deal.

Another circumstance, which has been the subject of gossip, is the offer which the Widener-Elkins syndicate is known to have made to the Cleveland banks for the big consolidated system of electric railways owned by the Everett-Moore people in Cleveland. It is reported also that the same syndicate has made negotiations for the purchase of the principal Detroit street railways.

ROBBED AND MURDERED.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 8.—Noah Long, an aged stonemason, living in Argentine, Kas., just across the river from here, mysteriously disappeared from his home a week ago. The day before he had drawn $210, pension money, from a savings deposit bank. Today a woman named Rhoda Taylor made a written confession to the police that Long had been robbed and thrown into the Kaw river. She declares that Henry Donohue, James Goff, Long and herself were together at Donohue's house in the evening and that later the men robbed Long and threw him into the river. Donohue, Goff and the woman have been arrested and the police are endeavoring to drag the ice-covered river. Dave Moran, a nephew of the missing man, has also been arrested, but the charge is not stated. Last night Moran attempted suicide by cutting an artery in his wrist.

MILK WAGON WRECKED.

A milk wagon belonging to Willard Fairfield, the dairyman, was completely wrecked in a runaway on Fairfield avenue this morning. Mr. Fairfield left the team hitched in front of a residence near the Wabash tracks when the animals became frightened at a train and started to run north. They collided with a post and the wagon was reduced to kindling wood. This is the third time the team has run away and Mr. Fairfield has concluded to invest in another team.

THERE ARE NO PATHS.

Complaint reaches The Sentinel from numerous quarters of the failure of the board of works to have paths shoveled to the well at Swinney park. A great many people who depend on the well for their daily supply of drinking water have been greatly inconvenienced since the last fall of snow, as they have to walk in the road and are constantly in danger of being run down by teams.

INITIATED BIG CLASS.

Howard council No. 240, Royal Arcanum, initiated a class of ten last evening, bringing its membership up to 330. After the regular lodge work members indulged in a social session.

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REVOLT OPENLY PREACHED

AMERICAN IRISH WILL HELP ONLY FOR WAR.

London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Dublin declares that the "firm belief in influential circles is that nothing short of a revolution is meant by the United Irish league, and that the advocates of constitutional methods are slowly but surely giving way to the strong physical force section."

According to the correspondent "Lord Salisbury's speech of Wednesday last before the Junior Constitutional club leads people to hope that the government has at last learned the lesson that home rule cannot be killed with kindness and that the ministry has become aware of the terrible havoc being worked by the league throughout Ireland."

The correspondent adds: "Irishmen who have just returned from the United States aver that no support will be given to the disloyal cause unless the discussions and scenes in parliament give place to something more active in Ireland itself. The American end of the campaign is being run by men who are all of the same stamp as Finerty, who recommends dynamite and rifles. Young Ireland is being taught to believe in the coming storm and to openly speak thereof with enthusiasm. The policy of kindness has convinced the peasantry that the reign of the British is almost at an end and, in truth, the British statute book is already suspended, and the court of the league is supreme."

GERMANY STANDS PAT.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The critics of Great Britain here are indisposed to let Lord Pauncefote's note of April 14, 1898, drop with the explanation, cabled from Washington, that nothing unfriendly to the United States was meant. They say the fact stands that Great Britain did initiate a second proposal for a European remonstrance. The explanation that President McKinley was privy to Lord Pauncefote's purpose and approved the British proposal before it was made is not accepted here. A person who is in a position to know the opinion of the German foreign office said:

"We are disinclined to discuss Lord Pauncefote's motives. We simply nail the fact that Lord Pauncefote took a step unpleasant for the United States, and it was Germany's refusal to participate that frustrated the move. Moreover, documentary proof that Great Britain took such a step exists in the files of European cabinets."

C., H. & D. RENTS ARCADE ROOMS

Supt. B. W. Fenton of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, this afternoon leased of Henry M. Williams the ground floor room of the Arcade building, which fronts upon Berry street, and is number 115. This room will be occupied jointly by J. C. Winans, general traveling passenger agent, and F. R. Garrison, freight agent for the Indiana district. The new quarters will be occupied Monday.

THE WORK OF REVISION.

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—The revision committee of the Presbyterian church today continued the discussion which began yesterday on the question of a brief statement of the confession of faith for popular use. The subject of textual revision was also considered, especially section 6, of chapter XXV., in which reference is made to the pope. It is intimated by the members of the committee that this section has been modified.

FEAR FOR SHIP'S SAFETY.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 8.—A special from Vancouver says that fears are entertained for the safety of the Egria, the warship which went in search of the missing Condor. A studding-sail boom belonging to the Egria has been picked up on the west coast. The section of the coast visited by the Egria is known as the "grave-yard of the Pacific."

BIG ELEVATOR BURNED.

Wapella, Ill., Feb. 8.—Fire today destroyed Green & Dowling's grain elevator. A heavy wind then spread the flames to the business district, which was almost wiped out, together with several dwellings. No casualties are reported. The loss is estimated at over $200,000.

PATIENT IS IMPROVING.

Roy Winebrenner, the smallpox patient, is improving slowly and if no unexpected complications arise it is believed that quarantine will be raised on the house the latter part of the week. The young man's father has been indisposed for a few days and it was feared that he would develop a case of smallpox, but it is now thought that his illness was merely a light attack of grip. The other members of the family enjoy good health, and the danger of incubation is believed to be past.

PROTEST TO THE PRESIDENT

AGAINST OBNOXIOUS WAYS OF CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

New York Board of Trade Presents Resolutions Showing the Abuses Practiced.

Washington, Feb. 8.—A committee representing the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, of New York City, composed of C. C. Shayne, president; Liston G. Ketchum and Alexander R. Smith, called on President Roosevelt today and presented resolutions passed by that body, on the 5th inst., regarding the personal baggage law. After reciting that their organization was instrumental in securing the personal baggage law and that its object was to protect merchants dealing in imported commodities, the resolutions state that:

"Whereas, In addition to the injury done such law-abiding merchants, the practice in vogue before the enactment of this law resulted in the loss of a considerable amount of revenue legitimately due the government, and,

"Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of the members of this association that unreasonable and obnoxious methods have been employed by inspectors at the docks in executing this law, resulting, as it has in some instances, to the great discomfort of tourists, now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, while fully approving the spirit and purpose of this law, do most emphatically protest against the conduct of the inspectors, complained of at the docks, in so far as they are obnoxious and unnecessarily harsh, and we urge upon the officials charged with the administration of this law the abatement of those obnoxious practices and declare ourselves to most heartily co-operate with any and every body joining in this protest."

RECENT ARRIVALS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James B. White, jr.—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Adams, of 165 Jackson street—a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Madden, of 64 Fourth street—a daughter.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Ella Sites, who has been visiting her uncle, H. M. Ramsay, of Houston, Texas, has returned home.

Miss Margaret Cunningham, a teacher at the Hamilton school, is quite ill at her home, on Masterson avenue.

Mr. Dowie, an employe of the Bass works, had his right hand crushed in some machinery this afternoon. Dr. King attended him.

Harry Meyer, of the Meyer Cycle company, who has been with the Great Western Manufacturing company for several months, will make his last trip in the interests of that firm next week.

Miss Nellie Frank, who has been dangerously ill, is improving slowly. Miss Frank's illness was caused by an overdose of cocaine, administered to her by a dentist.

Mrs. Bryson, of 30 Pine street, was very agreeably surprised Sunday evening, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. Music and games were enjoyed and at the close a sumptuous repast was served.

Miss Frankie Lehr entertained the J. E. club and their gentlemen friends at progressive pedro last evening, at her home on Cass street. Prizes were won by Miss Clara Fry, Miss Maud McBride, John Moring and Dr. Wallace.

Japan now possesses the heaviest and finest battleship afloat, the Mikasa, of 15,200 tons displacement.

ABANDONS A TRIP

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WILL NOT GO TO CHARLESTON.

HELD BY ILLNESS OF HIS SON

WILL HURRY TO GROTON IF A CRISIS OCCURS.

MRS. ROOSEVELT WITH BOY

REPORTS SAY HIS CONDITION IS NOT ALARMING.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The following statement was issued at the white house at noon today:

"The condition of the president's son is favorable. The doctors say that the president should not go to Charleston, as at any time within six days the disease may take a sudden turn for the worse. The president also is asked not to go to Groton, as his visit might excite the boy, who is not in immediate danger."

Owing to the request of the doctors, the president has abandoned his trip to Charleston.

Should a turn for the worse occur, the president is prepared to leave at a moment's notice, on a special train.

BOY'S MOTHER REACHES HIM.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt and maid reached here just after 10 o'clock today.

The Rev. Sherrard Billings, assistant to President Peabody, of the Groton school, was waiting with a carriage when the train arrived. Quite a crowd had guthered at Ayer, the nearest station to Groton, to see Mrs. Roosevelt, as it had been known that she would reach there by the early train, but there was no demonstration of any sort as the lady passed to the carriage. The drive of three miles to the school took about an hour, as the roads were hilly and rough from freezing.

At the school Mrs. Roosevelt was received by President Peabody and a few moments later was at her boy's bedside. Subsequently an attempt was made to obtain from Mrs. Roosevelt a statement for publication regarding the illness of young Theodore, but through President Peabody she declined to depart from the course approved by President Roosevelt. According to this plan all necessary information concerning the lad's condition will be transmitted to President Roosevelt, who will determine what news shall be given to the public.

MRS. ROOSEVELT IN BOSTON.

Boston, Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt, wife of the president, reached this city at 7 o'clock this morning, bound for Groton, Mass., where her son, Theodore, jr., is ill of pneumonia. She breakfasted at an up-town hotel and at 8 o'clock was on board the train at the North Union station which was to take her to Ayer, the nearest railway station to Groton.

WOULD SLAY COLLEGE HEADS.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 8.—Illiterate mountaineers known in this section of the country as "covites," who have depended for their living on doing the washing for the 600 students of the University of the South at Suwanee, have threatened to kill the officials of the institution and blow up the buildings with dynamite if the faculty erects a laundry, as is planned. One laundry was built, but within a week of its operation it was mysteriously burned down. About a week ago the faculty at a meeting decided to build another, and since then not a day has passed but letters written in semi-decipherable characters and ornamented with crude drawings of skulls and rifles have been received, threatening especially Vice Chancellor D. L. Wiggins and Steward R. L. Colmore. It has been found advisable for both to leave the district for a time. The people of the city of Tullahoma, which is close by, are in favor of the laundry and aver that they will protect it if the faculty will erect it in the city. The Covites are quite capable of any barbaric measure, being, though white, little more than half-civilized.

ENTERTAINED HIS EMPLOYES.

Samuel Wolf, of Wolf & Dessaurer's dry goods establishment, entertained the employes of his store in a most delightful manner in Standard hall last evening, in celebration of his approaching wedding. Cards were one of the attractions of the evening, prizes being won by Miss McGee, Mrs. Frank Hill, Gerhard Myers and Al Lyons. Following the card games an elegant course dinner was served, the toast in honor of the occasion being proposed by D. P. Swartz, of New York. Mr. Swartz added greatly to the pleasure of the evening by singing a number of songs and giving a reading. Al Lyons gave an apt toast in behalf of the employes and Mr. Wolf responded. After dinner dancing was enjoyed, the Misses Cohen furnishing music.

HAVE ABANDONED GAS.

Owing to the inability to properly heat the buildings in cold weather on account of scarcity of gas, the school board recently decided to abandon the use of gas altogether in the Lakeside and Clay schools, and furnaces have been altered so that coal can be used in them. The pupils were given a day's vacation while the furnaces were being overhauled.

BODY IN DISSECTING ROOM

MEDICAL COLLEGE GETS MORTIMER CHASE'S REMAINS.

Final Chapter in an Erratic Life—Young Man Was Polished Reader of Shakespeare.

Upon a slab in the dissecting room of the Fort Wayne College of Medicine lies the body of Mortimer Chase, the eccentric Grand Rapids young man who died a few days ago at the St. Joseph hospital, where he had been taken from the county jail.

Chase's relatives were unable to defray the expenses of a burial, and he was left to be interred at the county's expense. Friday evening the medical college made a formal demand in legal form upon Klaehn & Melching, the undertakers who had the body in charge, for the possession of the body and under the provisions of the law the remains were turned over to the college authorities to be used in the advancement of medical science.

Concerning Chase the Richmond Palladium says: "Mortimer Chase, who died at Fort Wayne, was well known here among a certain class as one of the best amateur reciters of Shakespearean work heard here for years. While in the city jail he interested the officers there greatly. His recital of John McCullough's ravings were really fine. The police say in regard to the supposition that he was connected with the livery stable fires that this was an impossibility. They traced his movements at that time so thoroughly that they are certain of this."

WANT MAIL OVER THE WABASH

MAYSVILLE CITIZENS ARE OUT WITH A PETITION.

Ask That Star Route From Fort Wayne Be Abolished—Chance for New Rural Carriers.

Citizens of Maysville, who have for many years been receiving their mail by a star route overland from Fort Wayne once daily, want a better mail service and since the opening of the new Wabash line the desire has found expression in a numerously signed petition which is to be forwarded to the second assistant postmaster general.

The document sets forth that Maysville could be given two mails a day from Grabill station, on the new railroad line, instead of the one delivery now made by hack line from Fort Wayne, and it asks the postal authorities to take the matter under immediate consideration.

CARRIER RESIGNS.

E. B. Bowser, carrier on rural free delivery route No. 8 out of this city, has tendered his resignation. The postoffice department has issued an order placing the rural delivery under civil service rules and all who aspire to a position of this kind are invited to file their names with Postmaster Page and be prepared to take a civil service examination within a short time. The examination is said to be very simple and consists only of reading and writing. A special agent of the postoffice department will arrive in Fort Wayne within a short time to conduct the examination of applicants.

ICE GORGES THE OHIO.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 8.—Navigation was entirely suspended on the upper Ohio river today, owing to the heavy ice at Cattletsburg and Portsmouth.

Harry McCrea, of Wabash, is in the city.

TRACTION MERGER

A GIGANTIC CONSOLIDATION NOW FORMING.

INCLUDES ALL CHICAGO LINES

ELEVATED ROADS TO BE TAKEN IN THE DEAL.

SCOPE OF COMBINE IS WIDE

INTERESTS OF SEVERAL BIG CITIES TO BE MERGED.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The consolidation of the principal traction interests of Chicago—and possibly the elevated roads—is the object of negotiations now in progress here and in New York, says the Inter Ocean. Furthermore, it is possible, it is said, that this is but a preliminary step to the merging of the traction lines of five or more of the principal cities of the country into one great combination, probably the corporation reported to be in progress of formation in New York.

The local combination and the giant national concern are being planned, says the Inter Ocean, by the Whitney-Elkins-Widener-Ryan syndicate, of New York and Philadelphia capitalists, with the aid of J. Pierpont Morgan. E. H. Gary, who is now in Chicago, is believed to have charge of the local deal.

President John M. Roach, of the Chicago Union Traction company, General Counsel W. W. Gurley and James H. Eckels, a director, all have been in New York recently, it is said, in consultation with the heads of the Whitney-Widener-Elkins syndicate regarding the state of local traction affairs.

There has been a mutual interchange of stock between certain of the New York and Chicago banking interests, it is said, that would be relied on by Mr. Morgan in financing the colossal deal.

Another circumstance, which has been the subject of gossip, is the offer which the Widener-Elkins syndicate is known to have made to the Cleveland banks for the big consolidated system of electric railways owned by the Everett-Moore people in Cleveland. It is reported also that the same syndicate has made negotiations for the purchase of the principal Detroit street railways.

ROBBED AND MURDERED.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 8.—Noah Long, an aged stonemason, living in Argentine, Kas., just across the river from here, mysteriously disappeared from his home a week ago. The day before he had drawn $210, pension money, from a savings deposit bank. Today a woman named Rhoda Taylor made a written confession to the police that Long had been robbed and thrown into the Kaw river. She declares that Henry Donohue, James Goff, Long and herself were together at Donohue's house in the evening and that later the men robbed Long and threw him into the river. Donohue, Goff and the woman have been arrested and the police are endeavoring to drag the ice-covered river. Dave Moran, a nephew of the missing man, has also been arrested, but the charge is not stated. Last night Moran attempted suicide by cutting an artery in his wrist.

MILK WAGON WRECKED.

A milk wagon belonging to Willard Fairfield, the dairyman, was completely wrecked in a runaway on Fairfield avenue this morning. Mr. Fairfield left the team hitched in front of a residence near the Wabash tracks when the animals became frightened at a train and started to run north. They collided with a post and the wagon was reduced to kindling wood. This is the third time the team has run away and Mr. Fairfield has concluded to invest in another team.

THERE ARE NO PATHS.

Complaint reaches The Sentinel from numerous quarters of the failure of the board of works to have paths shoveled to the well at Swinney park. A great many people who depend on the well for their daily supply of drinking water have been greatly inconvenienced since the last fall of snow, as they have to walk in the road and are constantly in danger of being run down by teams.

INITIATED BIG CLASS.

Howard council No. 246, Royal Arcanum, initiated a class of ten last evening, bringing its membership up to 330. After the regular lodge work members indulged in a social session.

Borrow From Us
WE LOAN MONEY.

Perhaps you do not know just how to get or where to go for a little money. This partially explains.

We make loans of $10, $20, $30, $50, $100 on furniture, pianos, horses and buggies, wagons, etc.

Everything left in your possession and you have the use of the money and property. We give you from 1 to 18 months to pay the money back and the payments are so small you scarcely notice it. All our dealings private and confidential. Our manner of doing business fully explained if you will call at the office.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.
Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9.

IS IT ALL RIGHT?

That question is satisfactorily answered as to anything requiring the use of flour. You will permit us to say that no better flour than the Silver Dollar and Hungarian Process can be found in this broad land. What we want is your approval of our high grade flour. Ask your grocers or at the City Mills.

C. Tresselt & Sons,

M. J. LORDIER,

Sanitary Plumber and Gas Fitter.

35 BAKER STREET.

Home Phone 1593 Main....

THE TAX LAWS OF INDIANA

ATTORNEY GENERAL TAYLOR PRAISES THEM.

Points Out That With Half the Wealth and Lower Assessment We Get More That Illinois.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—Attorney General Taylor was one of the attractions at the meeting of the state tax board yesterday. He delivered an address on "Omitted Property and Delinquent Taxes." He said that Indiana had the best tax law in the union, and that taxable property here was more generally reached than that of any other state.

Drawing a comparison between Indiana and Illinois, he said:

"Although Illinois has 50 per cent. more miles of railroad within the state than there are in Indiana, yet the total assessment on railroads in Indiana is about twice that of Illinois. You will further observe that although the wealth of Illinois is vastly greater than the aggregate wealth of Indiana, yet the total assessment on property is 40 per cent. above that of Illinois.

"You say at once that our property is assessed too high and that there certainly is no omitted property in Indiana. Neither of these conclusions follow, for in Indiana the tax levy is low, while in Illinois it is very high. The total assessed value of property in Indiana in 1901 was in round numbers $1,400,000,000, while in Illinois it was only $1,000,000,000.

"In some towns of Illinois the tax levy is as high as thirteen cents on the dollar. The utter confusion now existing in the tax laws of Illinois is proof of their inadequacy. The fundamental principle of the Indiana law is that property shall be assessed at its fair cash value."

CLEAR MINDS WITH POISON.

Beloit, Wis., Feb. 8.—Students at Beloit college have been in the habit of using drugs to aid them in passing examinations. Many confessed today that they had used one-thirtieth of a grain of arsenic before each examination to keep their minds bright. Port wine is also much used. An almost empty bottle of wine dropped on the floor of the physics examination-room to the astonishment of everyone recently. The latest examination closed Thursday. None of the members of the faculty would admit that the students used drugs or stimulants. All the professors were inclined to treat the whole matter as a joke.

MUST PAY THE COSTS.

Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 8—"Not guilty, but pay the costs," is the finding of the jury in the libel case brought by Frank G. Harris, state treasurer-elect, against P. Gray Meek, editor of the Bellefonte Democratic Watchman. The charge made by Mr. Harris against Mr. Meek was criminal libel. The suit was based on a publication in Mr. Meek's paper reflecting on Mr. Harris during the recent state campaign. The costs amounted to about $1,000. The case attracted widespread interest in political circles throughout the state and almost every prominent politician and officeholder in the state was subpoenaed as witnesses.

AGREE ON MINING SCALE.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—The coal miners and operators, in joint conference last night, reached an agreement. Last year's scale is reaffirmed without change.

The WABASH now has three through trains to Detroit, Buffalo and New York without change. Service the very best. Sleepers, Dining Cars, Reclining Chair Cars (seats free). Telephone No. 6. 4t10

Avoid tan, smarting, rough, red skin by applying Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder before exposure to wind or cold. 25c. Rurode's. sat

THE NEWS OF THE POLICE

MR. QUINN A QUICK-ACTION REPEATER.

His Jags Bloom as Regularly as the Monthly Rose—Ordered From the City.

Thomas Quinn got out of jail yesterday morning and was lodged in the calaboose again last night with the same old complaint. Thomas came to town three weeks ago from the New Haven-Butler railroad job and having a few dollars, proceeded to get immensely drunk. He was locked up, but next day at police court made such a telling speech that Judge Louttit discharged him from custody. Four hours later he was locked up again drunker than ever, and the next morning the judge handed him over to the sheriff for twenty-one days. Yesterday morning Thomas got out and immediately struck a job which paid him sixty cents, and with that sixty he again proceeded to make Rome howl and with splendid success. This morning the judge told him that he had just an even hour to get out of town and that if he was found anywhere within the city limits after the expiration of an hour he should be brought back and locked up and he would then fix him so that he would not get drunk again until some time next summer. Thomas was very thankful and said he'd make the time if he had to hire a hack.

There was trouble at Ed Keever's place on Columbia street last night, which was serious enough to occasion a police call. An obstreperous customer refused to dance to the music properly whereupon Keever undertook to eject him. He wasn't of the ejecting sort and soon had Keever and his brother, who came to his rescue, laid out on the floor Keever then called the police station, whereupon the fellow left, and when Sergeant Harkenrider appeared there was nothing to show for the scrap except a badly wrecked shirt worn by Keever; no arrests.

Mrs. Charles Goodman reported to the police department that she had lost a package of dress goods on the street.

Miss Lizzie Lauer yesterday delivered to the police station a raglan coat, which some one exchanged for a coat of similar pattern while attending the firemen's dance at New Haven Thursday night. Miss Lauer is satisfied the exchange was accidental.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

Work on the South Wayne sewer has been suspended during the past ten days on account of the severity of the weather. The contractors say that it is not advisable to attempt to do bricklaying when the temperature gets as low as 20 degrees.

There have been no developments in the Winebrenner family, at 27 Hanna street, where a case of smallpox was reported two weeks ago today. The other members of the family have all been vaccinated and the virus "took" in each case. The period of natural incubation expired today and the fact that there are no symptoms of the disease among other members is quite gratifying to Health Commissioner Macbeth, who does not believe that there will be any new cases in the family, although the contingency is not yet entirely removed.

A piece of virgin gold weighing 82.18 ounces troy was put in the melting pot of the United States assay office at Helena, Mont., negotiations for its preservation in nugget form having failed because of the impossibility of an exact assay.

FIRECE STORMS IN BRITAIN.

London, Feb. 8.—Snow storms and fogs envelope practically the entire United Kingdom. The weather is the most severe known in twenty years. For a time this morning London was enveloped in darkness, traffic was interrupted and navigation on the Thames and Mersey was very dangerous. The unprecedented snowfall necessitated the suspension of outdoor work in many districts, and vehicular and railroad traffic were carried on with the greatest difficulty. In parts of Scotland and Wales communications were entirely blocked.

BENEFIT FOR MISS COHEN.

Mrs. Clara Zollars-Bond will give a benefit concert in the Masonic Temple next month for Miss Leah Cohen, organist at the Jewish temple. The concert will be given Tuesday evening, March 18, and it will be one of the musical events of the year. Miss Cohen is a musician of considerable ability, and she will leave in the spring to take a course in music in Cleveland, O.

SPECIAL MUSICAL PROGRAM.

In conenction with the evening services at Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow evening, a special musical program will be rendered and the program is as follows:

Anthem—"A Song in the Night".. ....Quartet
Solo—Selected..... D. F. Urbahns
Trio—"On Thee Each Living Soul Awaken"..From "The Creation"
Solo—"Song of Triumph" .... Miss Alice Geiseking
Solo—Selected.... .... Miss Elizabeth Summers

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents. 12-23-w6t-3m

Dr. Eric Crull and Dr. Rink are in Chicago on business..

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Frazier gave a progressive pedro party last evening.

E. P. BANNING, M. D.
Diseases of the Spine.
181 CLINTON STREET.
Consultation only at the request of the attending physician or and by appointment.

Business - Directory

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital, $200,000. Surplus $250,000
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
SURPLUS, $50,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,
No. 24 West Wayne Street,
....Fort Wayne, Ind.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 39 West Main Street.
Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

LAWYER.
ABSTRACTER OF TITLES.
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.
James E. Graham,
Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Stenographer and Notary Public in office. Phone 615 Main.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Gigantic Special Sale of Granite Enamel Ware

Commencing Monday Morning, February 10th.

100 Cases of Granite Enamel Ware purchased at the recent New York Auction at about half their real value, will be placed on SPECIAL SALE, MONDAY MORNING, at prices so low that it hardly covers the cost of manufacture. The display in our west show window only partially conveys the magnitude of the assortment to be seen on our THIRD FLOOR. Below is a partial list of goods and prices, but we would advise you to come in and see them, whether you wish to buy or not, as the immensity of this assortment is such as has never before been seen in this locality.

WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY
FOR 5c EACH: EGG PANS, CAKE TURNERS, STRAINERS, ETC., ETC.	FOR 10c EACH: BAKE PANS, LIP KETTLES, SLOT SPOONS, DIPPERS, SOAP DISHES, EGG PANS, DRINKING CUPS, FUNNELS, PIE OR PUDDING PANS, CAKE AND JELLY MOLDS	FOR 15c EACH: BAKING PANS, LADLES, STRAINERS, WASH BOWLS, KETTLES, OVAL BAKE PANS, FUNNELS, SQUARE BAKERS, PUDDING PANS, LARGE CAKE MOLDS, LARGE JELLY MOLDS, GROCERS' SCOOPS	FOR 19c EACH: SAUCE PANS, PRESERVING KETTLES, DIPPERS, GRAVY STRAINERS, KETTLES FOR PRESERVING, CONVEX SAUCE PANS, CONVEX KETTLES, WATER BUCKETS, OVAL BAKE PANS, LARGE PUDDING DISHES, MILK CANS, GROCERS' SCOOPS	FOR 25c EACH: FRYING PANS, STEAMERS, LARGE SAUCE PANS, COLANDERS, FLARING PAILS, MIXING BOWLS, LARGE OVAL BAKE PANS, DEEP BREAD PANS, DUST PANS, MUFFIN PANS, SAUCE PANS, GRAVY STRAINERS, TEA STEEPERS, MILK CANS
WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY	WHAT YOU CAN BUY
FOR 31c EACH: BLUE ENAMEL KETTLES, TEA POTS, STEW KETTLES, BUCKETS, LARGE OVAL PANS, FRYING PANS, PRESERVING KETTLES	FOR 39c EACH: STOVE PANS, MIXING BOWLS, WASH BASINS, FRYING PANS, MUFFIN PANS, PUDDING PANS, TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, PRESERVING KETTLES, SAUCE PANS, STEWING PANS, BUCKETS—ALL SIZES, STEAMERS	FOR 50c EACH: COFFEE POTS, BUCKETS, OATMEAL STEAMERS, LARGE STEAMERS, CONVEX KETTLES, COLANDERS, COOKING KETTLES, SAUCE PANS, BAKING PANS, PRESERVING KETTLES	FOR 69c AND 75c EACH: DISH PANS, LARGE BUCKETS, SLOP BUCKETS, PICNIC COFFEE POTS, TEA KETTLES, STEW KETTLES, BUCKETS, PRESERVE KETTLES, LARGE 2-PIECE STEAMERS	FOR 98c AND $1.39 EACH: TEA KETTLES, STEW PANS—LARGE, 2-PIECE STEAMERS—LARGE, FOOT BATHS, LARGE SLOP JARS, AND HUNDREDS OF OTHER ARTICLES

To Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers, Restaurant Keepers, Caterers, Grocerymen, etc

This is a most unusual opportunity for Hotel Keepers, Restaurant Keepers, Boarding House Keepers, etc., to procure useful culinary articles and pieces that are so hard to find in an ordinary store. We have every conceivable piece and shape that is made, and all will be sold at half their usual prices. It's a Sale of GRANITE WARE that certainly commands the attention of every thrifty buyer.

Sale Commences Monday Morning, February 10th, On Our Third Floor.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

Borrow From Us
WE LOAN MONEY.

Perhaps you do not know just how to get or where to go for a little money. This partially explains.

We make loans of $10, $20, $30, $50, $100 on furniture, pianos, horses and buggies, wagons, etc.

Everything left in your possession and you have the use of the money and property. We give you from 1 to 12 months to pay the money back and the payments are so small you scarcely notice it. All our dealings private and confidential. Our manner of doing business fully explained if you will call at the office.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.
Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9.

IS IT ALL RIGHT?

That question is satisfactorily answered as to anything requiring the use of flour. You will permit us to say that no better flour than the Silver Dollar and Hungarian Process can be found in this broad land. What we want is your approval of our high grade flour. Ask your grocers or at the City Mills.

C. Tresselt & Sons,

M. J. LORDIER,
Sanitary Plumber and Gas Fitter.
35 BAKER STREET.
Home Phone 1593 Main....

THE TAX LAWS OF INDIANA

ATTORNEY GENERAL TAYLOR PRAISES THEM.

Points Out That With Half the Wealth and Lower Assessment We Get More That Illinois.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—Attorney General Taylor was one of the attractions at the meeting of the state tax board yesterday. He delivered an address on "Omitted Property and Delinquent Taxes." He said that Indiana had the best tax law in the union, and that taxable property here was more generally reached than that of any other state.

Drawing a comparison between Indiana and Illinois, he said:

"Although Illinois has 50 per cent. more miles of railroad within the state than there are in Indiana, yet the total assessment on railroads in Indiana is about twice that of Illinois. You will further observe that although the wealth of Illinois is vastly greater than the aggregate wealth of Indiana, yet the total assessment on property is 40 per cent. above that of Illinois.

"You say at once that our property is assessed too high and that there certainly is no omitted property in Indiana. Neither of these conclusions follow, for in Indiana the tax levy is low, while in Illinois it is very high. The total assessed value of property in Indiana in 1901 was in round numbers $1,400,000,000, while in Illinois it was only $1,000,000,000.

"In some towns of Illinois the tax levy is as high as thirteen cents on the dollar. The utter confusion now existing in the tax laws of Illinois is proof of their inadequacy. The fundamental principle of the Indiana law is that property shall be assessed at its fair cash value."

CLEAR MINDS WITH POISON.

Beloit, Wis., Feb. 8.—Students at Beloit college have been in the habit of using drugs to aid them in passing examinations. Many confessed today that they had used one-thirtieth of a grain of arsenic before each examination to keep their minds bright. Port wine is also much used. An almost empty bottle of wine dropped on the floor of the physics examination-room to the astonishment of everyone recently. The latest examination closed Thursday. None of the members of the faculty would admit that the students used drugs or stimulants. All the professors were inclined to treat the whole matter as a joke.

MUST PAY THE COSTS.

Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 8—"Not guilty, but pay the costs," is the finding of the jury in the libel case brought by Frank G. Harris, state treasurer-elect, against P. Gray Meek, editor of the Bellefonte Democratic Watchman. The charge made by Mr. Harris against Mr. Meek was criminal libel. The suit was based on a publication in Mr. Meek's paper reflecting on Mr. Harris during the recent state campaign. The costs amounted to about $1,000. The case attracted widespread interest in political circles throughout the state and almost every prominent politician and officeholder in the state was subpoenaed as witnesses.

AGREE ON MINING SCALE.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—The coal miners and operators, in joint conference last night, reached an agreement. Last year's scale is reaffirmed without change.

The WABASH now has three through trains to Detroit, Buffalo and New York without change. Service the very best. Sleepers, Dining Cars, Reclining Chair Cars (seats free). Telephone No. 6. 4t10

Avoid tan, smarting, rough, red skin by applying Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder before exposure to wind or cold. 25c. Rurode's. sat

THE NEWS OF THE POLICE

MR. QUINN A QUICK-ACTION REPEATER.

His Jags Bloom as Regularly as the Monthly Rose—Ordered From the City.

Thomas Quinn got out of jail yesterday morning and was lodged in the calaboose again last night with the same old complaint. Thomas came to town three weeks ago from the New Haven-Butler railroad job and having a few dollars, proceeded to get immensely drunk. He was locked up, but next day at police court made such a telling speech that Judge Louttit discharged him from custody. Four hours later he was locked up again drunker than ever, and the next morning the judge handed him over to the sheriff for twenty-one days. Yesterday morning Thomas got out and immediately struck a job which paid him sixty cents, and with that sixty he again proceeded to make Rome howl and with splendid success. This morning the judge told him that he had just an even hour to get out of town and that if he was found anywhere within the city limits after the expiration of an hour he should be brought back and locked up and he would then fix him so that he would not get drunk again until some time next summer. Thomas was very thankful and said he'd make the time if he had to hire a hack.

There was trouble at Ed Keever's place on Columbia street last night, which was serious enough to occasion a police call. An obstreperous customer refused to dance to the music properly whereupon Keever undertook to eject him. He wasn't of the ejecting sort and soon had Keever and his brother, who came to his rescue, laid out on the floor. Keever then called the police station, whereupon the fellow left, and when Sergeant Harkenrider appeared there was nothing to show for the scrap except a badly wrecked shirt worn by Keever; no arrests.

Mrs. Charles Goodman reported to the police department that she had lost a package of dress goods on the street.

Miss Lizzie Lauer yesterday delivered to the police station a raglan coat, which some one exchanged for a coat of similar pattern while attending the firemen's dance at New Haven Thursday night. Miss Lauer is satisfied the exchange was accidental.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

Work on the South Wayne sewer has been suspended during the past ten days on account of the severity of the weather. The contractors say that it is not advisable to attempt to do bricklaying when the temperature gets as low as 20 degrees.

There have been no developments in the Winebrenner family, at 27 Hanna street, where a case of smallpox was reported two weeks ago today. The other members of the family have all been vaccinated and the virus "took" in each case. The period of natural incubation expired today and the fact that there are no symptoms of the disease among other members is quite gratifying to Health Commissioner Macbeth, who does not believe that there will be any new cases in the family, although the contingency is not yet entirely removed.

A piece of virgin gold weighing 82.16 ounces troy was put in the melting pot of the United States assay office at Helena, Mont., negotiations for its preservation in nugget form having failed because of the impossibility of an exact assay.

FIRECE STORMS IN BRITAIN.

London, Feb. 8.—Snow storms and fogs envelope practically the entire United Kingdom. The weather is the most severe known in twenty years. For a time this morning London was enveloped in darkness, traffic was interrupted and navigation on the Thames and Mersey was very dangerous. The unprecedented snowfall necessitated the suspension of outdoor work in many districts, and vehicular and railroad traffic were carried on with the greatest difficulty. In parts of Scotland and Wales communications were entirely blocked.

BENEFIT FOR MISS COHEN.

Mrs. Clara Zollars-Bond will give a benefit concert in the Masonic Temple next month for Miss Leah Cohen, organist at the Jewish temple. The concert will be given Tuesday evening, March 18, and it will be one of the musical events of the year. Miss Cohen is a musician of considerable ability, and she will leave in the spring to take a course in music in Cleveland, O.

SPECIAL MUSICAL PROGRAM.

In connection with the evening services at Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow evening, a special musical program will be rendered and the program is as follows:

Anthem—"A Song in the Night"..
..... Quartet
Solo—Selected..... D. F. Urbahns
Trio—"On Thee Each Living Soul Awaken"..From "The Creation"
Solo—"Song of Triumph" .....
..... Miss Alice Geiseking
Solo—Selected.... .....
..... Miss Elizabeth Summers

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents.
12-28-w&S-2m

Dr. Eric Crull and Dr. Rink are in Chicago on business..

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Frazier gave a progressive pedro party last evening.

E. P. BANNING, M. D.
Diseases of the Spine.
181 CLINTON STREET.
Consultation only at the request of the attending physician or and by appointment.

Business - Directory

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital, $200,000. Surplus $250,000
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
SURPLUS, $80,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,
No. 24 West Wayne Street,
....Fort Wayne, Ind.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 39 West Main Street.
Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

LAWYER.
ABSTRACTER OF TITLES.
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.
James E. Graham,
Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Stenographer and Notary Public in office. Phone 615 Main.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Gigantic Special Sale of Granite Enamel Ware

Commencing Monday Morning, February 10th.

100 Cases of Granite Enamel Ware purchased at the recent New York Auction at about half their real value, will be placed on SPECIAL SALE, MONDAY MORNING, at prices so low that it hardly covers the cost of manufacture. The display in our west show window only partially conveys the magnitude of the assortment to be seen on our THIRD FLOOR. Below is a partial list of goods and prices, but we would advise you to come in and see them, whether you wish to buy or not, as the immensity of this assortment is such as has never before been seen in this locality.

WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 5c EACH	WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 10c EACH	WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 15c EACH	WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 19c EACH	WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 25c EACH
EGG PANS CAKE TURNERS STRAINERS ETC., ETC.	BAKE PANS LIP KETTLES SLOT SPOONS DIPPERS SOAP DISHES EGG PANS DRINKING CUPS FUNNELS PIE OR PUDDING PANS CAKE AND JELLY MOLDS	BAKING PANS LADLES STRAINERS WASH BOWLS KETTLES OVAL BAKE PANS FUNNELS SQUARE BAKERS PUDDING PANS LARGE CAKE MOLDS LARGE JELLY MOLDS GROCERS' SCOOPS	SAUCE PANS PRESERVING KETTLES DIPPERS GRAVY STRAINERS KETTLES FOR PRESERVING CONVEX SAUCE PANS CONVEX KETTLES WATER BUCKETS OVAL BAKE PANS LARGE PUDDING DISHES MILK CANS GROCERS' SCOOPS	FRYING PANS STEAMERS LARGE SAUCE PANS COLANDERS FLARING PAILS MIXING BOWLS LARGE OVAL BAKE PANS DEEP BREAD PANS DUST PANS MUFFIN PANS SAUCE PANS GRAVY STRAINERS TEA STEEPERS MILK CANS
WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 31c EACH	**WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 39c EACH**	**WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 50c EACH**	**WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 69c AND 75c EACH**	**WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR 98c AND $1.39 EACH**
BLUE ENAMEL KETTLES TEA POTS STEW KETTLES BUCKETS LARGE OVAL PANS FRYING PANS PRESERVING KETTLES	STOVE PANS MIXING BOWLS WASH BASINS FRYING PANS MUFFIN PANS PUDDING PANS TEA POTS COFFEE POTS PRESERVING KETTLES SAUCE PANS STEWING PANS BUCKETS—ALL SIZES STEAMERS	COFFEE POTS BUCKETS OATMEAL STEAMERS LARGE STEAMERS CONVEX KETTLES COLANDERS COOKING KETTLES SAUCE PANS BAKING PANS PRESERVING KETTLES	DISH PANS LARGE BUCKETS SLOP BUCKETS PICNIC COFFEE POTS TEA KETTLES STEW KETTLES BUCKETS PRESERVE KETTLES LARGE 2-PIECE STEAMERS	TEA KETTLES STEW PANS—LARGE 2-PIECE STEAMERS—LARGE FOOT BATHS LARGE SLOP JARS AND HUNDREDS OF OTHER ARTICLES

To Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers, Restaurant Keepers, Caterers, Grocerymen, etc

This is a most unusual opportunity for Hotel Keepers, Restaurant Keepers, Boarding House Keepers, etc., to procure useful culinary articles and pieces that are so hard to find in an ordinary store. We have every conceivable piece and shape that is made, and all will be sold at half their usual prices. It's a Sale of GRANITE WARE that certainly commands the attention of every thrifty buyer.

Sale Commences Monday Morning, February 10th, On Our Third Floor.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

TO THE MAN WHO THINKS.

LOOK yourself squarely in the face and see if you are not half ashamed to be without Ivory Soap in your house. Worse than this, your wife is without it. It is bad enough for a man, though a man often doesn't care how his comfort is mis-spelled. But a woman misses all these little helps to housekeeping. And Ivory Soap is one; its great potency makes it actually cheaper than yellow soap for general work. It floats.

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ROAD IS TO COME THROUGH.

(Bluffton News.)

L. J. Schlessinger, chief engineer of the Muncie, Hartford City and Fort Wayne interurban line, was in the city today attending to some business in connection with securing right of way. He stated that he had heard nothing of the road stopping at Montpelier, but on the contrary everything possible is being done to extend the road to Fort Wayne. A number of farmers have given them right of way between here and Montpelier and other farmers are considering propositions made them.

VIOLIN 300 YEARS OLD.

Sullivan, Ind., Feb. 8.—Following the finding of the Cremona violin bearing the name Stradivarius and date of 1727, owned by County Commissioner Waley Gambill, H. G. McClung, of Sullivan, comes forward with one more than 300 years old, bearing the date of 1601 and made by Batta Ruggeri at Mantua.

"ALL WRIGHT—FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"

PEERY'S DEAD SHOT VERMIFUGE WILL ERADICATE WORMS FROM THE HUMAN BODY.

20 cts PER VIAL

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York

"My Rheumatism was Cured by using Dr. Menard's Rheumatic Bullets and I have no further use for crutches." Thousands of equally strong testimonials. 3 to 6 weeks' treatment $1.00. Cure guaranteed or money refunded. At leading druggists, or sent prepaid by Rheumatic Bullet Co., Lake & Clark Sts., Chicago. One Week's Treatment Free.

W. H. JOHNSTON

OSTEOPATH

Has moved to his new location, office rooms 24, 25, 26 Bass block, over First National Bank. Has practiced over two years in Fort Wayne and can give the best references. Licensed by the Indiana State Medical board and registered to treat acute and chronic diseases. The only graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., practicing in this city and immediate vicinity. Examination free Tuesday and Friday p. m. Home Phone. Office 1529, residence 1654. dec4-tf

Money Advanced, Salaried People.

The fact that you earn a regular salary and hold a permanent position with a good concern is sufficient inducement for us to advance you money. We will make you a loan on your own note without an endorser. Private and confidential.

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

MONEY TO LOAN

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.
Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

Money to Loan.
—AT—
FIVE PER CENT.
ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.
C. E. FITCH.
65 CLINTON ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.
MRS. DR. BEATTIE,
THE FAMOUS ENGLISH CLAIRVOYANT, PALMIST AND CARD READER.
Office and Residence,
63 WEST JEFFERSON STREET.

Call and consult her. Don't stumble on with sad luck and an aching heart when matters can be set right for you. She breaks evil influence, tells sick people what is their real trouble. Never fails on matters of law, lost affection, love, luck, marriage, divorce, lost articles, missing treasures; who is your friend, enemy, lover or rival. Full satisfaction guaranteed. Office hours 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Phone 1278 Main. 14-tf

LOCAL LINES.

Contractor John Suelzer is in Chicago on business.

E. Offord, of Cleveland, O., is in the city on business.

Miss Anna Zweigel, of Chicago, is visiting friends in the city.

The Delta Sigma Nu fraternity will give a sleighing party this evening.

Mrs. Julia Freeman is entertaining her niece, Miss French, of Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gilmartin will be at home at 27 Broadway after April 1st.

The Jamais Arrierre club will be entertained Monday evening by Mrs. John McKean.

Messrs. Walter Barrett and Howard Pierce are home from Ann Arbor for a few days.

John Sollberger, of this city, has purchased property at Woodburn and will embark in business there.

Miss Emma Thieme gave a sleighing party Thursday night, followed by a social hour at her home.

Miss Louise Greenwell has returned home to Huntertown after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hunter.

C. S. Smith, of Auburn, was in the city yesterday arranging with Architect Stock for plans for a new house.

Mrs. Fred Van Dusen entertained informally yesterday afternoon for her sister, Mrs. Mary Smith, of Erie, Pa.

The Luther society of St. John's Lutheran church will give a box social in the school hall next Tuesday evening.

Miss Alma Schneider and Miss Christine Reinking will give a sleighing party to Berghorn's farm Sunday evening.

Richard Allen, of East Wayne street, suffered an injury to his hip in a fall in front of the Granneman drug store yesterday.

Dr. W. C. Caffee, of Huntington, was in the city yesterday, called here in attendance on Mrs. W. F. Bryson, of 188 Ewing street, who is seriously ill.

John and Miss Ida Oberle, of 2212 Thomas street, entertained the members of the Score club Thursday evening. Luncheon was served at a late hour.

Miss Carrie Rothschild is visiting in Indianapolis, where she acted as bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Blanche Keiffer and Dr. Alfred Sydenham.

The Riverside Land company elected the following directors yesterday: J. W. White, John Ferguson, J. H. Bass, Charles McCulloch and F. W. Antrup.

Robert Aultman, of Greensburg, has returned home after a business visit here. Mr. Aultman intends to locate in this city in the commission business.

The Misses Cartwright have invited a company of friends to a sleighing party Monday evening The ride will be followed by supper and pedro at the home of the young ladies.

Miss Emma Thieme very pleasantly entertained the young ladies of the Davis Medical company, together with their friends, who congregated at her home after enjoying a sleighride about the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Reul charmingly entertained a few friends last evening in honor of Miss Pauline Martens, of Indianapolis. Miss Martens is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. F. Greater and has just returned from a trip to India.

Warren News: Allen and Huntington counties will engage in a shooting contest for the championship of the two counties. The contest will take place in Fort Wayne Saturday, Feb. 22. Five men teams will take part in the contest.

Miss May Eickhoff entertained the F. G. club at pedro last evening. Prizes were won by Miss Nellie Danehy and Ed. Poole, and the consolations were awarded to Miss Clara Rauner and Will Honeck. A three course supper was served after the games.

Sam Wolf gave a card party and banquet in the Standard club last evening in honor of his approaching wedding, the guests being the employes of his store. The rooms were prettily decorated and Caterer Hanna served a delicious course supper. Covers were laid for fifty guests.

About sixty couples attended the dance given in the Mulqueen dancing academy last evening by the junior class of the high school for the seniors. Music for the dancing was furnished by Will Young, and those who did not dance played cards in the reception rooms. Fruit punch and sandwiches were served as refreshment. Prof. and Mrs. C. T. Lane and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bond were chaperones.

Last evening, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carter, was organized a new social club. Mrs. Harry Doswell was elected president and Mrs. V. G. Lamb secretary and treasurer. Mrs. H. L. Reed, Mrs. Daniel Grub and Mrs. J. M. Jackson were appointed a committee to form by-laws and select a name for the organization. It was decided to hold meetings every two weeks on Friday evenings. The members are Messrs. and Mesdames Carter, Reed, Doswell, Lamb, Adams, Grub and Jackson.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts

By the new WABASH passenger service through sleepers, coaches and chair cars (seats free) are operated between Fort Wayne and New York, Buffalo, Scranton, Rochester, Utica, Syracuse and St. Louis and Kansas City. Meals in dining cars a la carte. 4t10

GIRLS WANTED.

Steady employment for good workers. Apply Hoosier Mfg Co. 4-eod-tf

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Monday.

COMBS.

Endless varieties, real and imitation shell back combs, side combs, dressing combs, etc. Rodenbeck's, 124 Calhoun street, Lau Block. 10-16-tf.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c at Burode's.

IF A LADY

Wears a suit or jacket made by Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 E. Berry street, she is sure that the fit is perfect. 27tf

When going to New York take the WABASH "Continental Limited." A fine train for fine travel. Through sleepers, through dining cars. Leaves every day at 4:39 p. m. 4t10

Mr. and Mrs. August Becker, of West Williams street, gave a dinner Thursday evening in honor of Rev. Heise, of Birmingham, Ala., who is the guest of his fiance, Miss Clara Baumgardt.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepartd in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's today. 10 cts. 12-20-2m

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

Doctors

Consult your doctor. If he says, "Take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your cough," then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing. Physicians have been our friends for 60 years.

"For five years I suffered with bronchitis. A few weeks ago I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and only two bottles entirely cured me."
Daniel B. Lipps, Alta, W. Va.

25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE COUNTY FUNDS.

The county commissioners were today engaged in checking up the accounts of County Treasurer Rohar and counting the money and accounts he has on hand. The commissioners will then make a tabulated statement of the receipts and disbursments during 1901 and have the statement printed in convenient form for general distribution. It was found that there was on the 31st of last December the sum of $195,040.23 in cash in the county treasury, distributed among some sixty different funds. A brief recapitulation of the commissioners report follows:

—General Statement.—

Cash in treasury, Jan. 1, 1901		$ 206,855 82
Treasurer's receipts		1,039,952 27
Total charges		1,246,808 10
Disbursements		$1,051,236 94
County orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	616 82	
Overcharge orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	167 09	
Refunding orders, Jan. 1, 1901	3 27	
General graved road orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	19 55	
	1,052,043 67	
Balance on hand as per auditor's ledger Dec. 31, 1901	194,764 48	
County orders afloat same date	107 17	
Overcharge orders afloat	145 81	
Gravel road orders afloat	19 55	
Refunding orders afloat	3 27	
Cash in treasury	195,040 28	

FORMER GAMBLER DYING.

Denver, Col., Feb. 8.—Alone in a little room, furnished by friends, at the Brunswick hotel, Dyer S. Smith, once the "king gambler" of the west, is dying. Within the last two years Smith lost, and diseases had fastened on him. He came to Colorado a sufferer from diabetes, and his death is hourly expected. Twenty years ago Dyer Smith was the best known name among the gambling fraternity from New York to San Francisco. It was in Chicago that he made his greatest winnings. He broke more banks and gambling houses than anyone else. He was well known by every police captain and detective in Chicago. Smith frequently came through Denver, but stopped here only a short time and played very little.

TURNED IN AN ALARM.

An excited individual last evening saw smoke coming from the rear of the S. Bash warehouse, on West Columbia street, and excusably thought there was a fire and sent in an alarm. It was found that the smoke and steam came from the Mayflower mills. The man who turned in the alarm felt very much embarrassed, but the members of the department who responded to the call took the mistake very good naturedly.

FOOD WILL DO IT.

Made Over a Man of 60.

Food that will put the vigor of life into a man of sixty is worth knowing about. Mr. Chas. E. Allen, of 5306 Master St., Philadelphia, Pa., says, "Five years ago, at the age of fifty-nine I was advised by a friend to adopt rolled oats for my breakfast diet in the place of white bread. I followed the advice with some benefit, but was still troubled with heart weakness and general debility, requiring medicine from time to time; the bowels were also affected to an extent.

About six months ago while still half sick and very weak I commenced to use Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and soon noticed an improvement in my general health, with the gradual disappearance of unfavorable symptoms. Heart palpitation decreased and a new feeling of vigor manifested itself in various ways. Tonics were no longer needed, bowels became natural, nerves were steady and I seemed to have returned, in a great degree, to the vigor of middle age. There has also been a gain in flesh, my weight having increased from 137 to 151 pounds.

You are welcome to use my name if you desire to publish this voluntary testimony."

DUTCH POVERTY PARTY.

At the home of Homer Moses, on West DeWald street, last evening there was a Dutch poverty party, at which the guests were attired in various German costumes. Cards and games were played and German refreshments, excepting beer, were served. Some of the costumes were exceedingly funny and added much to the merriment of the occasion.

The Permanency of Photographs.

The question of permanency is of vital interest to all when getting photographs. What a keen disappointment it is to have the cherished photograph of a dear friend or relative gradually fade away until nothing but the bare outlines remain on a badly discolored print. What then is the cause of photographs fading? Generally speaking, it is due to insufficinet elimination of the chemicals used in the making of them. The desire to hurry the pictures along, so as to place them in the hands of the patron with as little labor as possible, was one of the inevitable results of cheap prices, for no matter how cheap pictures were made a profit was always sure to be gotten out of them regardless of what was sacrificed. As time is the factor that adds most to the expense in the making of photographs, it is obvious that permanency will be a secondary consideration where cheapness is the desirderatum. If, therefore, you consider permanency of value in a photograph, beware of cheap prices. There are of course different degrees of permanency in photographs, some processes yielding prints much more permanent than others—of the relative permanency of different processes we will deal more fully in a subsequent article—but all sufficiently permanent to last an ordinary life time without material change, if properly made.

PARROT, Photographer,
Successor to Barrows.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given by the board of school trustees of the city of Fort Wayne, Ind., that sealed proposals will be received by them at their office in the High School building on the 1st day of March, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock for the erection of a public High School and Manual Training School building. Plans and specifications are now ready and may be seen at the office of the architect, Charles B. Weatherhogg, Tri-State building, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The bidder will be required to submit a separate bid for excavating, concrete footings, brick work and cut stone. All other branches of work will be included in separate bid from mason work, according to plans and specifications (except heating, ventilating, plumbing and electric work).

The bidder in submitting a proposal must accompany his bid with a certified check, on one of the Fort Wayne banks, in the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars, payable to the order of W. W. Rockhill, Treasurer, as an evidence of good faith that he will execute within five (5) days from the acceptance of his proposal a contract and bond satisfactory to said board of school trustees.

A failure of successful bidder to enter into such contract and bond upon the acceptance of said proposal will forfeit the check and sum of money payable thereon to the board of school trustees, as agreed and liquidated damages for such failure. All proposals to be addressed to the board of school trustees, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

ALLEN HAMILTON,
EUGENE B. SMITH,
W. W. ROCKHILL,
Board of School Trustees.

Feb. 8, 1902.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

A good business woman (or man), with moderate capital, can make money room 8, Arcade, corner room, opposite Green's jewelry store, in fruit business, oranges, apples, pears, grapes, figs, dates, etc., etc.; high grade box candies, nuts of all kinds, also cut flowers, cigars and soda water; capital in fruit is turned 30 times a year, sometimes in one day's sale; per cent of profit always good; 55 feet plate glass front to display goods, 22 feet on Berry street, 30 feet in Arcade corridor; cigars and soda will alone pay more than rent, which is $1.66 per day, 30 days to the month. 10-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—A good nurse girl at 164 West Berry. 1-tf

WANTED—Lady correspondent. Address Box 58, Edgerton, Allen Co., Ind.

WANTED—Boy, 14 or 15 years old, to strip tobacco. Al Hazzard, 47 East Main street 2-6-tf

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs J. K. McCracken, 23 Maple avenue. 7 3t.

WANTED—Office furnished with desk and private connected room if possible. Address Box 10, care Sentinel. 7-2t

WANTED—Stark Nursery pays cash weekly if you sell Stark trees. Louisiana, Missouri, Danville, New York. 8-12-tf

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

WANTED—If you want a bargain in real estate call on Val Rocholl, 23 Court street. Home phone 49 Main. 11-2-tf

WANTED—A good and kind nurse girl, not under 20 years of age; must give references; good wages. Call at Sentinel office. 8-tf

WANTED—Ladies to do embroidery and Battenberg at their homes; steady work. Chicago Crochet Co, Chicago, Ill. 12-21-eow-1y

WANTED—You can get the California Medicated Healing Soap of Mrs. M. L. Cooper, of 59 West Main street. Bell phone 76L-Brown. 8-2t

WANTED—$12 weekly for copying letters at home; either sex; send two stamps for particulars Eagle Mfg. Co., 59 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

WANTED —Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Boarders by the day or week; rates reasonable; 3 minutes' walk from Nickel Plate round house. Thos. Winning, No. 3 Polk street. 1-27-1m

WANTED—Young men, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us, we pay $3 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C., Dept 82, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Young ladies, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $3 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C., Dept 82, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—A young man occupying large nicely furnished front room, with all modern conveniences, would like respectable young man for room-mate; terms reasonable. Apply 185 Washington boulevard. 7-6t

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizens' Trust company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000, interest paid on deposits. 8-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald Employment Office, 39 West Washington street, girls for general housework; also hotel girls; good wages; no charges to girl; wanted, position by young man as bookkeeper, cashier or office work, can give good reference. 16-tf

WANTED—Splendid wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush; particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 12-17-tf

WANTED—Lady in each county to represent house established 10 years, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18.00 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 329 Caxton Building, Chicago. jan18-25-feb8-22-m1

WANTED—"Success in Speculation;" large profits can now be made in stocks and grain on small investments by our safe system; send for our book, "Modern Methods for Safe Investments," and our special letters of advice free. M. E. Flower & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Girls to run sewing machines; as our goods are all made in sections an operator learns the work easily and soon gets where she can earn good wages; we have the lightest, cleanest, safest factory in Fort Wayne. Foster's Waist Factory, across Nickel Plate railroad at Lafayette and Columbia streets. 1-20-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in Arcade; most convenient in the city. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—Forty-acre farm five miles from city. S. F. Swayne, 15 W. Main street. 1-1-tf

FOR RENT—Eleven rooms for rooming purposes. Inquire at Post Office Drug Store, 28 West Main street. 27tf

FOR RENT—Second floor offices in Arcade, central and convenient, $9 per month for suite of three rooms. 4-tf

FOR RENT—Two large rooms furnished complete for light housekeeping. Call at 217 East Wayne street.

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath; day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 West Wayne. 2-18-tf

FOR RENT—A 10-room house, centrally located, all modern improvements, with barn. Inquire at 131 West Main St. 15-tf

FOR RENT—Tenant wanted to take one-half of room on lower floor Arcade; best office and sample room in the city. 21-tf

FOR RENT—New 6-room house, 600 Walton, south of Creighton avenue. Inquire 710 Buchanan street, telephone 379 south. 30-tf

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, centrally located, with privilege of bath, to right party. Call at 170 East Washington street. 7-2t

FOR RENT—Several desirable houses and business rooms; will be pleased to show on application. W. E Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Comfortably furinshed rooms, centrally located, 12 Calhoun street, southwest corner Calhoun and Columbia streets, second floor. 6-6t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with board, bath, all modern conveniences; reasonable rates to day boarders. One-half block south of Masonic Temple, 114 Clinton street 1-13-1m

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1062, new phone. 19-tf

FOR RENT—Very handsomely furnished rooms on West Berry street; single rooms or in suite of two or three, for one or more occupants; gentlemen preferred; light, heat, bath and all modern conveniences. Address Lock Box 216. 14-1m

FOR RENT—The handsomest small store room in Fort Wayne, 25x35, with 50 feet plate glass show windows, on West Berry street and Arcade corridor; large enough for prescription drug store, druggists' sundries, soda fountain and cigars, candy store, fruit stand, cut flowers ,etc. 10-10-tf

ALL AFFLICTED with a cough of long standing resulting from la grippe or weak lungs, or hemorrhages, should try my cough and lung syrup, an old Indian remedy made of roots and herbs; it has never been known to fail. Call at 37 Fairfield avenue. 10-14-tf

LOST.

LOST—Black silk rubber belt with cut steel ornaments. Finder return to J. A. Armstrong & Co. and receive reward. 7-6t

LOST—Liberal reward will be given to the person that took raglan coat by mistake at the New Haven dance Thursday evening; will receive her own by returning same to Miss Lizzie Lauer, 134 Madison street, Fort Wayne, Ind. 8-2t

FOUND.

FOUND—A Scotch collie. Owner can have same by calling at 191 Taylor street, proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—6-room house on Francis street, near Lewis street; price $1,200. R. L. Remy. 11-28-tf

FOR SALE—A modern 8-room house in south part of city at a bargain. Address "K," care Sentinel. 1-26-1m

FOR SALE—6-room cottage on Superior St., lot 22x180 feet; price $900. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Remy. 11-28-tf

FOR SALE—Good farms near city or will exchange for city property. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Remy. 11-28-tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

FOR SALE—6-room house on West Superior street; good location; price, $1,200. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Remy. 11-28-tf

FOR SALE—A splendid 9-room house and 60 foot lot near Belt line, south, $1,900; former price, $2,500. W. E. Doud 7-tf

FOR SALE—A nice 6-room cottage on Jackson, near Jefferson; to sell quick, $1,500. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—West Berry street residence, eight rooms, bath and hall; only $4,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 2-tf

FOR SALE—Business block on Calhoun near Montgomery; good renter; $3,500. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Residence on East Butler street, owner will discount to $2,200 for quick sale. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Grocery, a trade of 20 years' standing; owner retiring; always a money maker; terms reasonable W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Brick house, 10 rooms and bath, 33 feet front; one block from post office; $4,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A splendid modern residence on Hoagland avenue that will suit you; special reason for selling. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 11-tf

FOR SALE—8-room house with good barn; full lot on Fairfield avenue; will exchange for small house; a good chance. Room 22 Bank block, R. L. Remy. 12-16-tf

FOR SALE—Either of seven modern residences, on Berry, Rockhill, Jefferson, Wayne and Washington streets; the right price on each W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Ten-room modern residence, with two full lots; every modern convenience; Lakeside; a bargain for cash or will take some trade. W. E. Doud. 2-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Seven-room house, No. 2532 Hanna street; also several lots on Pontiac, Hanna, Force and Creighton avenue. Inquire F. G. Gauntt, No. 39 Douglas avenue. 2-6-eod-2m

FOR SALE—50 feet, west side Calhoun street, business lot, next south from Thomas Talley, corner Williams; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Country hotel, completely furnished, in one of the most thriving villages in western New York; town license; best reasons for selling. Address F. E. Lansing, Wolcott, N. Y. 18-1m

FOR SALE—I have made a new subdivision of my northwest corner Oliver street and East Creighton avenue, fronting the lots on Creighton; $750 for the corner, good store building site; the others $650. Apply to Henry M. Williams, or any real estate agent. 12-23-tf

FOR SALE—Two 30-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoue, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Four 35-foot lots on West Butler street, south front, beginning second west from Webster; full grown shade trees, maple, between curb and brick sidewalk; street pavement, sewers, etc., all paid; long time payments. Apply Henry M. Williams or any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Two 30-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoun, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Handsome lots in my East Creighton avenue addition, between Smith and Oliver streets; central for Pittsburg shops east, the new Haberkorn-Haley Engine works, new Van Pertins mill, Western Gas Co., the Bowsers, Bass foundry, and Lafayette street railroad shops; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—One 80-acre tract, five miles from city; good buildings; five 40-acre tracts; one 29-acre tract; one 15-acre tract, near the city; one 8-acre tract, fine garden land; one ½-acres land, with a good 12-room house, near the interurban line; one 1-acre land, with good 7-room house, plenty of fruit, good location. For further particulars inquire of R. C. Miswonger & Co., 28 West Main street. 4-d&w-tf

FOR SALE—$700 lots in my new Savilla avenue addition, just platted, South Broadway, between Home avenue and Savilla avenue, the apple orchard; electric cars will run on Broadway in front of lots; good frame house on one lot, 22x28, and good two-story brick barn, 18x36, on another; 20 apple trees in the plat, row of hickory nut trees 20 years' growth on line of Broadway fronts; water pipes and natural gas on two streets. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne street, opposite high school. 12-21-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, corner lot on East William street, $2,000; 6-room house on Swinney avenue, $1,500; 5-room house on Francis street, $1,250; a good investment, three houses four squares from P., F. W. & C. depot, $4,700; 6-room house, good barn, on Fourth street, $1,000; 7-room house on Jackson street, $1,800, a bargain; 5-room house, half lot, on West Main street, two squares west of river, $1,500; 100-acre farm, good house, barn and out buildings, all in first-class condition, in Cedar Creek Tp., $4,500. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 82 Court street. 1-11-tf

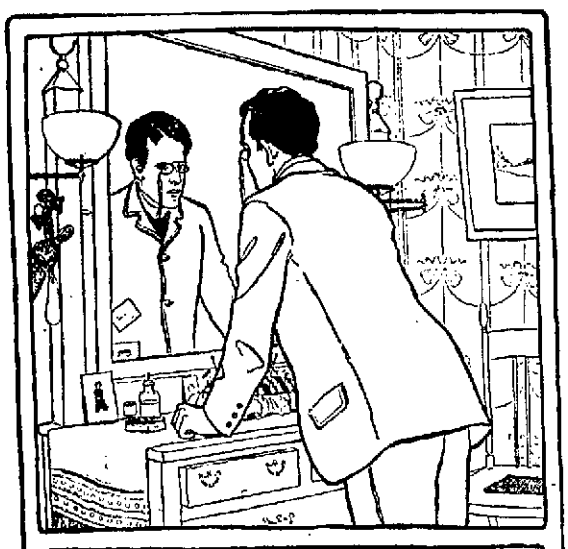
PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty:—Diseases of Women.
Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m., to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.
Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.
U. S. Dental Parlors,
Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Props.
Phone 2110.
40 Clinton St.

Tacoma, Wash., is 3,000 miles from New York by the shortest route and it takes 120 hours to get there.



TO THE MAN WHO THINKS.

LOOK yourself squarely in the face and see if you are not half ashamed to be without Ivory Soap in your house. Worse than this, your wife is without it. It is bad enough for a man, though a man often doesn't care how his comfort is mis-spelled. But a woman misses all these little helps to housekeeping. And Ivory Soap is one; its great potency makes it actually cheaper than yellow soap for general work. It floats.

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ROAD IS TO COME THROUGH.

(Bluffton News.)

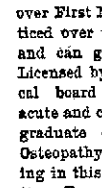
L. J. Schlessinger, chief engineer of the Muncie, Hartford City and Fort Wayne interurban line, was in the city today attending to some business in connection with securing right of way. He stated that he had heard nothing of the road stopping at Montpelier, but on the contrary everything possible is being done to extend the road to Fort Wayne. A number of farmers have given them right of way between here and Montpelier and other farmers are considering propositions made them.

"ALL WRIGHT-FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"

PEERY'S DEAD SHOT VERMIFUGE WILL ERADICATE WORMS FROM THE HUMAN BODY.

25 cts PER VIAL

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York



"My Rheumatism was Cured by using Dr. Menard's Rheumatic Bullets and I have no further use for crutches." Thousands of equally strong testimonials. 3 to 6 weeks' treatment $1.00. Cure guaranteed or money refunded. At leading druggists, or sent prepaid by Rheumatic Bullet Co., Lake & Clark Sts., Chicago. One Week's Treatment Free.

W. H. JOHNSTON

OSTEOPATH

Has moved to his new location, office rooms 24, 25, 26 Bass block, over First National Bank. Has practiced over two years in Fort Wayne and can give the best references. Licensed by the Indiana State Medical board and registered to treat acute and chronic diseases. The only graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., practicing in this city and immediate vicinity. Examination free Tuesday and Friday p. m. Home Phone. Office 1520, residence 1654. dec4-tf

Money Advanced, Salaried People.

The fact that you earn a regular salary and hold a permanent position with a good concern is sufficient inducement for us to advance you money. We will make you a loan on your own note without an endorser. Private and confidential.

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.

Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

MONEY TO LOAN

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergenthelm's Millinery Store, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

C. B. FITCH.

65 CLINTON ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. DR. BEATTIE,

THE FAMOUS ENGLISH CLAIRVOYANT. PALMIST AND CARD READER. Office and Residence, 63 WEST JEFFERSON STREET.

Call and consult her. Don't stumble on with sad luck and an aching heart when matters can be set right for you. She breaks evil influence, tells sick people what is their real trouble. Never fails on matters of law, lost affection, love, luck, marriage, divorce, lost articles, missing treasures: who is your friend, enemy, lover or rival. Full satisfaction guaranteed. Office hours 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily except Sunday.

'Phone 1472 Main, 14-tf

Dr. Bull's Cures all Throat and Lung Affections, COUGH SYRUP Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes. IS SURE Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts

By the new WABASH passenger service through sleepers, coaches and chair cars (seats free) are operated between Fort Wayne and New York, Buffalo, Scranton, Rochester, Utica, Syracuse and St. Louis and Kansas City. Meals in dining cars a la carte. 4t10

GIRLS WANTED.

Steady employment for good workers. Apply Hoosier Mfg Co. 4-eod-tf

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Monday.

COMBS.

Endless varieties, real and imitation shell back combs, side combs, dressing combs, etc. Rodenbeck's, 124 Calhoun street, Lau Block. 10-16-tf.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c at Rurode's.

IF A LADY

Wears a suit or jacket made by Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 E. Berry street, she is sure that the fit is perfect. 27tf

When going to New York take the WABASH "Continental Limited." A fine train for fine travel. Through sleepers, through dining cars. Leaves every day at 4:39 p. m. 4t10

Mr. and Mrs. August Becker, of West Williams street, gave a dinner Thursday evening in honor of Rev. Heise, of Birmingham, Ala., who is the guest of his fiance, Miss Clara Baumgardt.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's today. 10 cts. 12-20-2m

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

LOCAL LINES.

Contractor John Suelzer is in Chicago on business.

E. Offord, of Cleveland, O., is in the city on business.

Miss Anna Zweigel, of Chicago, is visiting friends in the city.

The Delta Sigma Nu fraternity will give a sleighing party this evening.

Mrs. Julia Freeman is entertaining her niece, Miss French, of Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gilmartin will be at home at 27 Broadway after April 1st.

The Jamais Arrierre club will be entertained Monday evening by Mrs. John McKean.

Messrs. Walter Barrett and Howard Pierce are home from Ann Arbor for a few days.

John Sollberger, of this city, has purchased property at Woodburn and will embark in business there.

Miss Emma Thieme gave a sleighing party Thursday night, followed by a social hour at her home.

Miss Louise Greenwell has returned home to Huntertown after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hunter.

C. S. Smith, of Auburn, was in the city yesterday arranging with Architect Stock for plans for a new house.

Mrs. Fred Van Dusen entertained informally yesterday afternoon for her sister, Mrs. Mary Smith, of Erie, Pa.

The Luther society of St. John's Lutheran church will give a box social in the school hall next Tuesday evening.

Miss Alma Schneider and Miss Christine Reinking will give a sleighing party to Berghorn's farm Sunday evening.

Richard Allen, of East Wayne street, suffered an injury to his hip in a fall in front of the Granneman drug store yesterday.

Dr. W. C. Caffee, of Huntington, was in the city yesterday, called here in attendance on Mrs. W. F. Bryson, of 188 Ewing street, who is seriously ill.

John and Miss Ida Oberle, of 2212 Thomas street, entertained the members of the Score club Thursday evening. Luncheon was served at a late hour.

Miss Carrie Rothschild is visiting in Indianapolis, where she acted as bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Blanche Keiffer and Dr. Alfred Sydenham.

The Riverside Land company elected the following directors yesterday: J. W. White, John Ferguson, J. H. Bass, Charles McCulloch and F. W. Antrup.

Robert Aultman, of Greensburg, has returned home after a business visit here. Mr. Aultman intends to locate in this city in the commission business.

The Misses Cartwright have invited a company of friends to a sleighing party Monday evening. The ride will be followed by supper and pedro at the home of the young ladies.

Miss Emma Thieme very pleasantly entertained the young ladies of the Davis Medical company, together with their friends, who congregated at her home after enjoying a sleighride about the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Beul charmingly entertained a few friends last evening in honor of Miss Pauline Martens, of Indianapolis. Miss Martens is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. F. Greater and has just returned from a trip to India.

Warren News: Allen and Huntington counties will engage in a shooting contest for the championship of the two counties. The contest will take place in Fort Wayne Saturday, Feb. 22. Five-men teams will take part in the contest.

Miss May Eickhoff entertained the F. G. club at pedro last evening. Prizes were won by Miss Nellie Danehy and Ed. Poole, and the consolations were awarded to Miss Clara Rauner and Will Honeck. A three course supper was served after the games.

Sam Wolf gave a card party and banquet in the Standard club last evening in honor of his approaching wedding, the guests being the employes of his store. The rooms were prettily decorated and Caterer Hanna served a delicious course supper. Covers were laid for fifty guests.

About sixty couples attended the dance given in the Mulqueen dancing academy last evening by the junior class of the high school for the seniors. Music for the dancing was furnished by Will Young, and those who did not dance played cards in the reception rooms. Fruit punch and sandwiches were served as refreshment. Prof. and Mrs. C. T. Lane and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bond were chaperones.

Last evening, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carter, was organized a new social club. Mrs. Harry Doswell was elected president and Mrs. V. G. Lamb secretary and treasurer. Mrs. H. L. Reed, Mrs. Daniel Grub and Mrs. J. M. Jackson were appointed a committee to form by-laws and select a name for the organization. It was decided to hold meetings every two weeks on Friday evenings. The members are Messrs. and Mesdames Carter, Reed, Doswell, Lamb, Adams, Grub and Jackson.

Doctors

Consult your doctor. If he says, "Take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your cough," then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing. Physicians have been our friends for 60 years.

"For five years I suffered with bronchitis. A few weeks ago I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and only two bottles entirely cured me."

Daniel B. Lipps, Alta, W. Va.

25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE COUNTY FUNDS.

The county commissioners were today engaged in checking up the accounts of County Treasurer Rahm and counting the money and accounts he has on hand. The commissioners will then make a tabulated statement of the receipts and disbursments during 1901 and have the statement printed in convenient form for general distribution. It was found that there was on the 31st of last December the sum of $195,040.23 in cash in the county treasury, distributed among some sixty different funds. A brief recapitulation of the commissioners report follows:

—General Statement.—

Cash in treasury, Jan. 1, 1901	$ 206,855 82	
Treasurer's receipts	1,039,952 27	
Total charges	1,246,808 10	
Disbursements	$1,051,236 94	
County orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	616 82	
Overcharge orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	167 09	
Refunding orders, Jan. 1, 1901	3 27	
General graved road orders afloat Jan. 1, 1901	19 55	
	1,052,043 67	
Balance on hand as per auditor's ledger Dec. 31, 1901	194,764 43	
County orders afloat same date	107 17	
Overcharge orders afloat	145 81	
Gravel road orders afloat	19 55	
Refunding orders afloat	3 27	
Cash in treasury	195,040 25	

FORMER GAMBLER DYING.

Denver, Col., Feb. 8.—Alone in a little room, furnished by friends, at the Brunswick hotel, Dyer S. Smith, once the "king gambler" of the west, is dying. Within the last two years Smith lost, and diseases had fastened on him. He came to Colorado a sufferer from diabetes, and his death is hourly expected. Twenty years ago Dyer Smith was the best known name among the gambling fraternity from New York to San Francisco. It was in Chicago that he made his greatest winnings. He broke more banks and gambling houses than anyone else. He was well known by every police captain and detective in Chicago. Smith frequently came through Denver, but stopped here only a short time and played very little.

TURNED IN AN ALARM.

An excited individual last evening saw smoke coming from the rear of the S. Bash warehouse, on West Columbia street, and excusably thought there was a fire and sent in an alarm. It was found that the smoke and steam came from the Mayflower mills. The man who turned in the alarm felt very much embarrassed, but the members of the department who responded to the call took the mistake very good naturedly.

FOOD WILL DO IT.

Made Over a Man of 60.

Food that will put the vigor of life into a man of sixty is worth knowing about. Mr. Chas. E. Allen, of 5306 Master St., Philadelphia, Pa., says, "Five years ago, at the age of fifty-nine I was advised by a friend to adopt rolled oats for my breakfast diet in the place of white bread. I followed the advice with some benefit, but was still troubled with heart weakness and general debility, requiring medicine from time to time; the bowels were also affected to an extent.

About six months ago while still half sick and very weak I commenced to use Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and soon noticed an improvement in my general health, with the gradual disappearance of unfavorable symptoms. Heart palpitation decreased and a new feeling of vigor manifested itself in various ways. Tonics were no longer needed, bowels became natural, nerves were steady and I seemed to have returned, in a great degree, to the vigor of middle age. There has also been a gain in flesh, my weight having increased from 137 to 151 pounds.

You are welcome to use my name if you desire to publish this voluntary testimony."

DUTCH POVERTY PARTY.

At the home of Homer Moses, on West DeWald street, last evening there was a Dutch poverty party, at which the guests were attired in various German costumes. Cards and games were played and German refreshments, excepting beer, were served. Some of the costumes were exceedingly funny and added much to the merriment of the occasion.

The Permanency of Photographs.

The question of permanency is of vital interest to all when getting photographs. What a keen disappointment it is to have the cherished photograph of a dear friend or relative gradually fade away until nothing but the bare outlines remain on a badly discolored print. What then is the cause of photographs fading? Generally speaking, it is due to insufficinet elimination of the chemicals used in the making of them. The desire to hurry the pictures along, so as to place them in the hands of the patron with as little labor as possible, was one of the inevitable results of cheap prices, for no matter how cheap pictures were made a profit was always sure to be gotten out of them regardless of what was sacrificed. As time is the factor that adds most to the expense in the making of photographs, it is obvious that permanency will be a secondary consideration where cheapness is the desideratum. If, therefore, you consider permanency of value in a photograph, beware of cheap prices. There are of course different degrees of permanency in photographs, some processes yielding prints much more permanent than others—of the relative permanency of different processes we will deal more fully in a subsequent article—but all sufficiently permanent to last an ordinary life time without material change, if properly made.

PARROT, Photographer, Successor to Barrows.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given by the board of school trustees of the city of Fort Wayne, Ind., that sealed proposals will be received by them at their office in the High School building on the 1st day of March, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock for the erection of a public High School and Manual Training School building. Plans and specifications are now ready and may be seen at the office of the architect, Charles B. Weatherhogg, Tri-State building, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The bidder will be required to submit a separate bid for excavating, concrete footings, brick work and cut stone. All other branches of work will be included in separate bid from mason work, according to plans and specifications (except heating, ventilating, plumbing and electric work).

The bidder in submitting a proposal must accompany his bid with a certified check, on one of the Fort Wayne banks, in the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars, payable to the order of W. W. Rockhill, Treasurer, as an evidence of good faith that he will execute within five (5) days from the acceptance of his proposal a contract and bond satisfactory to said board of school trustees.

A failure of successful bidder to enter into such contract and bond upon the acceptance of said proposal will forfeit the check and sum of money payable thereon to the board of school trustees, as agreed and liquidated damages for such failure. All proposals to be addressed to the board of school trustees, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

ALLEN HAMILTON,
EUGENE B. SMITH,
W. W. ROCKHILL,
Board of School Trustees.

Feb. 8, 1902.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

A good business woman (or man), with moderate capital, can make money room 3, Arcade, corner room, opposite Green's jewelry store, in fruit business, oranges, apples, pears, grapes, figs, dates, etc., etc.; high grade box candies, nuts of all kinds, also cut flowers, cigars and soda water; capital in fruit is turned 30 times a year, sometimes in one day's sale; per cent of profit always good; 55 feet plate glass front to display goods, 22 feet on Berry street, 30 feet in Arcade corridor; cigars and soda will alone pay more than rent, which is $1.66 per day. 30 days to the month. 10-tf

LOST.

LOST—Black silk rubber belt with cut steel ornaments. Finder return to J. A. Armstrong & Co. and receive reward. 7-2t

LOST—Liberal reward will be given to the person who took raglan coat by mistake at the New Haven dance Thursday evening; will receive her own by returning same to Miss Lizzie Lauer, 134 Madison street, Fort Wayne, Ind. 8-2t

FOUND.

FOUND—A Scotch collie. Owner can have same by calling at 191 Taylor street, proving property and paying for this ad.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good nurse girl at 164 West Berry. 1-tf

WANTED—Lady correspondent. Address Box 58, Edgerton, Allen Co., Ind.

WANTED—Boy, 14 or 15 years old, to strip tobacco. Al Hazzard, 47 East Main street. 2-5-tf

WANTED—A good girl for general house work. Apply to Mrs J. K. McCracken, 23 Maple avenue. 7 St

WANTED—Office furnished with desk and private connected room if possible. Address Box 10, care Sentinel. 7-2t

WANTED—Stark Nursery pays cash weekly if you sell Stark trees. Louisiana, Missouri, Danville, New York. 8-12-tf

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column, Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

WANTED—If you want a bargain in real estate call on Val Rocholl, 23 Court street. Home phone 49 Main. 11-2-tf

WANTED—A good and kind nurse girl, not under 20 years of age; must give references; good wages. Call at Sentinel office. 8-tf

WANTED—Ladies to do embroidery and Battenberg at their homes; steady work. Chicago Crochet Co., Chicago, Ill. 12-21-eod-1y

WANTED—You can get the California Medicated Heating Soap of Mrs. M. L. Cosper, of 59 West Main street. Bell phone 761-Brown. 8-tf

WANTED—$12 weekly for copying letters at home; either sex; send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Mfg. Co., 59 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

WANTED —Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Boarders by the day or week; rates reasonable; 3 minutes' walk from Nickel Plate round house. Thos. Winning, No. 3 Polk street. 1-27-1m

WANTED—Young men, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $3 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C., Dept. 82, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Young ladies, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $3 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C., Dept 82, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—A young man occupying large nicely furnished front room, with all modern conveniences, would like respectable young man for room-mate; terms reasonable. Apply 165 Washington boulevard. 7-6t

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizens' Trust company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000, interest paid on deposits. 8-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald Employment Office, 30 West Washington street, girls for general housework; also hotel girls; good wages; no charges to girl; wanted, position by young man as bookkeeper, cashier or office work, can give good reference. 10-tf

WANTED—Splendid wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush; particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 12-17-tf

WANTED—Lady in each county to represent house established 10 years, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18.00 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 329 Caxton Building, Chicago. jan18-25-feb8-22-m1

WANTED—"Success in Speculation;" large profits can now be made in stocks and grain on small investments by our safe system; send for our book, "Modern Methods for Safe Investments," and our special letters of advice free. M. B. Flower & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Girls to run sewing machines; as our goods are all made in sections an operator learns the work easily and soon gets where she can earn good wages; we have the lightest, cleanest, safest factory in Fort Wayne. Foster's Waist Factory, across Nickel Plate railroad at Lafayette and Columbia streets. 1-26-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in Arcade; most convenient in the city. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—Forty-acre farm five miles from city. S. F. Swayne, 15 W. Main street. 1-1-tf

FOR RENT—Eleven rooms for rooming purposes. Inquire at Post Office Drug Store, 28 West Main street. 27tf

FOR RENT—Second floor offices in Arcade, central and convenient, $9 per month for suite of three rooms. 4-tf

FOR RENT—Two large rooms furnished complete for light housekeeping. Call at 217 East Wayne street.

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath; day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 West Wayne. 2-16-tf

FOR RENT—A 10-room house, centrally located, all modern improvements, with barn. Inquire at 131 West Main St. 13-tf

FOR RENT—Tenant wanted to take one-half of room on lower floor Arcade; best office and sample room in the city. 21-tf

FOR RENT—New 6-room house, 600 Walton, south of Creighton avenue. Inquire 710 Buchanan street, telephone 379 south. 30-tf

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, centrally located, with privilege of bath, to right party. Call at 170 East Washington street. 7-2t

FOR RENT—Several desirable houses and business rooms; will be pleased to show on application. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Comfortably furnished rooms, centrally located, 12 Calhoun street, southwest corner Calhoun and Columbia streets, second floor. 6-6t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with board, bath, all modern conveniences; reasonable rates to day boarders. One-half block south of Masonic Temple, 114 Clinton street 1-13-1m

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; also dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10-tf

FOR RENT—Very handsomely furnished rooms on West Berry street; single rooms or in suite of two or three, for one or more occupants; gentlemen preferred; light, heat, bath and all modern conveniences. Address Lock Box 216. 18-1m

FOR RENT—The handsomest small store room in Fort Wayne, 22x36, with 50 feet plate glass show windows, on West Berry street and Arcade corridor; large enough for prescription drug store, druggists' sundries, soda fountain and cigars, candy store, fruit stand, cut flowers, etc. 30-10-tf

ALL AFFLICTED with a cough of long standing resulting from la grippe or weak lungs, or hemorrhages, should try my cough and lung syrup, an old Indian remedy made of roots and herbs; it has never been known to fail. Call at 37 Fairfield avenue. 10-11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—8-room house on Francis street, near Lewis street; price $1,250. R. L. Romy. 11-28-tf

FOR SALE—A modern 8-room house in south part of city at a bargain. Address "K," care Sentinel. 1-24-1m

FOR SALE—4-room cottage on Superior St., lot 25x150 feet; price $900. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Romy. 11-29-tf

FOR SALE—Good farms near city or will exchange for city property. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Romy. 11-29-tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column, Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

FOR SALE—8-room house on West Superior street; good location; price, $1,200. Room 22, Bank block, R. L. Romy. 11-29-tf

FOR SALE—A splendid 9-room house and 60 foot lot near Belt line, south, $1,800; former price, $2,300. W. E. Doud 7-tf

FOR SALE—A nice 6-room cottage on Jackson, near Jefferson; to sell quick, $1,500. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—West Berry street residence, eight rooms, bath and hall; only $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 8-tf

FOR SALE—Business block on Calhoun near Montgomery; good renter; $3,500. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Residence on East Butler street, owner will discount to $2,200 for quick sale. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Grocery, a trade of 20 years' standing; owner retiring; always a money maker; terms reasonable W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Brick house, 10 rooms and bath, 33 feet front; one block from post office; $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A splendid modern residence on Hoagland avenue that will suit you; special reason for selling. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—8-room house with good barn; full lot on Fairfield avenue; will exchange for small house; a good chance. Room 22 Bank block, R. L. Romy. 18-1t-tf

FOR SALE—Either of seven modern residences, on Berry, Rockhill, Jefferson, Wayne and Washington streets; the right price on each. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Ten-room modern residence, with two full lots; every modern convenience; Lakeside; a bargain for cash or will take some trade. W. E. Doud. 2-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Seven-room house, No. 2532 Hanna street; also several lots on Pontiac, Hanna, Force and Creighton avenue. Inquire F. G. Gaunt, No. 39 Douglas avenue. 2-5-eod-4m

FOR SALE—50 feet, west side Calhoun street, business lot, next south from Thomas Talley, corner Williams; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Country hotel, completely furnished, in one of the most thriving villages in western New York; town license; best reasons for selling. Address F. E. Lansing, Wolcott, N. Y. 1t8-1m

FOR SALE—I have made a new subdivision of my northwest corner Oliver street and East Creighton avenue, fronting the lots on Creighton; $750 for the corner, good store building site; the others $650. Apply to Henry M. Williams, or any real estate agent. 12-29-tf

FOR SALE—Two 50-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoun, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Two 50-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoun, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Handsome lots in my East Creighton avenue addition, between Smith and Oliver streets; central for Pittsburg shops east, the new Habarkorn-Haley Kasing works, new Van Perrine mill, Western Gas Co., the Bowsers, Bass foundry, and Lafayette street railroad shops; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—One 80-acre tract, five miles from city; good buildings; five 40-acre tracts; one 39-acre tract; one 18-acre tract, near the city; one 8-acre tract, fine garden land; one ½-acres land, with a good 12-room house, near the interurban line; one 1-acre land, with good 7-room house, plenty of fruit, good location. For further particulars inquire of R. C. Miswonger & Co., 28 West Main street. 4-6&w-tf

FOR SALE—$700 lots in my new Saville avenue addition, just platted, South Broadway, between Home avenue and Sevilla avenue, the apple orchard; electric cars will run on Broadway in front of lots; good frame house on one lot, 24x36, and good two-story brick barn, 18x26, on another; 20 apple trees in the plat, row of hickory nut trees 20 years' growth on line of Broadway fronts; water pipes and natural gas on two streets. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne street, opposite high school. 12-21-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, corner lot on East William street, $2,000; 6-room house on Swinney avenue, $1,500; 5-room house on Francis street, $1,250; a good investment, three houses four squares from P., F. W. & C. depot, $4,700; 6-room house, good barn, on Fourth street, $1,035; 7-room house on Jackson street, $1,500, a bargain; 8-room house, half lot, on West Main street, two squares west of river, $1,500; 100-acre farm, good house, barn and out buildings, all in first-class condition, in Cedar Creek Tp., $4,500. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court street. 1-11-tf

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence, 26 Madison St.

Specialty:—Diseases of Women.

Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m., to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.

'Phone 1175. 97 Calhoun St

Tacoma, Wash., is 3,209 miles from New York by the shortest route and it takes 127 hours to get there.

Evening Sentinel.
BY E. A. K. HACKETT.
SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1902.

TONIGHT.

Labor Unions—No. 136, Street Railway Employes, 138 Calhoun street, third floor; No. 40, Stationary Firemen, K. of L. hall; No. 62, Brewery Workmen, 54 East Main street, third floor.

Fraternal Societies—Mad Anthony Hive, No. 27, L. O. T. M.; Rathbone Sisters; Wayne, No. 25, F. and A. M.

Masonic Temple—Tonight, moving pictures.

Admiral Sampson's protest to Admiral Schley's appeal has been filed and doubtless from the two something new will be bred, though the president undoubtedly has the next say.

Up to date bills introduced in congress for the erection of new government buildings outside of Washington aggregate the trifle of $35,000,000. There is some reassurance in the fact that only about one-fourth of such bills are passed.

Uncle Sam is usually first and generally exclusive in the achievement and possession of great things and on that account we rather favor the San Blas isthmian canal route. It will be necessary to bore a hole five miles through a mountain, but it will give Uncle Sam the first ship tunnel in the world.

Charles M. Schwab, president of the steel trust, has added Edward VII. to the kings now on his visiting list. The American magnate appears from all accounts to have had a very pleasant chat with the British monarch, from whom he received assurances that the American invasion of English markets cuts no ice whatever.

A Chicago man is at the head of a syndicate to import monkeys and teach them to pick cotton. In a few years colored labor in the south will doubtless be clamoring at the doors of congress for a monkey exclusion law to ward off the disaster of an influx of cheap labor from the forests of Africa, South America and parts of the world where the simian tribes flourish.

Readers of the Fort Wayne newspapers are doubtless impressed by the unusual number of very sudden deaths that have occurred in this vicinity during the past few days. To weak hearts doubtless may be ascribed the large mortality list, but it is probable the severe weather has been in large degree responsible. Extremes of the present sort have the effect to greatly reduce the vitality of human beings and those who have deranged hearts incur unusual danger unless there is great care taken.

Young Theodore Roosevelt, who recently set a strenuous pace for the boys of a New England school he is attending by originating the practice of taking long tramps bareheaded, has been stricken with pneumonia. Four others of the bareheaded brigade have been taken ill. From all accounts, he is a fine, sturdy American lad and it is to be hoped he may speedily recover and likewise that no more of his followers in the fad may be similarly unfortunate. When the lad has recovered the elder Roosevelt should teach him where and how the strenuous life should begin.

MR. STOLL'S ADDRESS.

J. B. Stoll's speech before the Democratic Editorial association at Indianapolis has the right ring. Mr. Stoll is a democrat whose fidelity to his party is not likely to be impeached, yet he takes high ground in declaring that party dictum is binding upon the conscience of no freeman. Doubtful principles and more doubtful men have no claim in the name of party upon any man's vote and this fact Mr. Stoll sets out so clearly as to greatly refresh a truth that too many partisans are prone to forget. Mr. Stoll says:

"History is replete with incidents going to show that American freemen, sovereign voters, will assert the right to determine their course of action when it comes to passing upon what they consider vital questions of public policy. On non-essentials they readily yield to party dictum, but when it comes to questions that enter deep into governmental affairs, they will insist upon following their judgment and conscience rather than yield obedience to the pronouncements of party caucuses and conventions. In the eyes of thick-and-thin party men, this may be a grave offense and unpardonable sin, but the right to use the ballot according to a freeman's will and conviction is bound to be asserted, however strongly and vehemently party spokesmen may protest against it."

From the history of the democratic party Mr. Stoll cited numerous distinguished precedents in support of his view. He called attention to Martin Van Buren's mighty and effective antagonism of Lewis Cass in 1848, which took Van Buren to the length of running against the Michigan man, and made a notable point of the fact that in that campaign Samuel J. Tilden was a bolter from the ticket. Yet twenty-eight years later Tilden had reunited the old party the war so terribly dismembered and led it in one of its grandest fights to glorious victory, albeit that victory was fruitless for the party. Mr. Stoll cited a later and more historic example, to prove his point, in the political operations of Stephen A. Douglas in 1860, when the "little giant" insisted upon "carrying out in good faith the pledges made by and in behalf of James Buchanan," and compassed the election of the first republican president.

NIGHT WATCHMAN IS A HERO

FACES A GANG OF ROBBERS AND USES HIS GUN.

Attempt to Loot a Bank at Gap, Pa., is Frustrated by the Bravery of Lone Officer.

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 8.—About 2:30 o'clock this morning an attempt was made to rob the Gap National bank at Gap, Pa., sixteen miles east of this city, ending in a lively interchange of shots between the town's watchman, David Stamix, and the burglars. Stamix heard an explosion in the direction of the bank, and upon proceeding there found three or four men standing in front of the bank building. He demanded to know what they were doing there and was promptly ordered to hold up his hands. Stamix complied, but with a revolver in his hand, and opened fire on the burglars, wounding at least one, as there were blood marks where they had been standing. The robbers returned the fire, Stamix backing away toward the home of the cashier with the view of getting assistance. When the shooting began two or three other men ran out of the bank building and joining their comrades disappeared in the darkness. An examination of the bank disclosed the fact that the men had made an ineffectual effort to enter the front of the vault and then attacked the rear end. They had bored a hole into the rear plating and had attempted to blow the vault open with dynamite or nitro-glycerine, but also without success. Early this morning a stranger stopped at Atglen, a few miles east of Gap, and had a wound in his jaw dressed. He said he had received the injury by falling from a freight train and striking a piece of iron. It is believed he was the man wounded by the watchman.

One of the supposed bank robbers, whose wound was dressed at Atglen, was subsequently arrested at Parkersburg. He was brought to Lancaster this afternoon. He has a bad wound in the face.

AWARD CONTRACT FOR PLANS.

At a meeting of the building committee of the Berry street M. E. church, held last evening in the offices of F. C. Parham, on Barr street, the contract for the new church to be erected at the corner of Wayne and Lafayette streets was awarded to Architect Charles Henry, of Akron, Ohio. The plan provides for a building of the Gothic style of architecture, built of brick, with stone trimmings, and the cost will be in the neighborhood of $25,000. Including the main auditorium, Sunday school room and class rooms, there will be thirteen rooms in the church. The main auditorium will accommodate 500 people. The Sabbath school room will have a gallery and seating accommodations for about 300. The interior will be finished in quarter-sawed oak.

RATIFY OLD AGREEMENT.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—The joint conference of the miners and operators ratified the old agreement today without a dissenting voice. The report of the joint committee on the scale was brief, stating merely that the committee decided unanimously on the old scale.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

LECTURE ON SCHOOL SYSTEM

PROF. J. N. STUDY AT PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

Explains the Manifold Advantages of Graded School System Over Ungraded Schools.

"The Administration of the Public School System" was the subject of a lecture by Prof. J. N. Study, superintendent of the city schools, at Plymouth Congregational church last evening. Prof. Study, after a few introductory remarks regarding the reduction of the school levy and the causes that led to it, said in part:

"The free school system of our country is a necessary outgrowth of our form of government. Without education, an enduring republic would be impossible. Under this free system our powers of expansion are limitless, save the desires and abilities of the people."

The graded school is evolved from the old ungraded district school, and while in the ungraded schools the attention of the teacher may be largely devoted to a few precocious pupils to the detriment of the many others, in the graded school this is manifestly impossible, because the teacher's field is limited. Again, pupils doing a specified amount of work in the graded school will be of about the same age, consequently the discipline will be suitable to the age of the child. Among other advantages might be named the stimulus of promotions, the periodical change of teachers, whereby the pupil is brought into contact with new views of things and avoids acquiring the mannerisms of any particular teacher.

In discussing the remark often made that children in the public schools are overworked, Prof. Study said that frequently children were desirous of taking too many studies and that the child's work should be arranged according to its mental abilities. Prof. Study stated in accordance with the fact that in manual labor change of employment gives rest, the work of the children is arranged with periods of pleasure so that study may not be continued so long that study becomes tiresome. The course of study is based on what the average boy or girl can do.

The school is frequently blamed when a child breaks down and in most cases the blame is unjustly placed. The ambition of many pupils to excel others causes them to overwork, or perhaps an injudicious method of doing the required amount of work is the cause. Another source of illness among the pupils of the higher grades and high schools is found in social demands and amusements and consequent late hours.

Until recently the child spent the eight years of the elementary school course in laboriously acquiring a more or less ready use of the mere tools of scholarship, the result being that in many cases he left school with a disgust for what he considered learning. He could read, but had no love for reading. He could write, but could not express his ideas upon paper. He could cipher, but soon found that the most of the arithmetic he had acquired had no connection with the business interests of life. His geography was a mass of definitions, unrelated facts and details useless in life and soon to be forgotten. The new education, as it is called, seeks to remedy this condition of affairs by more closely relating the school to life, by applying the art of learning as fast as acquired—to learn to do by doing. The elementary course of study is enriched by the introduction of fascinating and practical application of the purely formal studies to the relations of life. To the child educated in the new course of study the myth is the key that admits him to an understanding of literature and art. Story and biography lead him to history; nature study opens the way to physical and biological science. He applies his language work every day to the expression, orally and in writing, of what he has learned in his daily work. Algebra and geometry open up to him the realm of mathematics. The fragmentary selections of the school reader are supplemented by the fairy tale and the story book in the primary grades and by the study of the masterpieces of the great authors in higher grades. Thus not only the art of reading is acquired, but the habit of reading is formed.

Above all elements in the making of the American school system what it is and what it should be is the teacher. Courses of study, buildings, apparatus, appliances, officials, all shrink into insignificance as factors in the problem of education as compared with the vital force of the school—the teacher. Given a trained, cultured, enthusiastic teacher with reasonable means at his service and the rest will be beyond question.

GOV. DURBIN TO VISIT CUBA.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—Governor Durbin and staff will leave here Feb. 13 for the Charleston exposition and will be present at the celebration of Indiana day Feb. 25. It is understood that the executive will deliver an address on that occasion. The party will go from here direct to Jacksonville, Fla., and from there to Miami, where they will take a boat for Havana and will remain from Monday till Friday. Mrs. Durbin and the wives of several members of the governor's staff will be members of the party.

DOCTOR SUES CITY FOR FEES.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 8.—Physicians in several states are watching the outcome of a contest between Dr. S. S. Washburn and the city council of this city. On the outbreak of smallpox in one of the wards Dr. Washburn was called and made a contract with the health department to attend the cases, for which he was to have $20 a day. His bill for services under the contract called for $2,560, and the council refused to allow it, whereupon the physician brought suit against the city. The matter is interesting from the fact that hundreds of country towns in Illinois, Indiana and Michigan have smallpox cases on their hands, and it has been an undertaking to have them properly cared for. Some physicians refuse to handle them, claiming that their regular practice is placed in jeopardy. The physician who undertakes this class of professional business is compelled to put up with many hardships for which he is not rumbursed. In one of the Michigan towns the doctor was compelled to change his clothing in a stable, and while he was attending a patient a tramp stole his good suit. He was compelled to remain in the barn until another outfit could be procured for him. This is only one of the inconveniences, the physicians say, that they have to put up with in alleviating the suffering of this undesirable class of patients.

IT IS LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY

SONS OF VETERANS WILL OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY.

Capt. James B. White Camp to Render Union Defenders' Day Program Wednesday.

Capt. James P. White camp, Sons of Veterans, will observe what is known to the order as Union Defenders' day—the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln—next Wednesday evening, Feb. 12. The exercises are to begin at 8 o'clock at G. A. R. hall in the Elektron building, and the public is cordially invited. The program follows:

Song—"America"..... Audience
Invocation...Rev. L. J. Motschman
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Address—"Lincoln"....T. W. Blair
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Address—"The Price Our Fathers Paid".....Rev. J. N. Field
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Benediction...Rev. L. J. Motschman

WILL MAINTAIN PRICES.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 8.—At a meetmeeting of representatives of the Pittsburg Plate Glass company, and the largest independent manufacturers of the country in this city, arrangements were made for the summer shut down and to maintain prices. The agreement is similar in detail to that of last season. It was thought that some opposition would be met from the independent plants now under course of construction, but assurances have been given that as soon as these plants are in the market the compact will be observed.

THE SCHLEYS IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley arrived in Washington this morning from their western and southern trip, and went at once to their apartments in the Richmond. The severe cold from which the admiral has been suffering has greatly improved.

LIGHTWEIGHTS TO FIGHT.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Kid Lavigne and Jack O'Brien have been matched to fight before the Yosemite Athletic club on Feb. 28, at the Mechanics' pavilion. The men will weigh in at 134 pounds on the afternoon of the contest.

LAST SCENES

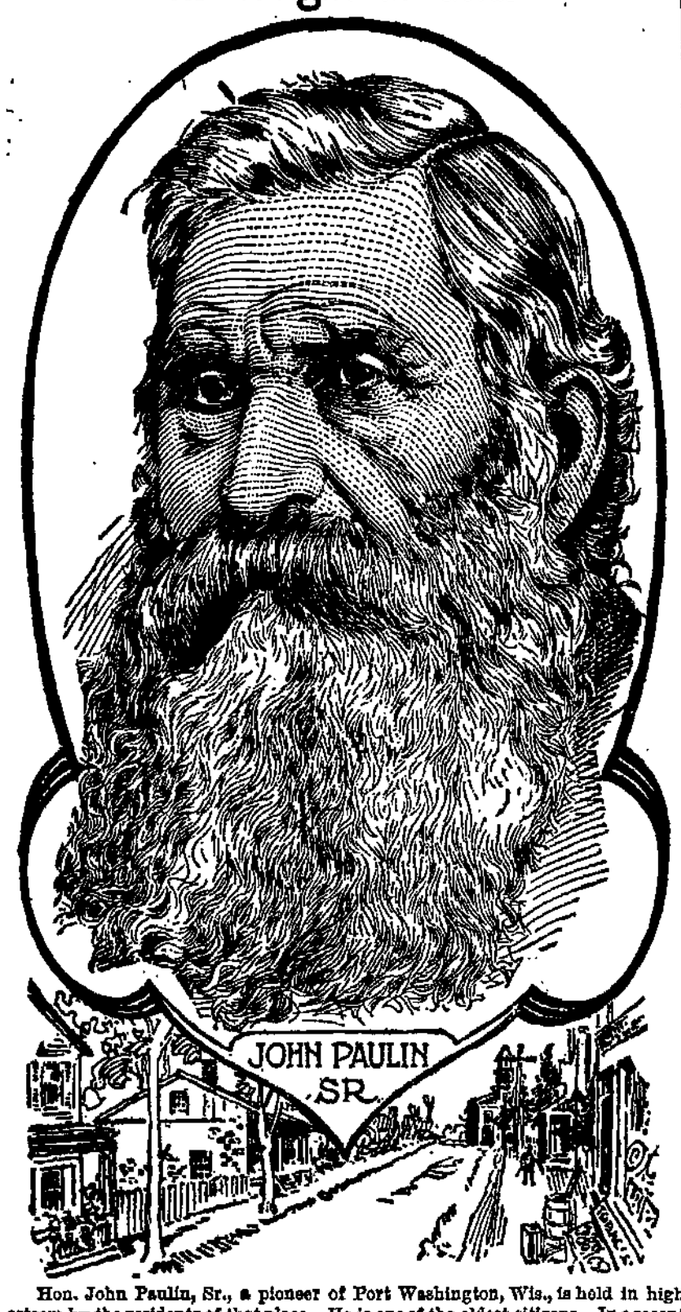
In the life of a president. Mr. McKinley at Buffalo—his last speech. Wonderfully life-like. His funeral cortege at Washington. Most interesting moving pictures ever shown. Temple Saturday matinee and night. 10, 20 and 30 cents. 4t5

Monday is the last day to pay your natural and artificial gas bills without penalty.

See the McKinley funeral parade in Washington. Temple theater, Saturday matinee and night. 10, 20 and 30 cents. They move.

A WISCONSIN PIONEER

Recommends Pe-ru-na as Being Worth its Weight in Gold.



Hon. John Paulin, Sr., a pioneer of Port Washington, Wis., is held in high esteem by the residents of that place. He is one of the oldest citizens. In a recent letter he says:

"I have used Peruna with good results for coughs and colds. It has also cured my catarrh which always became worse when affected with but a slight cold. I am recommending Peruna because it is worth its weight in gold."—JOHN PAULIN, SR.

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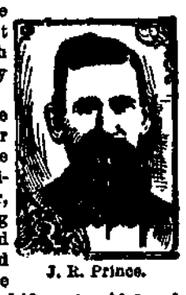
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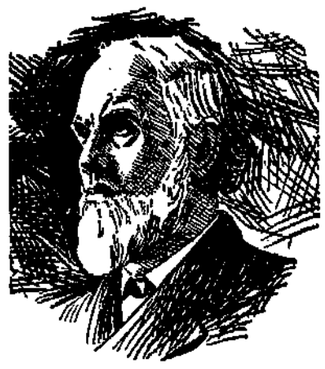
DISCOVERER OF BLOOD WINE.

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Many have inquired about kidney troubles—to all so affected we can truthfully recommend "Blood Wine." Excepting in advanced stages of Bright's Disease it is almost certain to correct the wrong activity and restore normal conditions, and we have known it to bring about really remarkable cures of Bright's Disease.

To the elderly gentleman who states that he has chronic constipation, brought on by close office work and sedentary habits, we would suggest the immediate use of "Blood Wine." Take in moderate doses at first; to assist the medicine, take some form of exercise after arising in the morning, if only for a few minutes. You are sure of being benefited.

To the woman who signs herself only "Mrs. B,"—we would say—take "Blood Wine" in the morning before breakfast as directed on the bottle. We are sure you can retain it. If you noted a slight burning in the stomach at first, eat a very light breakfast. You will soon be so you can take a hearty meal and enjoy it, and you will find the color will return to your cheeks in a week or so, and your lameness, soreness and dragged-out feelings will all disappear. Then you will be able to do your housework.

To Mr. R,—We cannot do anything for your rupture. This is an affliction out of the reach of "Blood Wine," and should be submitted to a specialist skilled in such matters.

In conclusion we will advise all who are interested in "Blood Wine" to call at their druggists and they will get more complete and definite information than we can give in this brief letter. You can sample "Blood Wine" there free of charge. Read the literature and get some facts that will appeal to you seriously. We could fill this entire page with letters of endorsements, and words of praise from thousands of sufferers who, by the aid of "Blood Wine" have been lifted out of the clutches of disease and restored to full health and vigor. It is our aim to make friends everywhere. We are careful to make honest statements, and not mislead anyone. "Blood Wine" is not a cure all. It has no supernatural characteristics or the power to make the grave give up its dead. But in several forms of disease all those for which it is recommended, it will bring about thorough, permanent, speedy cures in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred.

Yours truly,
LOUIS DAUDELIN Co.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1902.

TONIGHT.

Labor Unions—No. 136, Street Railway Employes, 138 Calhoun street, third floor; No. 40, Stationary Firemen, K. of L. hall; No. 62, Brewery Workmen, 54 East Main street, third floor.

Fraternal Societies—Mad Anthony Hive, No. 27, L. O. T. M.; Rathbone Sisters; Wayne, No. 25, F. and A. M.

Masonic Temple—Tonight, moving pictures.

Admiral Sampson's protest to Admiral Schley's appeal has been filed and doubtless from the two something new will be bred, though the president undoubtedly has the next say.

Up to date bills introduced in congress for the erection of new government buildings outside of Washington aggregate the trifle of $35,000,000. There is some reassurance in the fact that only about one-fourth of such bills are passed.

Uncle Sam is usually first and generally exclusive in the achievement and possession of great things and on that account we rather favor the San Blas isthmian canal route. It will be necessary to bore a hole five miles through a mountain, but it will give Uncle Sam the first ship tunnel in the world.

Charles M. Schwab, president of the steel trust, has added Edward VII. to the kings now on his visiting list. The American magnate appears from all accounts to have had a very pleasant chat with the British monarch, from whom he received assurances that the American invasion of English markets cuts no ice whatever.

A Chicago man is at the head of a syndicate to import monkeys and teach them to pick cotton. In a few years colored labor in the south will doubtless be clamoring at the doors of congress for a monkey exclusion law to ward off the disaster of an influx of cheap labor from the forests of Africa, South America and parts of the world where the simian tribes flourish.

Readers of the Fort Wayne newspapers are doubtless impressed by the unusual number of very sudden deaths that have occurred in this vicinity during the past few days. To weak hearts doubtless may be ascribed the large mortality list, but it is probable the severe weather has been in large degree responsible. Extremes of the present sort have the effect to greatly reduce the vitality of human beings and those who have deranged hearts incur unusual danger unless there is great care taken.

Young Theodore Roosevelt, who recently set a strenuous pace for the boys of a New England school he is attending by originating the practice of taking long tramps bareheaded, has been stricken with pneumonia. Four others of the bareheaded brigade have been taken ill. From all accounts, he is a fine, sturdy American lad and it is to be hoped he may speedily recover and likewise that no more of his followers in the fad may be similarly unfortunate. When the lad has recovered the elder Roosevelt should teach him where and how the strenuous life should begin.

MR. STOLL'S ADDRESS.

J. B. Stoll's speech before the Democratic Editorial association at Indianapolis has the right ring. Mr. Stoll is a democrat whose fidelity to his party is not likely to be impeached, yet he takes high ground in declaring that party dictum is binding upon the conscience of no freeman. Doubtful principles and more doubtful men have no claim in the name of party upon any man's vote and this fact Mr. Stoll sets out so clearly as to greatly refresh a truth that too many partisans are prone to forget. Mr. Stoll says:

"History is replete with incidents going to show that American freemen, sovereign voters, will assert the right to determine their course of action when it comes to passing upon what they consider vital questions of public policy. On non-essentials they readily yield to party dictum, but when it comes to questions that enter deep into governmental affairs, they will insist upon following their judgment and conscience rather than yield obedience to the pronouncements of party caucusses and conventions. In the eyes of thick-and-thin party men, this may be a grave offense and unpardonable sin, but the right to use the ballot according to a freeman's will and conviction is bound to be asserted, however strongly and vehemently party spokesmen may protest against it."

From the history of the democratic party Mr. Stoll cited numerous distinguished precedents in support of his view. He called attention to Martin Van Buren's mighty and effective antagonism of Lewis Cass in 1848, which took Van Buren to the length of running against the Michigan man, and made a notable point of the fact that in that campaign Samuel J. Tilden was a bolter from the ticket. Yet twenty-eight years later Tilden had reunited the old party the war so terribly dismembered and led it in one of its grandest fights to glorious victory, albeit that victory was fruitless for the party. Mr. Stoll cited a later and more historic example, to prove his point, in the political operations of Stephen A. Douglas in 1860, when the "little giant" insisted upon "carrying out in good faith the pledges made by and in behalf of James Buchanan," and compassed the election of the first republican president.

NIGHT WATCHMAN IS A HERO

FACES A GANG OF ROBBERS AND USES HIS GUN.

Attempt to Loot a Bank at Gap, Pa., is Frustrated by the Bravery of Lone Officer.

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 8.—About 2:30 o'clock this morning an attempt was made to rob the Gap National bank at Gap, Pa., sixteen miles east of this city, ending in a lively interchange of shots between the town's watchman, David Stamix, and the burglars. Stamix heard an explosion in the direction of the bank, and upon proceeding there found three or four men standing in front of the bank building. He demanded to know what they were doing there and was promptly ordered to hold up his hands. Stamix complied, but with a revolver in his hand, and opened fire on the burglars, wounding at least one, as there were blood marks where they had been standing. The robbers returned the fire, Stamix backing away toward the home of the cashier with the view of getting assistance. When the shooting began two or three other men ran out of the bank building and joining their comrades disappeared in the darkness. An examination of the bank disclosed the fact that the men had made an ineffectual effort to enter the front of the vault and then attacked the rear end. They had bored a hole into the rear plating and had attempted to blow the vault open with dynamite or nitro-glycerine, but also without success. Early this morning a stranger stopped at Atglen, a few miles east of Gap, and had a wound in his jaw dressed. He said he had received the injury by falling from a freight train and striking a piece of iron. It is believed he was the man wounded by the watchman.

One of the supposed bank robbers, whose wound was dressed at Atglen, was subsequently arrested at Parkersburg. He was brought to Lancaster this afternoon. He has a bad wound in the face.

AWARD CONTRACT FOR PLANS.

At a meeting of the building committee of the Berry street M. E. church, held last evening in the offices of F. C. Fatham, on Barr street, the contract for the new church to be erected at the corner of Wayne and Lafayette streets was awarded to Architect Charles Henry, of Akron, Ohio. The plan provides for a building of the Gothic style of architecture, built of brick, with stone trimmings, and the cost will be in the neighborhood of $25,000. Including the main auditorium, Sunday school room and class rooms, there will be thirteen rooms in the church. The main auditorium will accommodate 500 people. The Sabbath school room will have a gallery and seating accommodations for about 300. The interior will be finished in quarter-sawed oak.

RATIFY OLD AGREEMENT.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—The joint conference of the miners and operators ratified the old agreement today without a dissenting voice. The report of the joint committee on the scale was brief, stating merely that the committee decided unanimously on the old scale.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

LECTURE ON SCHOOL SYSTEM

PROF. J. N. STUDY AT PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

Explains the Manifold Advantages of Graded School System Over Ungraded Schools.

"The Administration of the Public School System" was the subject of a lecture by Prof. J. N. Study, superintendent of the city schools, at Plymouth Congregational church last evening. Prof. Study, after a few introductory remarks regarding the reduction of the school levy and the causes that led to it, said in part:

"The free school system of our country is a necessary outgrowth of our form of government. Without education, an enduring republic would be impossible. Under this free system our powers of expansion are limitless, save the desires and abilities of the people."

The graded school is evolved from the old ungraded district school, and while in the ungraded schools the attention of the teacher may be largely devoted to a few precocious pupils to the detriment of the many others, in the graded school this is manifestly impossible, because the teacher's field is limited. Again, pupils doing a specified amount of work in the graded school will be of about the same age, consequently the discipline will be suitable to the age of the child. Among other advantages might be named the stimulus of promotions, the periodical change of teachers, whereby the pupil is brought into contact with new views of things and avoids acquiring the mannerisms of any particular teacher.

In discussing the remark often made that children in the public schools are overworked, Prof. Study said that frequently children were desirous of taking too many studies and that the child's work should be arranged according to its mental abilities. Prof. Study stated in accordance with the fact that in manual labor change of employment gives rest, the work of the children is arranged with periods of pleasure so that study may not be continued so long that study becomes tiresome. The course of study is based on what the average boy or girl can do.

The school is frequently blamed when a child breaks down and in most cases the blame is unjustly placed. The ambition of many pupils to excel others causes them to overwork, or perhaps an injudicious method of doing the required amount of work is the cause. Another source of illness among the pupils of the higher grades and high schools is found in social demands and amusements and consequent late hours.

Until recently the child spent the eight years of the elementary school course in laboriously acquiring a more or less ready use of the mere tools of scholarship, the result being that in many cases he left school with a disgust for what he considered learning. He could read, but had no love for reading. He could write, but could not express his ideas upon paper. He could cipher, but soon found that the most of the arithmetic he had acquired had no connection with the business interests of life. His geography was a mass of definitions, unrelated facts and details useless in life and soon to be forgotten. The new education, as it is called, seeks to remedy this condition of affairs by more closely relating the school to life, by applying the art of learning as fast as acquired—to learn to do by doing. The elementary course of study is enriched by the introduction of fascinating and practical application of the purely formal studies to the relations of life. To the child educated in the new course of study the myth is the key that admits him to an understanding of literature and art. Story and biography lead him to history; nature study opens the way to physical and biological science. He applies his language work every day to the expression, orally and in writing, of what he has learned in his daily work. Algebra and geometry open up to him the realm of mathematics. The fragmentary selections of the school reader are supplemented by the fairy tale and the story book in the primary grades and by the study of the masterpieces of the great authors in higher grades. Thus not only the art of reading is acquired, but the habit of reading is formed.

Above all elements in the making of the American school system what it is and what it should be is the teacher. Courses of study, buildings, apparatus, appliances, officials, all shrink into insignificance as factors in the problem of education as compared with the vital force of the school—the teacher. Given a trained, cultured, enthusiastic teacher with reasonable means at his service and the rest will be beyond question.

GOV. DURBIN TO VISIT CUBA.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—Governor Durbin and staff will leave here Feb. 13 for the Charleston exposition and will be present at the celebration of Indiana day Feb. 25. It is understood that the executive will deliver an address on that occasion. The party will go from here direct to Jacksonville, Fla., and from there to Miami, where they will take a boat for Havana and will remain from Monday till Friday. Mrs. Durbin and the wives of several members of the governor's staff will be members of the party.

DOCTOR SUES CITY FOR FEES.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 8.—Physicians in several states are watching the outcome of a contest between Dr. S. S. Washburn and the city council of this city. On the outbreak of smallpox in one of the wards Dr. Washburn was called and made a contract with the health department to attend the cases, for which he was to have $20 a day. His bill for services under the contract called for $2,560, and the council refused to allow it, whereupon the physician brought suit against the city. The matter is interesting from the fact that hundreds of country towns in Illinois, Indiana and Michigan have smallpox cases on their hands, and it has been an undertaking to have them properly cared for. Some physicians refuse to handle them, claiming that their regular practice is placed in jeopardy. The physician who undertakes this class of professional business is compelled to put up with many hardships for which he is not remunerated. In one of the Michigan towns the doctor was compelled to change his clothing in a stable, and while he was attending a patient a tramp stole his good suit. He was compelled to remain in the barn until another outfit could be procured for him. This is only one of the inconveniences, the physicians say, that they have to put up with in alleviating the suffering of this undesirable class of patients.

IT IS LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY

SONS OF VETERANS WILL OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY.

Capt. James B. White Camp to Render Union Defenders' Day Program Wednesday.

Capt. James B. White camp, Sons of Veterans, will observe what is known to the order as Union Defenders' day—the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln—next Wednesday evening, Feb. 12. The exercises are to begin at 8 o'clock at G. A. R. hall in the Elektron building, and the public is cordially invited. The program follows:

Song—"America"..... Audience
Invocation...Rev. L. J. Motschman
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Address—"Lincoln"....T. W. Blair
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Address—"The Price Our Fathers Paid".....Rev. J. N. Field
Song.....Emerson Quartet
Benediction...Rev. L. J. Motschman

WILL MAINTAIN PRICES.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 8.—At a meeting of representatives of the Pittsburg Plate Glass company, and the largest independent manufacturers of the country in this city, arrangements were made for the summer shut down and to maintain prices. The agreement is similar in detail to that of last season. It was thought that some opposition would be met from the independent plants now under course of construction, but assurances have been given that as soon as these plants are in the market the compact will be observed.

THE SCHLEYS IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley arrived in Washington this morning from their western and southern trip, and went at once to their apartments in the Richmond. The severe cold from which the admiral has been suffering has greatly improved.

LIGHTWEIGHTS TO FIGHT.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Kid Lavigne and Jack O'Brien have been matched to fight before the Yosemite Athletic club on Feb. 28, at the Mechanics' pavilion. The men will weigh in at 134 pounds on the afternoon of the contest.

LAST SCENES

In the life of a president. Mr. McKinley at Buffalo—his last speech. Wonderfully life-like. His funeral cortege at Washington. Most interesting moving pictures ever shown. Temple Saturday matinee and night. 10, 20 and 30 cents. 4t5

Monday is the last day to pay your natural and artificial gas bills without penalty.

See the McKinley funeral parade in Washington. Temple theater, Saturday matinee and night. 10, 20 and 30 cents. They move.

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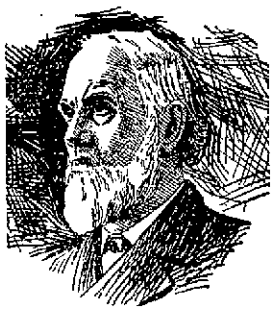
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Dear Sir—We have had a great many letters from people of your city since "Blood Wine" was first introduced, and while we have tried to reply direct to each inquiry, there may be some we have overlooked. If so, we wish to apologize; and when we say that our mail amounts to over a thousand letters a day, we are sure that your readers will pardon us, and accept this letter in lieu of a personal one. Many people ask us if "Blood Wine" will cure consumption. To these we will say that as far as we have been able to learn, excepting in a few cases, where the disease was of old standing and advanced to a state where the lungs were literally decomposed before our treatment was commenced, "Blood Wine" has cured this and the allied diseases, which include coughs, colds, bronchial affection, catarrh of the head and throat, pneumonia and weakness of the lungs. It will heal the lungs and relieves the tender feelings.

Many have inquired about kidney troubles—to all so affected we can truthfully recommend "Blood Wine." Excepting in advanced stages of Bright's Disease it is almost certain to correct the wrong activity and restore normal conditions, and we have known it to bring about really remarkable cures of Bright's Disease.

To the elderly gentleman who states that he has chronic constipation, brought on by close office work and sedentary habits, we would suggest the immediate use of "Blood Wine." Take in moderate doses at first; to assist the medicine, take some form of exercise after arising in the morning, if only for a few minutes. You are sure of being benefited.

To the woman who signs herself only "Mrs. B,"—we would say—take "Blood Wine" in the morning before breakfast as directed on the bottle. We are sure you can retain it. If you noted a slight burning in the stomach at first, eat a very light breakfast. You will soon be so you can take a hearty meal and enjoy it, and you will find the color will return to your cheeks in a week or so, and your lameness, soreness and dragged-out feelings will all disappear. Then you will be able to do your housework.

To Mr. R,—We cannot do anything for your rupture. This is an affliction out of the reach of "Blood Wine," and should be submitted to a specialist skilled in such matters.

In conclusion we will advise all who are interested in "Blood Wine" to call at their druggists and they will get more complete and definite information than we can give in this brief letter. You can sample "Blood Wine" there free of charge. Read the literature and get some facts that will appeal to you seriously. We could fill this entire page with letters of endorsements, and words of praise from thousands of sufferers who, by the aid of "Blood Wine" have been lifted out of the clutches of disease and restored to full health and vigor. It is our aim to make friends everywhere. We are careful to make honest statements, and not mislead anyone. "Blood Wine" is not a cure all. It has no supernatural characteristics or the power to make the grave give up its dead. But in several forms of disease all those for which it is recommended, it will bring about thorough, permanent, speedy cures in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred.

Yours truly,
LOUIS DAUDELIN CO.

"Blood Wine" costs fifty cents a bottle, but you can sample it free of charge at Fellens & Polster's drug store.

E. W. Grove — This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

LETTER TO MOTHERS.

By Mrs. J. H. Haskins, of Chicago, Ill., President Chicago Arcade Club.

Comforting Words to Women Regarding Childbirth.

All who are at all familiar with social life at the southside of Chicago know well the Arcade Club, and will tell you that it is one of the largest and most influential clubs in Chicago. It can be readily understood, therefore, that such a prominent woman as the head of this club could have only one object in view in allowing her portrait and letter to be published in connection with any medicine, and that is, to do good to other suffering mothers. Well does Mrs. Haskins know that there are thousands of women who dread the period of childbirth; thousands who are prostrated nigh unto death at the birth of each child, and for months afterwards are weak and miserable, and almost courting death as a relief from suffering.

A capable mother must be a healthy mother. The experience of maternity should not be approached without careful physical preparation. Care and careful counsel is what the expectant and would-be mother needs, and this counsel she can secure without cost by writing to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass.

Thousands and thousands of women have been carried through this trying ordeal safely and comfortably by a faithful reliance upon **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and Mrs. Haskins generously loans us her name and portrait to help us to convince all skeptical women that health and happiness abounds in **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

MRS. J. H. HASKINS,
President Chicago Arcade Club, Chicago, Ill.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Mothers need not dread childbearing after they know the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** While I loved children I dreaded the ordeal, for it left me weak and sick for months after, and at the time I thought death was a welcome relief; but before my last child was born a good neighbor advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I used that, together with your Pills and Sanative Wash for four months before the child's birth;—it brought me wonderful relief. I hardly had an ache or pain, and when the child was ten days old I left my bed strong in health and happy in mind. Every spring and fall I now take a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and find it keeps me in continual excellent health; $2 or $3 a year keeps me well and strong."—MRS. J. H. HASKINS, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"She is a Pinkham Baby."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot thank you enough for what you have done for me. I wrote you some time ago about not being able to go my full time during pregnancy. Now, after taking the treatment you advised, we have a dear little girl baby, the joy of our home. I tell my friends **she is a Pinkham baby,** for had it not been for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** we never could have had her. My health is good, thanks to your medicine."—MRS. HARRY RUBY, Urbana, Iowa.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Save Your Teeth and Save Yourself.

A good disposition will be ruined by your teeth. We'll keep your teeth in order so that your health may be retained and that will benefit your disposition.

Quality and Fair Dealing . . .

Is what brought our business up to its present standing, and we expect to continue this policy.

Moderate charges. Guaranteed work. Easy way to pay.

Arcade Dental Parlors,

Burket & Baker, Props.

Appointments made by Telephone 627 M. GROUND FLOOR.

TRIES CASE OVER THE 'PHONE.

Mount Vernon, Ky., Feb. 8.—Probably the first instance of the trial of a case over the telephone was reported here yesterday. While Judge Durham, who is magistrate in the Wilde district, was in town on some business, he was called up over the telephone by Constable Harry Jones, who said he had in charge Dan Dickerson, charged with breach of the peace. Dickerson asked an immediate trial and it was agreed to conduct it by wire. Half an hour's use of the telephone by Judge Durham and County Attorney Bethurum at this end and the constable and the defendant at the other, concluded the trial. The defendant's fine, with costs, amounting to $12, was promptly paid.

MRS. SOFFEL IMPROVING.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Soffel, who aided in the escape of the Biddlee and was shot during the battle which resulted in their recapture and death, shows considerable improvement in her condition today. She is suffering more from mental distress than from the wound and it may be a week or more before she can be removed from the Butler hospital to the Pittsburg jail. Her husband, ex-Warden Soffel, has retained counsel for her defense, but says he does not want to see her or have any communication with her in the future. Mrs. Soffel is receiving letters from all over the country. Most of them contain tracts and advice of a religious nature. When she opens a letter and discovers that it is one of this character she turns it over to some of the nurses without reading.

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HUGE DEALS AND STEALS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

FACTS ARE COMING TO LIGHT

CONTRACTS FOR BEEF JOBBED AND REJOBBED.

CECIL RHODES IMPLICATED

PEOPLE GREATLY STIRRED BY THE EXPOSURES.

London, Feb. 8.—The apparent incompetence and, it is claimed, possible dishonesty which permeate the purchasing departments of the British army, as revealed this week in parliament, have caused a public agitation that augurs badly for the war office. Judging from recent and promised disclosures, scarcely any of the supplies for the army in South Africa were secured on business principles. Speculating contractors are now known to have made hundreds of thousands of pounds by re-selling contracts. The opposition vainly endeavored to get details regarding the new contract for the supply of meat, announced by the government in the house of commons, with the view of ascertaining if a saving over the former methods will really be effected. The government successfully avoided answering, but the Associated Press understands that the contract in question was first resold at £10,000 premium and then at £40,000, while Cecil Rhodes and the De Beers group handed over £200,000 and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with fresh meat. These figures are likely to be published here soon, and when known will doubtless add fuel to the fire of public indignation which threatens to center around the secretary for war, Mr. Broderick, as viciously as it did around Lord Lansdowne when the latter was sponsor for the early blunders of the war. A dozen or more committees of investigation are now sitting or are in process of formation, but, as the Saturday Review says, "these are only too often synonyms of oblivion."

"The fact remains," adds the Saturday Review, "that we have been swindled on a very large scale."

While these stringent criticisms of the war department are being publicly aired, there is proceeding beneath the surface a revolt which threatens to be of even greater importance. The leading authorities of the volunteers, including many of the commanders of the best known regiments, several of them being titled persons and nearly all wealthy, are holding frequent meetings to decide on the best method of defeating Mr. Broderick's new volunteer regulations. The committee which Mr. Broderick appointed to hear the grievances only aggravated matters. The commanders of the leading regiments had previously formed themselves into a deputation to wait on Mr. Broderick, and he, temporarily, declined to see them, but the secretary for war stole a march on the members of the deputation by announcing in the house of commons that he had appointed a committee of his own, in which not one of the deputation was included. His action created intense feeling among the members of the original deputation, who privately declared that the new volunteer regulations and the "dead-head committee" were introduced for the sole purpose of making conscription possible.

The colonel of one of the London regiments said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"We know Mr. Broderick wants conscription, though perhaps in a modified form. If his ideas win the day the volunteers will gradually cease to be an effective force and will thereby supply the war office with its strongest argument in favor of compulsory military service, or the enforcement of the old ballot laws. Rather than see that come about we intend to break up our regiments. I have a letter from a distinguished nobleman urging me to take that course, and many other commanding officers contemplate disbanding their regiments."

THAINS CRASH AT CROSSING.

Elkhart, Ind., Feb. 8.—Southbound Big Four passenger train No. 25 and westbound passenger No. 9, on the Grand Trunk, crashed together at the crossing of the two roads at Granger, ten miles north of here, yesterday afternoon. A snow plow had torn away the semaphone and the agent was compelled to resort to hand signals, which the crews of the two engines failed to understand. No one was badly hurt. The Big Four engine struck the Grand Trunk engine, turned it over twice and hurled it against the depot with such force that the building was smashed in. The fireman on the Grand Trunk jumped, but the engineer stuck to his post. The crew of the Big Four engine jumped and all escaped injury. Big Four Conductor Wells, of Benton Harbor, was badly cut about the head. O. L. Winslow, traveling freight agent from Indianapolis; Engineer R. H. Simpson, of Wabash, and the 250 passengers on both trains were slightly bruised or shaken up. Among the passengers were the members of the Belle of New York theatrical company.

IN JUSTICES' COURTS.

Joseph Gladbach has filed an affidavit for surety of the peace against Emanuel Steinhauer. The warrant for arrest was issued from Tancey's court.

Justice Huser at noon today performed the marriage ceremony for Nathan Tilbury and Meda Ott.

Justice Tancey, who has been suffering from a severe neuralgic attack for the past week, was sufficiently recovered to transact some important business for an hour or two this morning.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE

DEMOCRATIC WAR COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Fixing Voting Places for County Primaries and Providing for the Expenses.

The county democratic committee met this afternoon to fix voting places and provide for the expense of holding the primary elections on March 15. There was a full attendance from all the county precincts and all the city wards represented except the Fifth. After the roll call Chairman Berghoff stated that the object of the meeting was to shake down the candidates for the election expenses and that he had estimated those expenses to be between $250 and $275.

By making each candidate bear his proportionate share, taking into consideration the emoluments of the office to which he was aspiring, the individual expense to each would be very small. He explained that in the city it is necessary to pay rental for voting places and that another large item of expense will be the publication of the call and the location of the voting places, which publications are required by law, and this publication would entail a cost of about $150.

The townships were then called and in nearly all instances but one voting place was asked for and that was generally designated as the "centre" school house. On resolution Pleasant township was given two voting places, but in all other townships and towns outside of the city the usual places were designated. The city list will be presented later by the committeemen and will be duly published.

DEATH WAS DUE TO ABSCESS

"BOB" RHODES EXPIRED VERY SUDDENLY.

Well Known Colored Character Who Was Born in Slavery—Lived Here Many Years.

Robert Rhodes, colored, widely known in this city, died very suddenly at 7 o'clock Friday evening at the farm residence of Jesse Ake, near Williamsport. The remains were brought to the city, and the post mortem, conducted under the direction of Coroner Barnett, at the Peltier undertaking establishment, this morning, disclosed the fact that Rhodes' death was due to the bursting of an abscess which had formed upon the right lung.

For many years Rhodes has been living upon the farm of Rodney Ellenwood, and he came to town yesterday to dispose of a lot of poultry. This was sold at an establishment on Fairfield avenue, and about 4 o'clock Rhodes started to return home. Reaching the Ake farm he stopped to water his horse and to warm himself. After sitting beside the stove for some time he arose to resume his journey, and was buttoning his overcoat about him when he suddenly fell backward and expired almost instantly.

Rhodes has been a familiar figure about the city since he came to Fort Wayne in 1875. He was born a slave upon the plantation of Mrs. Dallas, in the Shenandoah valley, Virginia, fifty-four years ago. After coming to Fort Wayne he was for many years a passenger brakeman upon the Pennsylvania railroad, and from his unusual stature came to be known as "Big Bob." Rhodes was industrious and well respected. He was once married, but was divorced about fifteen years ago, and there are no children. His only relative in the city is a sister, Mrs. Moses Moten, of 70 Murray street. Rhodes' aged father is yet living in Virginia, two sisters are at Findlay, Ohio, and two at Crestline. The remains were taken to the residence of Mr. Moten this morning.

WAS STRICKEN BY APOPLEXY

MRS. JULIUS BIEGEL EXPIRES SUDDENLY.

Was Taken Ill Upon the Street and Barely Reached a Neighbor's Home—Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Mary Biegel, wife of Julius Biegel, residing at 64 Madison street, died very suddenly at 6:30 o'clock Friday evening at the residence of John W. Winters, 16 Madison street. Dr. A. E. Van Buskirk, the deputy coroner, who was called in the case, finds that death was due to apoplexy.

But a few minutes previous to her death Mrs. Biegel left her home to do some shopping down town, but when near St. Paul's Lutheran church, at the end of Madison street, she became suddenly ill. Weak and fainting, she managed to reach the door of the Winters residence, rapped and was admitted. Mrs. Biegel was unknown to the Winters family, but it was quickly seen that she was very ill and members of the household assisted her to a chair. She was barely able to respond to the inquiry for her name and address, when she sank into complete unconsciousness and death ensued a moment later.

Mrs. Biegel was fifty-five years of age, born and reared in Allen county and was well and favorably known. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Kline, of Jefferson township. The mother is yet living at the age of eighty-seven. Mrs. Biegel was twice married, her first husband, Joshua Schuster, dying of smallpox in 1882. Some time later she was united in marriage to Julius Biegel, who survives her, together with six children, as follows: Mrs. Chris. Gebfert, Mrs. Paul Denny, of Chicago; Mrs. John Miles, Miss Edna Biegel, Frank and Charles Schuster. Brothers and sisters of the deceased are Mrs. Madeline Ladig, Mrs. Josephine Castleman and James, John, Charles and Peter Kline.

OTTO.

Luther Otto, whose sudden death from heart affection at his home eleven miles north of the city on the Auburn road, was briefly noted in The Sentinel Thursday evening, was a widely known and highly respected farmer, forty-five years of age. He was born and reared in Allen county and leaves the widow and three children, the eldest fourteen years of age. Mr. Otto had always lived upon the old Otto homestead, Perry township, which was formerly owned by his father, Abraham Otto. There are four brothers and two sisters—Edward, Mathias, Pierce and Henry Otto, Mrs. Wagoner, of Huntington, and Mrs. Eliza Frederick, of Auburn.

The post mortem examination under the direction of Coroner Barnett revealed an enlargement and valvular affection of the heart. During the morning Mr. Otto had been engaged in chopping wood. He entered the house shortly after 1 o'clock, dropped exhausted into a chair and complained of a pain in the region of the heart. He died a few moments later. Deputy Sheriff Huguenard, who was passing at the time, was called in and reached Mr. Otto's side a short time before he died.

REICHARDT.

Carl, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Reichardt, of 180 John street, died at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening from exhaustion, at the age of one day.

Funeral services were held from the residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Interment at Concordia.

BROOKS.

Mrs. Mary Brooks, widow of William Brooks and one of the pioneer residents of Milan township, died this morning at the advanced age of eighty-two years. Death was due to the infirmities of age.

Surviving are four sons and one daughter—Albert, Willis and Henry Brooks and Mrs. Sophia Heath, of this county, and Ed Brooks, residing at Mobile, Ala.

The funeral announcement will be made later.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Traub.—Funeral services of Mrs. Marie Traub will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, 150 Holman street, and at 2 o'clock from St. Paul's Lutheran church.

Reuille.—Funeral services of Louis J. Reuille will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence, north of the city, and at 10 o'clock from the Church of the Precious Blood.

Racquet.—Funeral services of William Racquet will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, 69 Elizabeth street, and later from Grace Reformed church.

Archer.—Funeral services of Mrs. Catherine Archer will be held from the residence, north of the city, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—most practical and valuable of cook books—free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

L. P. SHARP IS SECRETARY

GETS PLACE ON REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman Harris Names Executive and Advisory Committees at the Meeting Today.

The republican county central committee held its first meeting this afternoon at the City hall, E. V. Harris, the new county chairman, presiding. R. R. Purman was chosen temporary secretary, and the chairman then announced the selection of L. P. Sharp as permanent secretary of the committee. E. W. Cook was chosen as treasurer.

The appointment of the following committees by Chairman Harris was approved:

Executive Committee—J. W. Esterline, C. S. Bash, W. F. DeVilbiss, E. F. Yarnelle, W. E. Doud, H. I. Hogan, W. J. Vesey, J. B. Harper, D. N. Foster, William Geake, R. S. Robertson, Henry Meyers, Will Urbahns.

Finance Committee—A. R. Walter, C. F. Pfeiffer, F. V. Culbertson, G. H. Loesch, C. B. Fitch, M. Frank, G. W. Pixley.

Advisory Committee—Cyrus Fike, I. N. Medsker, John Morris, jr., Samuel Fisher, John Dreibelbiss, D. B. Ninde, R. G. Thompson, G. P. Evans, J. W. Bell, W. P. Beck, G. W. Wilson, G. E. Bursley, J. B. Kelley, John Ferguson, E. P. Dailey, W. A. Kelsey, E. K. Dorr, J. T. Leach, L. A. Worch, C. R. Higgins, Simon Somers, J. M. Henry, John P. Evans, M. L. Jones, L. F. Curdes, J. W. Sale, F. P. Wilt, G. H. Wilson, O. N. Heaton, A. T. Lukens, W. S. Rogers, William Harter, J. E. Bottenberg, Caleb Townsend, J. H. Simonson, Dr. C. B. Stemen, B. F. Harper, J. K. McCracken, J. W. Hayden, C. R. Lane, Dr. C. C. F. Nieschang, J. W. White, E. C. Eurode, C. A. Wilding, R. S. Taylor, Dr. B. Von Sweringen, A. A. Chapin, William Glenn, Col. C. B. Oakley, T. J. Logan, Henry Hild, Dr. A. P. Buchman, W. L. Pettit, F. D. Hoham, H. G. Keegan, O. S. Hanna, S. L. Morris, S. F. Bowser, R. B. Dreibelbiss, R. B. Hanna.

BETTER BUY GOLDERICK.

(Bluffton Banner.)

That class of individuals whom we are told are soon parted from their money have a great chance just at present. There are about twenty-five Texas oil companies offering to sell stock in "gushers" at from 5 to 50 cents a share. Stock in legitimate oil companies don't go begging for buyers that way. If you have more money than you known what to do with and must fool some of it away, buy gold bricks. They can be used to prop the door open, or throw at the cat, or give to the baby to cut his eye teeth on. Town lots in Florida are a better investment, even if there isn't a town within nine miles of the place.

GETS $3,000 JUDGMENT.

The jury in the Huntington circuit court in the case of Niemann vs. the Fort Wayne Gas company for $10,000 for injuries received while in the employ of the defendant today returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff $3,000 damages. The case was venued from this county.

PIG LIVING IN LUXURY.

At Epping, England, Miss Emily Hampton was summoned to court for keeping a pig in a manner which was dangerous to health. The inspector of nuisances said he found the pig occupying the whole of one room in the defendant's house. It was lying between clean sheets on a feather bed covered with a white lace counterpane. Its head rested on a pillow. The room was furnished like a parlor. There were illuminated texts on the walls, and defendant was kneeling down and kissing the pig and calling it "a naughty boy" because it had eaten a small portion of its pillow. A card in the window read: "Sixpence to see the pig."

Defendant said she had educated the animal to act as a Christian. She had reared it from infancy, and when young it used to occupy a sofa. It always asked to be let out when it wanted to take the fresh air; it never kicked the clothes off the bed, and it was most quiet and peaceable. Ladies and gentlemen came in carriages to see it.

The magistrate gave the defendant six weeks in which to find fresh lodgings for her porcine pet, which is of considerable weight.

A motor car race in which the cars are to run backward is being organized in Belgium.

....WE PLEASE THE PUBLIC....

GLOBE PAINLESS DENTISTS, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Vitalized air for painless extracting of teeth. We employ the latest scientific methods in every department of our practice. Notice the following prices for work:

EXAMINATIONS		GOLD FILLING..$.....75C	
CLEANING	FREE	SILVER FILLINGS.....35C	
EXTRACTING			
BRIDGE WORK.....$2.50		GOLD CROWNS.....$3.50	

$2.50 $2.50

NOTE.—We call especial attention to our aluminum lined plates which are made only by us and for a limited time we will make no extra charges to our patrons.

Globe Painless Dentists, 74 CALHOUN ST. Over H. C. Grossmann's Drug Store.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

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CECIL RHODES IMPLICATED

PEOPLE GREATLY STIRRED BY THE EXPOSURES.

London, Feb. 8.—The apparent incompetence and, it is claimed, possible dishonesty which permeate the purchasing departments of the British army, as revealed this week in parliament, have caused a public agitation that augurs badly for the war office. Judging from recent and promised disclosures, scarcely any of the supplies for the army in South Africa were secured on business principles. Speculating contractors are now known to have made hundreds of thousands of pounds by re-selling contracts. The opposition vainly endeavored to get details regarding the new contract for the supply of meat, announced by the government in the house of commons, with the view of ascertaining if a saving over the former methods will really be effected. The government successfully avoided answering, but the Associated Press understands that the contract in question was first resold at £10,000 premium and then at £40,000, while Cecil Rhodes and the De Beers group handed over £200,000 and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with fresh meat. These figures are likely to be published here soon, and when known will doubtless add fuel to the fire of public indignation which threatens to center around the secretary for war, Mr. Broderick, as viciously as it did around Lord Lansdowne when the latter was sponsor for the early blunders of the war. A dozen or more committees of investigation are now sitting or are in process of formation, but, as the Saturday Review says, "these are only too often synonyms of oblivion."

"The fact remains," adds the Saturday Review, "that we have been swindled on a very large scale."

While these stringent criticisms of the war department are being publicly aired, there is proceeding beneath the surface a revolt which threatens to be of even greater importance. The leading authorities of the volunteers, including many of the commanders of the best known regiments, several of them being titled persons and nearly all wealthy, are holding frequent meetings to decide on the best method of defeating Mr. Broderick's new volunteer regulations. The committee which Mr. Broderick appointed to hear the grievances only aggravated matters. The commanders of the leading regiments had previously formed themselves into a deputation to wait on Mr. Broderick, and he, temporarily, declined to see them, but the secretary for war stole a march on the members of the deputation by announcing in the house of commons that he had appointed a committee of his own, in which not one of the deputation was included. His action created intense feeling among the members of the original deputation, who privately declared that the new volunteer regulations and the "dead-head committee" were introduced for the sole purpose of making conscription possible.

The colonel of one of the London regiments said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"We know Mr. Broderick wants conscription, though perhaps in a modified form. If his ideas win the day the volunteers will gradually cease to be an effective force and will thereby supply the war office with its strongest argument in favor of compulsory military service, or the enforcement of the old ballot laws. Rather than see that come about we intend to break up our regiments. I have a letter from a distinguished nobleman urging me to take that course, and many other commanding officers contemplate disbanding their regiments."

THAINS CRASH AT CROSSING.

Elkhart, Ind., Feb. 8.—Southbound Big Four passenger train No. 25 and westbound passenger No. 9, on the Grand Trunk, crashed together at the crossing of the two roads at Granger, ten miles north of here, yesterday afternoon. A snow plow had torn away the semaphone and the agent was compelled to resort to hand signals, which the crews of the two engines failed to understand. No one was badly hurt. The Big Four engine struck the Grand Trunk engine, turned it over twice and hurled it against the depot with such force that the building was smashed in. The fireman on the Grand Trunk jumped, but the engineer stuck to his post. The crew of the Big Four engine jumped and all escaped injury. Big Four Conductor Wells, of Benton Harbor, was badly cut about the head. O. L. Winslow, traveling freight agent from Indianapolis; Engineer R. H. Simpson, of Wabash, and the 250 passengers on both trains were slightly bruised or shaken up. Among the passengers were the members of the Belle of New York theatrical company.

IN JUSTICES' COURTS.

Joseph Gladbach has filed an affidavit for surety of the peace against Emanuel Steinhauer. The warrant for arrest was issued from Tancey's court.

Justice Huser at noon today performed the marriage ceremony for Nathan Tilbury and Meda Ott.

Justice Tancey, who has been suffering from a severe neuralgic attack for the past week, was sufficiently recovered to transact some important business for an hour or two this morning.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE

DEMOCRATIC WAR COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Fixing Voting Places for County Primaries and Providing for the Expenses.

The county democratic committee met this afternoon to fix voting places and provide for the expense of holding the primary elections on March 15. There was a full attendance from all the county precincts and all the city wards represented except the Fifth. After the roll call Chairman Berghoff stated that the object of the meeting was to shake down the candidates for the election expenses and that he had estimated those expenses to be between $250 and $275.

By making each candidate bear his proportionate share, taking into consideration the emoluments of the office to which he was aspiring, the individual expense to each would be very small. He explained that in the city it is necessary to pay rental for voting places and that another large item of expense will be the publication of the call and the location of the voting places, which publications are required by law, and this publication would entail a cost of about $150.

The townships were then called and in nearly all instances but one voting place was asked for and that was generally designated as the "centre" school house. On resolution Pleasant township was given two voting places, but in all other townships and towns outside of the city the usual places were designated. The city list will be presented later by the committeemen and will be duly published.

DEATH WAS DUE TO ABSCESS

"BOB" RHODES EXPIRED VERY SUDDENLY.

Well Known Colored Character Who Was Born in Slavery—Lived Here Many Years.

Robert Rhodes, colored, widely known in this city, died very suddenly at 7 o'clock Friday evening at the farm residence of Jesse Ake, near Williamsport. The remains were brought to the city, and the post mortem, conducted under the direction of Coroner Barnett, at the Peltier undertaking establishment, this morning, disclosed the fact that Rhodes' death was due to the bursting of an abscess which had formed upon the right lung.

For many years Rhodes has been living upon the farm of Rodney Ellenwood, and he came to town yesterday to dispose of a lot of poultry. This was sold at an establishment on Fairfield avenue, and about 4 o'clock Rhodes started to return home. Reaching the Ake farm he stopped to water his horse and to warm himself. After sitting beside the stove for some time he arose to resume his journey, and was buttoning his overcoat about him when he suddenly fell backward and expired almost instantly.

Rhodes has been a familiar figure about the city since he came to Fort Wayne in 1875. He was born a slave upon the plantation of Mrs. Dallas, in the Shenandoah valley, Virginia, fifty-four years ago. After coming to Fort Wayne he was for many years a passenger brakeman upon the Pennsylvania railroad, and from his unusual stature came to be known as "Big Bob." Rhodes was industrious and well respected. He was once married, but was divorced about fifteen years ago, and there are no children. His only relative in the city is a sister, Mrs. Moses Moten, of 70 Murray street. Rhodes' aged father is yet living in Virginia, two sisters are at Findlay, Ohio, and two at Crestline. The remains were taken to the residence of Mr. Moten this morning.

WAS STRICKEN BY APOPLEXY

MRS. JULIUS BIEGEL EXPIRES SUDDENLY.

Was Taken Ill Upon the Street and Barely Reached a Neighbor's Home—Mortuary Matters.

Mrs. Mary Biegel, wife of Julius Biegel, residing at 64 Madison street, died very suddenly at 6:30 o'clock Friday evening at the residence of John W. Winters, 18 Madison street. Dr. A. E. Van Buskirk, the deputy coroner, who was called in the case, finds that death was due to apoplexy.

But a few minutes previous to her death Mrs. Biegel left her home to do some shopping down town, but when near St. Paul's Lutheran church, at the end of Madison street, she became suddenly ill. Weak and fainting, she managed to reach the door of the Winters residence, rapped and was admitted. Mrs. Biegel was unknown to the Winters family, but it was quickly seen that she was very ill and members of the household assisted her to a chair. She was barely able to respond to the inquiry for her name and address, when she sank into complete unconsciousness and death ensued a moment later.

Mrs. Biegel was fifty-five years of age, born and reared in Allen county and was well and favorably known. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Kline, of Jefferson township. The mother is yet living at the age of eighty-seven. Mrs. Biegel was twice married, her first husband, Joshua Schuster, dying of smallpox in 1882. Some time later she was united in marriage to Julius Biegel, who survives her, together with six children, as follows: Mrs. Chris. Gebfert, Mrs. Paul Denny, of Chicago; Mrs. John Miles, Miss Edna Biegel, Frank and Charles Schuster. Brothers and sisters of the deceased are Mrs. Madeline Ladig, Mrs. Josephine Castleman and James, John, Charles and Peter Kline.

OTTO.

Luther Otto, whose sudden death from heart affection at his home eleven miles north of the city on the Auburn road, was briefly noted in The Sentinel Thursday evening, was a widely known and highly respected farmer, forty-five years of age. He was born and reared in Allen county and leaves the widow and three children, the eldest fourteen years of age. Mr. Otto had always lived upon the old Otto homestead, Perry township, which was formerly owned by his father, Abraham Otto. There are four brothers and two sisters—Edward, Mathias, Pierce and Henry Otto, Mrs. Wagoner, of Huntington, and Mrs. Eliza Frederick, of Auburn.

The post mortem examination under the direction of Coroner Barnett revealed an enlargement and valvular affection of the heart. During the morning Mr. Otto had been engaged in chopping wood. He entered the house shortly after 1 o'clock, dropped exhausted into a chair and complained of a pain in the region of the heart. He died a few moments later. Deputy Sheriff Huguenard, who was passing at the time, was called in and reached Mr. Otto's side a short time before he died.

REICHARDT.

Carl, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Reichardt, of 180 John street, died at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening from exhaustion, at the age of one day.

Funeral services were held from the residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Interment at Concordia.

BROOKS.

Mrs. Mary Brooks, widow of William Brooks and one of the pioneer residents of Milan township, died this morning at the advanced age of eighty-two years. Death was due to the infirmities of age.

Surviving are four sons and one daughter—Albert, Willis and Henry Brooks and Mrs. Sophia Heath, of this county, and Ed Brooks, residing at Mobile, Ala.

The funeral announcement will be made later.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Traub.—Funeral services of Mrs. Marie Traub will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, 150 Holman street, and at 2 o'clock from St. Paul's Lutheran church.

Reuille.—Funeral services of Louis J. Reuille will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence, north of the city, and at 10 o'clock from the Church of the Precious Blood.

Racquet.—Funeral services of William Racquet will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, 69 Elizabeth street, and later from Grace Reformed church.

Archer.—Funeral services of Mrs. Catherine Archer will be held from the residence, north of the city, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—most practical and valuable of cook books—free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

L. P. SHARP IS SECRETARY

GETS PLACE ON REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman Harris Names Executive and Advisory Committees at the Meeting Today.

The republican county central committee held its first meeting this afternoon at the City hall, E. V. Harris, the new county chairman, presiding. R. R. Purman was chosen temporary secretary, and the chairman then announced the selection of L. P. Sharp as permanent secretary of the committee. E. W. Cook was chosen as treasurer.

The appointment of the following committees by Chairman Harris was approved:

Executive Committee—J. W. Esterline, C. S. Bash, W. F. DeVilbiss, E. F. Yarnelle, W. E. Doud, H. I. Hogan, W. J. Vesey, J. B. Harper, D. N. Foster, William Geake, R. S. Robertson, Henry Meyers, Will Urbahns.

Finance Committee—A. R. Walter, C. F. Pfeiffer, F. V. Culbertson, G. H. Loesch, C. B. Fitch, M. Frank, G. W. Pixley.

Advisory Committee—Cyrus Pike, I. N. Medsker, John Morris, jr., Samuel Fisher, John Dreibelbiss, D. B. Ninde, R. G. Thompson, G. P. Evans, J. W. Bell, W. P. Beck, G. W. Wilson, G. E. Bursley, J. B. Kelley, John Ferguson, E. P. Dailey, W. A. Kelsey, E. K. Dorr, J. T. Leach, L. A. Worch, C. R. Higgins, Simon Somers, J. M. Henry, John P. Evans, M. L. Jones, L. F. Curdes, J. W. Sale, F. P. Wilt, G. H. Wilson, O. N. Heaton, A. T. Lukens, W. S. Rogers, William Harter, J. E. Bottenberg, Caleb Townsend, J. H. Simonson, Dr. C. B. Stemen, B. F. Harper, J. K. McCracken, J. W. Hayden, C. R. Lane, Dr. C. C. F. Nieschang, J. W. White, E. C. Burode, C. A. Wilding, R. S. Taylor, Dr. B. Von Sweringen, A. A. Chapin, William Glenn, Col. C. B. Oakley, T. J. Logan, Henry Hild, Dr. A. P. Buchman, W. L. Pettit, F. D. Hoham, H. G. Keegan, O. S. Hanna, S. L. Morris, S. F. Bowser, R. B. Dreibelbiss, R. B. Hanna.

BETTER BUY GOLDBRICK.

(Bluffton Banner)

That class of individuals whom we are told are soon parted from their money have a great chance just at present. There are about twenty-five Texas oil companies offering to sell stock in "gushers" at from 5 to 50 cents a share. Stock in legitimate oil companies don't go begging for buyers that way. If you have more money than you known what to do with and must fool some of it away, buy gold bricks. They can be used to prop the door open, or throw at the cat, or give to the baby to cut his eye teeth on. Town lots in Florida are a better investment, even if there isn't a town within nine miles of the place.

GETS $3,000 JUDGMENT.

The jury in the Huntington circuit court in the case of Niemann vs. the Fort Wayne Gas company for $10,000 for injuries received while in the employ of the defendant today returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff $3,000 damages. The case was venued from this county.

PIG LIVING IN LUXURY.

At Epping, England, Miss Emily Hampton was summoned to court for keeping a pig in a manner which was dangerous to health. The inspector of nuisances said he found the pig occupying the whole of one room in the defendant's house. It was lying between clean sheets on a feather bed covered with a white lace counterpane. Its head rested on a pillow. The room was furnished like a parlor. There were illuminated texts on the walls, and defendant was kneeling down and kissing the pig and calling it "a naughty boy" because it had eaten a small portion of its pillow. A card in the window read: "Sixpense to see the pig."

Defendant said she had educated the animal to act as a Christian. She had reared it from infancy, and when young it used to occupy a sofa. It always asked to be let out when it wanted to take the fresh air; it never kicked the clothes off the bed, and it was most quiet and peaceable. Ladies and gentlemen came in carriages to see it.

The magistrate gave the defendant six weeks in which to find fresh lodgings for her porcine pet, which is of considerable weight.

A motor car race in which the cars are to run backward is being organized in Belgium.

....WE PLEASE THE PUBLIC....

GLOBE PAINLESS DENTISTS, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Vitalized air for painless extracting of teeth. We employ the latest scientific methods in every department of our practice. Notice the following prices for work:

EXAMINATIONS		GOLD FILLING..S.....75C	
CLEANING	FREE	SILVER FILLINGS.....25C	
EXTRACTING			
BRIDGE WORK.....$2.50		GOLD CROWNS.....$2.50	

$2.50

$2.50

NOTE.—We call especial attention to our aluminum lined plates which are made only by us and for a limited time we will make no extra charges to our patrons.

Globe Painless Dentists, 74 CALHOUN ST. Over H. C. Graneman's Drug Store.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

The Weather..

Is not spring-like just now, but our store is rapidly putting on its spring dress. Bright, new spring fabrics will greet you in every department to remind you of bright days to come.

New Wash Silks

Are here in a lavish assortment of pretty styles. You'll find them of better quality than you usually see at the price.

Muslin Underwear

If you appreciate under muslins that are well made and daintily trimmed, our showing will interest you. We offer some exceptional values in Gowns, Skirts and Corset Covers. They are new arrivals; see them while they are fresh and clean.

Spring, 1902 Ginghams

A bigger and better variety of these serviceable fabrics than we have ever shown before, pretty in style, dainty in coloring, and excellent in quality. Priced from 7c to 25c a yard. Make your selections early before the assortment is broken.

Take a Glance

At the new Embroideries, you will admire them, we know, for the styles are dainty, the qualities superb and the values better than we or you have ever known before. They are at the lace counter, first aisle right.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

A Cold Weather Suggestion.

25 Per Cent. Off On Underwear.

F. H. Bohne & Bro., 84 and 252 Calhoun Street.

Grand January Fur Sale.

Stephen's Furs at a great reduction in price, but not in quality. Either from stock or made to order. No cull stock, and our prices are reduced from honest prices.

$300.00 Alaska Seal Jackets at $250.00.
$250.00 Alaska Seal Jackets at $200.00.
$150.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $110.00.
$125.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $100.00.
$110.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $85.00.
$55.00 Near Seal Jackets at $45.00.
$50.00 Near Seal Jackets at $40.00.
$45.00 Electric Seal Jackets at $35.00.
$35.00 Electric Seal Jackets at $25.00.

Collarettes, Capes, Boas, Scarfs—yes, everything in the Fur line at the same proportion. You can select the skins and have your garment made to your own measurements at the same great reduction.

E. A. Stephens,
29 E. Berry Street.

Patch Up Your Suit—

With a new pair of trousers. Followng our usual custom we inaugurate our semi-annual sale of heavy-weight trouserings. This is the season of the year that you need a new pair of trousers and we are prepared to make them for you at a considerable saving to you. Fine all worsted trousering that sold at $7 and $8. go in this sale for SIX DOLLARS. The higher grades reduced in the same proportion. See our window display.

I. Mautner & Co.
52 CALHOUN ST.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1902.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms 650
Business Office 173

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Forecast for Indiana—Fair and continued cold tonight and Sunday; northwest winds.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Gertrude Hanna is visiting friends in Ann Arbor.

Miss Louise Brandt is home from a visit in Logansport.

Miss Delia Reed, of 148 East Lewis street, is seriously ill.

William Palmer, of Evanston, Ill., was the guest yesterday of Dr. J. D. Chambers.

Mrs. Samuel Elliot will entertain the Athena Thimble club on Thursday afternoon.

Miss Tena Ulrich has returned home to Plymouth after a visit with Miss Ella Garrison.

The Nous Temps club will meet Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frank Gerrard.

The Epicurean club will hold a meeting at the city hall at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Rev. J. L. Leeper will occupy the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church at both services tomorrow

Messrs. R. Rippon and O. Mehrman, of Toledo, are in the city adjusting the clocks at the Western Union office.

The Mulqueen Dancing academy will give a reception to its pupils and friends on Tuesday evening. The Annex orchestra will play.

Anthony Wayne council No. 156, Royal League, will have a smoker at Harmony hall Monday evening. Refreshments will be served.

Miss Pauline Ducker, of Buffalo, N. Y. a gifted pianist, will arrive in the city tomorrow to take a position in the Hanker dancing academy.

The B. of D. club, of Library hall, gave a dance last evening in Knights of Columbus hall and over eighty couples were in attendance. Music for the dance program was furnished by the Conklin & Swaidner orchestra.

BEST MICHIGAN POTATOES, 85C BUSHEL.

Fancy Medium Hams, 12c lb.
Fancy California Hams, 9c lb.
Fancy Lean Bacon, 13c lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 23c doz.
All City Flour, $4.00 bbl.
Kansas Imperial Flour, $4.00 bbl.
Sandwich Sliced Ham, 24c lb.
Frankfort Sausages, 10c lb.
Best Cream Cheese, 14c lb.
Best Limburg Cheese, 15c lb.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Grand Prize Masquerade, Shrove Tuesday, Feb. 11, at Saengerbund Hall, given by Turnverein Vorwaerts; 15 valuable prizes. Admission, 50c couple.

FEBRUARY CARPET SALE.

All the brightest, handsomest and newest lines of 1902 Carpets are here.

By making a small deposit we will keep your selection and lay it within 60 days without charge.

Smith's Axminster Carpets, new spring designs and colorings, $1.10 and $1.25 yd.

Velvet Carpets, standard makes, new designs and colorings, 85c and $1.10 yd.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, complete assortment of patterns, 63, 73 and 83c yd.

Extra Super Ingrain Carpets, forty patterns to select from, 66c yd.

Half Wool and Ingrain Carpets, up from 30c yd.

Wild's and Imported Linoleums, extra quality, 50c sq. yd.

Axminster and Brussels rug size remnants, $1.20 and 95c.

Rug Fringe, 9c yd.; 3 for 25c.

200 rolls of fancy Mattings, all new patterns, up from 12½c yd.

Rugs, all sizes, large and small, at the lowest prices.

Bissel's Nickel Cy-Co Sweepers at $2.65.

Carpet Whips, 10 and 12c.

Our supply of Carpets, etc., consists of several hundred rolls. The large room, 50x60 feet, on third floor, is devoted to this department.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs. M. A. Buck, of Harrett, is in the city under treatment by a specialist.

HOUSE NUMBERS.

Just received a supply of House Numbers at 5c and 9c each.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

J. R. Loftus, general manager of agencies for the Physicians' Guarantee company, has gone east on a business trip.

ORIENTAL RUGS.

In order to close out the remaining Oriental Rugs, we offer 33 1-3 per cent. discount from regular prices.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

GOES TO PRISON

YOUNG WEAVER GIVEN SEVERE PENALTY BY COURT.

TRIED TO SLAY HIS FATHER

ENTERED A PLEA OF GUILT TO THE CHARGE.

PILLARS CASE IS SETTLED

GENERAL NEWS OF COURTS AND COURT HOUSE.

This morning William Weaver, the young man from Sheldon, who made a murderous assault on his father last Wednesday and entered a plea to the affidavit of information filed by the prosecutor, subsequent to his preliminary hearing in France's court, at which he was bound over to the circuit court in the sum of $1,000. He pleaded guilty and after hearing same evidence in the case Judge O'Rourke sentenced the young man to serve an indeterminate sentence from two to fourteen years. Young Weaver was taken back to jail and will be removed to Jeffersonville about Monday next.

Tuesday, January 28, young Weaver filled himself with liquor and went gunning for his parent with the avowed intention of killing him. He did not succeed, though according to the youth's own story, he was pursuing his quest in right good faith. He claims his father had driven him from home for drinking and he proposed to have revenge.

SMITH CASE BOBS UP AGAIN.

On application of Eliza Smith, Phillip B. Smith, her husband, was today restrained from disposing of any property or property interests of which he may be possessed, pending divorce proceedings also instituted by the plaintiff in the above cause. Considerable more than a year ago Mrs. Smith sued her husband for support and the court ordered the payment to her of a sum equivalent to about $18 per month. Occasionally Smith failed to pay the amount and was as frequently cited to appear in court to show cause why he made such failure. The parties have been living apart, but are not divorced, and so to vary the monotony Phillip was alleged to occasionally seek other female company and Mrs. Smith, hearing about it, would have him arrested for provoke. For about a month last summer the troubles of the Smiths were aired every day or two in the various justices' courts. Smith, it is said, wanted a divorce, to which Mrs. Smith would not consent, because as she said one day at a trial at Tancey's court, "it would please him to well." She has changed her mind, evidently, and today filed an application for legal separation and alimony.

DIVORCE SUIT SETTLED.

The Pillers divorce case came to an abrupt ending so far as the trial was concerned shortly after court convened this morning and was definitely terminated a few hours later. A short time after Special Judge Branyan had taken his seat on the superior court bench the attorneys interested in the trial asked leave to prepare a motion for settlement. The attorneys then retired and before noon the case was taken out of court. By agreement Mrs. Pillers is given the custody of the daughter, aged 7, and the father is given the custody of the boy, aged 11. The divorce was granted to the plaintiff. On the division of the property an amicable arrangement was made, involving the transfer of certain insurance policies. Judge Branyan made the order of the court approving the settlement and the case was then wiped off the docket.

COURT NOTES.

Jeremiah F. Betz was today adjudged of unsound mind by Judge O'Rourke, and his sister, Mrs. Susan A. Boger, was appointed his guardian. The guardian immediately qualified in the sum of $500.

Judge Aiken is still at Huntington engaged in trying a case in which he is sitting as special judge and present indications are that he will not be able to resume his seat in the Allen superior court before next Tuesday at the earliest.

In the circuit court today an old case of Laura Devaux vs. Frank France was dismissed, as was one of George Wilhelm against the Fort Wayne Consolidated Street Railway company, the latter at the defendant's costs.

The county commissioners today completed the placing of $50,000 fire insurance on the new court house. The insurance was distributed among a dozen local agencies. While the court house is presumed to be as near fire proof as any building can practically be, it would not be proof against the effects of a serious conflagration adjacent to it. A fire, for instance which might destroy any of the adjacent blocks would have a material damaging effect upon the exterior walls. The insurance was placed as a matter of purely business precaution.

J. Kannel, of Angola, is at the Randall.

PROGRAM OF SPECIAL MUSIC.

The following program will be rendered at the First Presbyterian church by the choir tomorrow evening:

Chorus—"He is Watching Over Israel" ..... Mendelssohn
Duet—"In His Hands are the Corners of the Earth" .....
P. A. Schnelker, Mrs. S. C. Moffat and Mrs. Wm. Miles.
Chorus—"Gloria" ..... Mozart
Quartet—Selected...Haydn Quartet
Solo—"Abide With Me" .....
..... Reginald de Koven
Mrs. Miles.
Anthem ..... Ethelbert Nevin
Choir.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William H. Clark and Hattie A. Baker.

Nathan Tilbury and Meda Ott.

William H. Jones and Zetta R. Schlemmer.

TO ESTABLISH MACHINE SHOP.

The Meyer Cycle company has leased the room adjoining the bicycle store on the west and will within a few weeks establish a thoroughly equipped machine shop. Several thousand dollars will be expended for machinery and tools, and the shop will be up to date in every respect. Several machinists will be employed, and in connection with the shop there will be a bicycle repair department. McPhail Bros., plumbers, who occupy the store at present, will move to other quarters in a few weeks.

CITY COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

The committee on finance and streets is in session this afternoon.

This afternoon the council committee on franchises and the special committee on street railway franchises were called to meet at the city hall this evening at 7:30.

The special committee to consider the Jenney Electric Light company's new contract and proposition was also this afternoon called to meet on Monday evening.

'RASTUS A MERCHANT.

Forms a Partnership With J. H. Cook in the Cigar Business.

"The London" is the name of the new cigar store and shine parlor that will be opened to the public tomorrow at No. 1210 (new number) Calhoun street, just below Lewis street. The proprietors of the new place are E. F. Russ and J. H. Cook, both well known gentlemen, and that the new venture will be a success from the start is beyond doubt. The store room has been nicely furnished with everything necessary for the conducting of the combined business and every one who knows 'Rastus Russ is aware that he would not be connected with any business that was not up to the top notch in style and equipment. The new firm extends a cordial invitation to all their friends to call.

SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER.

The new departure of the Calderwood Hotel, of South Calhoun street, embracing the idea of a Metropolitan Sunday Dinner has been so popularly patronized that the management has decided to repeat it and will serve the following elegant menu from 12 to 2 o'clock Sunday, Feb. 9:

MENU.

Soup
Mock Turtle
Olives Sweet Pickles Celery
Roast Ribs of Prime Beef, Demi Glace
Young Turkey, Chestnut Dressing, Cranberry Sauce
Brazed Beef, Au Jus
Bartlett's Pears, Fritters Maraschino
Calf Sweet Breads, Larded, Macedoine
Mashed Potatoes
Candi Sweet Potatoes
French Peas Fried Parsnips
Potato Salad Cream Slaw
Cocoanut Suffiay
Hot Mince Pie Nuts Pumpkin Pie
Assorted Cake Edam Cheese
Water Crackers
Tea Coffee Milk

THOROUGHLY SATISFIED.

People's Mutual Burial Association:

I am thoroughly satisfied with my claim and received more than I expected. Accept my sincere thanks for the gentlemanly way in which your company has acted towards me in promptly paying the claim due me at the death of my father, the late Robert Steinbrunner, of 24 West Williams street.

KATHARINE F. BARNES.

10c per week STAHN'S 10c per week

Circulating Library. New books received:

Sir Richard Calmady.
Carolina Cavalier.
Velvet Glove.
Fifth String. J. Fh. Sousa.
Schley at Santiago.
And all other popular books to be had for 10c a week.

Theo. M. Leary, agent of James O'Neill, is at the Wayne.

LOCAL LINES.

Rev. S. L. Shirley, of Columbia City, is at the New Aveline.

John Christman, of Van Buren, is visiting relatives in the city.

Ed J. Fisher will spend Sunday the guest of friends in Indianapolis.

Hugh M. Beaver will leave this evening for a visit at Fredericktown, Ohio.

Dr. N. N. Aspinall, of Eaton, Ind., transacted business in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Eva McCausland, of Pritchard street, is quite ill with an attack of rheumatism.

Peter Wickliffe, residing at Bunnion avenue and Spring street, is reported quite ill.

Messrs. J. A. Wallen, of Angola, and A. D. Adams, of Peru, are registered at the Rich hotel.

Master George Geake, the young son of Contractor William Geake, is quite seriously ill.

Among the visitors in the city today are J. D. Clugston and S. F. Musser, of Lagrange.

The Epicurean club will have a business meeting in the council chamber in the city hall Sunday afternoon.

The Shamrock Literary club will meet tomorrow afternoon in the club rooms at 138 Calhoun street to transact important business.

Miss Anna Clark, who has been teaching school in Aboit township, has been compelled to temporarily abandon her duties on account of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Goff, of 2032 South Clinton street, entertained the Zero Pedro club last evening. Mrs. E. E. Anderson and Dr. H. L. Porter carried off the first prizes and Mrs. F. Carter and Nelson Himes received the consolation prizes. The guests of honor were Miss Ettie Gilliland, of Auburn, Ind., and Mrs. C. A. Coder, of Chicago.

EAST BUFALO MARKETS.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 110 head; market quiet and unchanged; veals, tops, $8.75@9.50; light to good, $6.50@8.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,500 head; market steady; heavy, $6.50@6.65; mixed packers, $6.40@6.50; pigs, $5.90@6.00; roughs, $5.25@5.60; stags, $4.00@4.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000 head; market slow for lambs; top lambs, $6.15@6.25; culls to fair, $4.25@6.00; sheep steady; top mixed, $4.70@4.90; culls to good, $3.00@4.65; wethers, $4.90@5.50; yearlings, $5.25@5.75.

FOR SALE.

A stock of boots and shoes. Will invoice between four and five thousand dollars. Good reason for selling. For particulars address, Shoes, care Sentinel.

Rev. H. Weber, a representative of the Watch Tower Bible and Tract society, will preach on "The Plan of the Ages" Sunday at 3 p. m., Feb. 9, 1902, at 199 Lafayette street. No collections.

Monday is the last day to pay your natural and artificial gas bills without penalty.

All moving pictures at the Temple Saturday evening and matinee. 10, 20 and 30 cents. Last scenes of President McKinley. 4t5

Dr. Carrie B. Banning,

Office and Residence,

181 CLINTON STREET.

YOUNG WOMEN.
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.

Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:40

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

On Monday evening, February 17th, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock, there will be a meeting of the Bruderliche Unterstutzungs Verein, at Harmony hall, for the purpose of electing two trustees for the term of three years.

C. H. BUCK, Pres.
W. C. BAADE, Sec. 1-8-15

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 2tf

If You Would Be Happy

Be careful what you eat. There's a theory afloat that low grade food makes a low grade man. It may not be true. Still, owners of fine horses are particular about the feed—and man is just another kind of animal.

It's just as well to be on the safe side and buy groceries made from pure food.

Malta Vita, 1 pkg., 13c.
Grape Nuts, 2 pkgs., 25c.
Cream of Wheat 1 pkg., 13c.
Seeded Wheat, 1 pkg., 12c.
Postum Cereals, 1 large pkg., 25c.

Wiegman's Cash Store,
199 Lafayette St.
Home phone 582.
Bell 491, Green.

—THE—
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits .....
One Dollar
— AND UP
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.

CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Ass't Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster, Andrew E. Hoffman,
Charles S. Bash, John C. Peters,
George W. Pixley, William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman, Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul, John B. Rouse,
Charles A. Wilding, David Studebaker.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.
Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on stock
LOANS MONEY
at Low Rates.
Is a friend to rich and poor.
Assets $600,000

U. S. Stamps.

Gives the biggest premiums in the world for the least number of stamps. See them at store, 140 Calhoun St., and get books and pages free.

"It's a good thing SEAVEY'S have it."

Now shipments of the latest designs just received again make our stock complete. We sell only first-class HOUSE NUMBERS. The very best in SOLID BRONZE, OLD COPPERED, and CAST ALUMINUM, and our prices are right. This is the time to renumber your dwellings, and we have the house numbers you want. Call early before the assortment is again broken.

BOTH PHONES 149 SEAVEY UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 W. MAIN ST.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM
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A PUBLIC PROMISE.

With every bottle of SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR sold by this firm goes the absolute promise to repay the purchase price, if no benefit results from its use for any blood trouble, shattered nerves, weakness or debility, kidney and liver disease, and a stomach that does not do its work. If you are not well, call and let us make you so.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM,
Sole Agents, 88 Calhoun St.

HOW MUCH MORE SELF-COMPLACENT you feel knowing your appearance is pleasing. The face and hands suffer most from exposure's hardships and get the least care. A wrinkled, sallow, blemished, or blotched skin needs skin food. Chapped, cracking, rough, red, tender hands need a vegetable emollient. An all-healing, creamy essence of plant milk, beautifying balsams, and fragrant flowers is found in Satin-Skin Cream, magical skin curative, peerless household, home remedy. Apply it to any irritated surface. Note its quick absorption, how eagerly the skin accepts it. This is because it's genuine skin food. Satin-Skin Powder is extra fluffy, very fine, adhesive, invisible. Best for you because best made: Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, only 25c each. Free sample from Albert F. Wood, Mfr., Detroit, Mich. Sold at Hurode Dr. Goods Co

..Troy Laundry..

Our process is the very latest, up-to-date, and we are always the first to adopt the new devices for improving our methods and grade of finished work. If not a patron already, try us and be convinced. Both 'phones, 160. 48 and 50 Pearl street.

F. L. Jones & Co., Props.

..GO TO TONY'S FOR STAMPS..

Everybody can get either Uncle Sam or Green Trading Stamps with their groceries at the Broadway Delicatessen and up-to-date grocery.

TONY MANWEILER, Prop.,
130 BROADWAY.
Home phone 1175 Main.
Bell 521 Green.

TRINITY TABLETS
HAVE YOU SICK BOWELS?
Constipation is the forerunner of many diseases. Treat it at once.
TRINITY TABLETS CURE
By mild, easy action through the entire tract of the bowels. Have no reaction, are not a violent purgative. TRINITY TABLETS are entirely vegetable. Pleasant to take, act while you sleep and induce no discomfort. TRINITY TABLETS CURE CONSTIPATION and INDIGESTION. Regulate the Liver, prevent Nervousness, Biliousness, Sick Headaches. 10c for a Box. Address Trinity Medical Concern, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Febs-s-tim

DR. S. H. HAVICE.
Practice limited to diseases of
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours from 8 to 12—1 to 4 p. m.
Office phone 252; residence, 1117.

Renumber Your House...
BUY YOUR NUMBERS FROM
F. M. Smith & Co.
WHERE YOU WILL FIND A GOOD VARIETY AND REGULATION SIZE ONLY.
F. M. Smith & Co.
22 CALHOUN ST.

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PLUMBING,
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GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.
No. 135 Calhoun Street.
...Phone 207.

J. C. Peltier.
Undertaker and Embalmer.
NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

SAYS LAWS ARE VIOLATED

GENERAL PEARSON WRITES TO THE PRESIDENT.

Declares There is British Camp at New Orleans and He Wants to Move Against It.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Gen. Samuel Pearson, who has figured prominently as the representative of the South African burghers, has sent a letter to President Roosevelt which indicates an intention on his part to take some action which may bring the shipments of mules before the country in a new light.

No reply has been made to the communication, in which General Pearson declares that "at the port of Chalmette, a few miles below New Orleans, a British post has been established, and men and soldiers are there assembled and are there daily engaged in warlike operations, and are there for the purpose of the renewal and augmentation of military supplies and for the recruitment of men.

"No concealment has been made of the facts I have stated. The war is carried on by officers in the army of Edward VII. openly at Port Chalmette in all respects except that they do not appear in uniform.

"Will I be permitted to strike these with the force I might assemble here? I pray your excellency either to put an end to this state of affairs or permit me to strike here one blow.

"With every respect to the authority of the United States government, may I not consider your silence or inaction the equivalent of consent for me to stop the further violation of the neutrality laws at this port, or to carry on war here for the burghers?"

MISS ROOSEVELT IS WARNED.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 8.—A protest against the visit of Miss Alice Roosevelt, the president's daughter, attending the coronation of King Edward VII. has been made public by the United Irish societies of Cincinnati through their president, Joseph P. Kealty. It reads:

"Alice should be careful not to let the enemy-making English government use her presence in England to engender enmity between our nation and any one of England's many enemies. Her visit may be productive of much good if Alice could be induced to carry a prayerful petition containing the signatures of a million mothers for mercy for the Boer babies.

"If Alice should through the hearts of the mothers of England free a thousand Boer mothers' heavy hearts from anguish every four weeks she would not return to meet the sullen scorn of an offended people, but she would be met by the love, the approbation and the joyous acclaim of every American mother and patriotic father in the land."

TABLET TO VICTIMS OF MARY.

New York, Feb. 8.—An interesting ceremony has taken place in the vault of St. Peter's church, in the Tower of London, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. The ceremony was the erection of a tablet recording that within the walls of the vault were deposited chests containing the remains of many distinguished persons who had been beheaded on Tower hill, and which for a time were interred beneath the floor of the chancel and nave. The removal of these remains, which included the bones of Lady Jane Grey, her husband, Lord Guilford Dudley; the duke of Northumberland and the duke of Suffolk, all executed during the reign of Queen Mary, was carried out about forty years ago.

DIE IN A CAR WORKS FIRE.

Horton, Kan., Feb. 8.—Fire in the big car works of the Rock Island railroad yesterday afternoon caused the death of two persons and a loss of $325,000. The dead: McKeon, P. H., president of the board of education; Davis, W. H., the oldest employe of the car works. The fire spread so rapidly that the employes on the second floor barely escaped with their lives, many being slightly injured. Mr. McKeon lost his life trying to save Davis.

WRECKED BY A WATERSPOUT.

New York, Feb. 8.—A waterspout has wrecked a station on the Jeronimo Mezzuita Central railway, causing many deaths and great damage on plantations, according to a Herald dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PARTY ORGAN FOR MANILA.

New York, Feb. 8.—A republican newspaper controlled by Americans will be established at Manila, according to a Herald dispatch. At present there is not a single American newspaper in the islands, the Daily American having been sold recently to an English syndicate. It is probable that one or two pages of the newspaper will be printed in Tagalog. Present plans are to have this department edited by some well known educator, and it is to consist largely of lessons in American history.

IN NORTHERN INDIANA

E. D. Kinneman, of Marion, may build an opera house at Bluffton.

J. J. Miller, of Elkhart county, prominent in farmers' institute work, is dead.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hire, living in Ligonier, have been married a little more than sixty-one years.

Logansport will hold a snow and sleighing carnival next Tuesday, and a lot of fine prizes are hung up for the flyers.

Capt. O. T. Chamberlain, a prominent Elkhart lawyer, has retired from practice and will make his future home in California.

Mrs. Catherine Baumgardner, of Berne, is dead as the result of injuries sustained in a fall some weeks ago. She was 88 years old.

The 1-year-old son of Otis Hughes, near Liberty Center, was probably fatally burned Thursday night, when its clothing caught fire from a stove.

Noble township, Nobel county, will decide by election March 8 the question of giving a $10,500 subsidy to the Fort Wayne and Goshen electric railway.

William Etchyson, 23; Mike Kerr, 25, and Del Smith, 26, all of Ligonier, will serve from one to fourteen years at Jeffersonville for stealing skunk hides.

Peter Creager, one of the oldest residents of Whitley county, died Thursday night from paralysis, at his home in Washington township. His age was 73, and he had located in Whitley county in 1836.

PYTHIAN LODGES TO UNITE

FOR THE DISTRICT MEETING IN HUNTINGTON.

Two Hundred Fort Wayne Knights Will Attend From This City—The Day's Program.

The local members of the order of Knights of Pythias are making great preparations for the district meeting of the order to be held in Huntington on the 20th inst. Both Phoenix and Fort Wayne lodges of this city will unite for the day and will go as one body, and it is expected that not less than 200 Fort Wayne people will attend the meeting from here. The district comprises Allen, Whitley, Kosciusko, Wells and Huntington counties and all the lodges are expected to be well represented. It has not yet been decided what vehicle of transportation will be used. The Southwestern road made a round trip rate of 60 cents, which was yesterday met by the Wabash company, the steam road offering a special train both ways and agreeing to make the trip one way in approximately thirty minutes. Committees from both local lodges will meet tomorrow to decide whether the steam or the electric road shall be used. The program for the meeting was completed last night and is herewith presented for the first time:

PROGRAM.

1:30 p. m.—Parade.
2:00 p. m.—Opening lodge in special session,
Music .....
Address of welcome from city.... ..... Mayor Z. T. Dungan
Address of welcome from Huntington lodge No. 93 ....J. M. Hatfield, P. G. C.
Response to address of welcome.. .....Chas. A. Bookwalter, G. C.
3:30 p. m.—Instructions in the secret work of the order ....Robert A. Brown, G. I.
Music .....
4:45 p. m.—Adjournment.
5:00 p. m.—Banquet; toastmaster, Judge C. W. Watkins,
Music .....
Toast .....Robert A. Brown, G. I.
Toast .....C. A. Tyndall, G. V. C.
Toast .....Theo. Frank, P. C.
Toast .....G. W. Wilson, P. C.
7:00 p. m—Public reception of grand lodge officers.
Music .....
Address ..Chas. A. Bookwalter, G. C.
Address ....Daniel Storms, P. G. C.
Address .....Hon. John W. Baker
8:00 p. m.—Work in the rank of knight, exemplified by Phoenix lodge No. 101 and Fort Wayne lodge No. 176 of Fort Wayne.
10:30 p. m.—Closing.

W. D. Hamer, C. C.,
Huntington Lodge No. 93.
R. F. Frost,
Deputy Grand Chancellor.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Piepenbrink, of East Washington street, entertained last evening. Pedro formed a prominent part of the amusements, the first prizes going to Miss Laura Tagtmeyer and Martin Leonard and the consolations to Miss Emma Rupp and Gerald Traxler. Refreshments were served at 11 o'clock.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The bearish sentiment that developed in grains was carried over today and on numerous bits of bearish news markets opened weak all around. Wheat started ⅜@½c to ⅛@¼c lower at 77¼c to 77⅜@77½c on cables that reflected our yesterday's weakness. Weather favored the winter crop, rain having fallen in California. The cash situation was poor and commission houses turned in to sell. St. Louis also was an early seller in this market. The low opening prices, however, tempted a good deal of covering for short accounts and the northwest and some of the pit crowd bought in, bringing a reaction for May to 77⅝c. Trade was quiet early. Local receipts were 12 cars 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 289 cars, making a total for the three points of 301 cars, against 328 last week and 408 a year ago. Australian shipments for the week were 900,000 bushels, against 1,072,000 bushels last week and 464,000 a year ago.

During the latter part of the session wheat fluctuated very narrowly, held up by a good support. The corn weakness lost its effect and on some buying May sold up to 78c, closing firm, ¼c higher, at 77⅞@78c.

May corn opened ¼c to ½c lower at 61⅝c to 61⅜c on lower cables and general bearish sentiment. St. Louis reported a weaker condition in the southwest and offerings were liberal. Short covering sent May up to 62c, but the bearish influences held fast and May soon sold back again to 61¾c. Receipts were 43 cars.

Corn continued rather weak throughout the day, selling down as low as 61⅜c for May. There was a small rally late, but May closed weak, ⅜c down, at 61¾c.

Oats opened the weakest on the grain list, with May ½@⅞c lower at 43c to 43⅜c. The corn weakness was one of the leading bearish factors. The demand was also slack and longs seemed possessed with the desire to get out of the market. Covering at the low prices helped the tone later in the session and May worked back to 43½c, though there was a subsequent sag of ¼c. Receipts were 66 cars.

Provisions felt the depressing influence of the market and lower prices at the yards. The opening was small and weak, but later packers lent some support to the market and there was a steadier tone. May pork opened 10c down at $15.80 and reacted to $15.85; May lard 2½@5c lower at $9.45, sold up a shade, then eased to $9.42½, and May ribs 2½c lower at $8.50 and sold off to $8.47½.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—Feb., 75½c; May, 77⅞@78c; July, 78½c.

Corn—Feb., 59c; May, 61¾c; July, 61⅝@61¾c; Sept., 60⅜@60¾c.

Oats—Feb., 42¼c; May, 43½c; July, 37½c; Sept., 37⅛c.

Pork—Feb., $15.00; May, $15.65; July, $15.92½.

Lard—Feb., $9.27½; May, $9.45; July, $9.55.

Ribs—Feb., $8.42½; May, $8.52½; July, $8.62½; Sept., $8.72½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.72; May, $1.74½@1.75; Cash S. W., $1.60.

Rye—Feb., 57½c; May, 60c; July, 59½c.

Barley—Cash, 58@64c.

Timothy—March, $6.60.

Clover—March, $9.25.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000, including 700 Texans; market steady. Good to prime steers, $6.50@7.20; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.50@5.35; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.55; calves, $2.50@7.00; Texas fed steers, $4.25@6.00.

Hogs—Receipts today, 40,000; Monday, 55,000; left over, 3,735; market steady. Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.45; rough heavy, $6.10@6.25; light, $5.75@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.30.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; sheep and lambs strong; good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.30; fair to choice mixed, $3.80@4.65; native lambs, $3.50@6.50.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Butter—Market firm; creameries, 16@27c; dairies, 16@22c.

Cheese—Market steady; cheddars, 9¾@10½c; twins, 10½@10½c; daisies, 10¾c; young Americas, 11@11½c.

Eggs—Market firm; at mark, cases included, 26c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Feb. 8.—The majority of prominent stocks showed fractional declines in the opening dealings, but these were offset by a number of gains in less conspicuous stocks. Manhattan was depressed nearly a point, but Metropolitan Street Railway gained a fraction. Amalgamated Copper fell sharply after a small opening gain. General Electric was up 1¼.

Stocks were irregular for a time and then moved upward with the specialties showing the widest fluctuations. Both Amalgamated Copper and Manhattan recovered their losses, and Brooklyn Transit and Metropolitan Street Railway were about a point higher. Pronounced gains were also made by the Iowa Central stocks, St. Lawrence and Adirondack, Lackawanna, Northwestern, International Paper, Brooklyn Union Gas, Virginia-Carolina Chemical, Westinghouse Electric and General Electric, the last named extending its rise to 4½. There were heavy dealings in the Readings with resultant gains of large fractions.

The market fell into an attitude of waiting on the bank statement, but selling became active upon its publication. There had been advances in St. Joseph and Grand Island first preferred of 2¾, American Express 2 and the Toledo, St. Louis and Western stocks about a point. Manhattan fell away to 133 on the selling movement and recessions reached between 1 and 2 points in some of the prominent stocks. The market rallied rather vigorously on the view that the loan increase may represent important syndicate projects. General Electric rose an extreme 8½ and a few other stocks rallied to the best. The closing was active and quite firm.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 8.—Flour—Receipts, 9,050 bbls; sales, 6,800 pkgs; market dull and barely steady.

Wheat—Receipts, 35,150 bu; sales 985,000 bu; market opened easier with corn, but rallied on a demand from shorts and was steady all the forenoon. May, 83¼@83 7-16c; July, 83½@83⅝c.

Rye—Market dull; state, 64@65c c. i. f. New York car lots; No. 2 western, 67½c, f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 7,000 bu; sales 60,000 bu; market dull and weaker as a result of liquidation and continued bearish news from the southwest. May, 66¼@66 13-16c; July 66@66⅜c.

Oats—Receipts, 46,500 bu; market inactive and lower with corn. Track white, 50@55c.

Beef—Market dull.

Pork—Market easy.

Lard—Market easier; prime western, steamed, $9.67½.

Butter—Receipts, 2,910 pkgs; market strong; state dairy, 15@25c; state creamery, 20@28c; June creamery, 16@23c; renovated, 15@21c; factory, 14@18c.

Cheese—Receipts, 558 pkgs; market firm; state, full cream, small early made, fancy, colored, 11½@11¾c; state, full cream, small, early made, fancy, white, 11¼@11½c; large, early made, colored, 10¾c; large, early made, white, 10¾c.

Eggs—Receipts, 6,823 pkgs; market steady; state and Pennsylvania, 28@29c; western, at mark, 25c; southern, at mark, 27½c.

Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining 3 3-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 11-16c; molasses sugar, 2 15-16c; refined, steady; crushed, $5.25; powdered, $4.85; granulated, $4.75.

Coffee—Market dull; No. 7 Rio, 5⅝c.

TOLEDO MARKETS.

Toledo, O., Feb. 8.—Wheat—Market dull, strong; cash, 87⅜c; May, 86¾c, July, 81¼c.

Corn—Market dull, weak; May, 62½c; July, 62½c.

Oats—Market dull, lower; Feb., 45½c; May, 44½c; July, 35½c.

Clover—Market active, firm; Feb., $5.72½; March, $5.75.

Oil—North Lima, 35c; South Lima and Indiana, 30c.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 8.—Flour—Spring wheat, $4.00@4.25; winter, bbl., $4.00@4.50; Graham, $1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, $2.65 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.50 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.50 per cwt.

Wheat—85c.
Corn—57c.
Oats—42c.
Timothy Seed—$2.70 bu.
Rye—65c.
Clover seed—$5.00@5.25.
Barley—55c.
Chop Feed—$1.40 per cwt.
Oil Meal—$1.50 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.55.
Hides—Green, 7c; salted, 8c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9c; salted, 10½c.
Wool—Unwashed, 16@18c; washed, 22@23c.
Bran—Ton, $22.00.
Shorts—Ton, $22.00.
Middlings—Ton, $23.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.75@6.00.
Pork—Dressed, $7.00@7.50.
Cattle—$4.00@4.50.
Sheep—3@4c lb.
Lambs—3¾@4c lb.
Rabbits—15c.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—$7.00@9.00.
Clover—$5.00@6.00.
Mixed—$6.00@7.00.
Straw—$3.00@4.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—20@22c.
Creamery Butter—26@27c.
Eggs—20@22c.
Lard—10½@11c lb.
Ducks—10c lb.
Live Chickens—3@3½c lb.
Live Turkeys—12c lb.
Dressed Turkeys—13c lb.
Dressed Geese—9@10c.
Live Geese—6@7c.
Potatoes—75@85c.
Apples—$1.00@1.50 bu.
Beans—$1.75@2.00 bu.
Honey—14@18c lb.
Hickory Nuts—$1.25@1.50 bu.

BURIED MONEY STOLEN.

O'Dell, Neb., Feb. 8.—Recently Mrs. Scrable, a Bohemian widow living north of here, sold a farm for $2,700, and being distrustful of banks, put the money into a tin can and buried it under the floor of her chicken house. Today she discovered her money had been stolen. There is no clue.

Maryland will devote $500,000 to the erection of a state house annex at Annapolis, one feature of which is to be, it is seriously announced, "a basement entirely above ground."

A PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE BABY SISTER.

Big Bargains In Jewelry.

My Entire Stock to Be Sold Out in the Next 30 Days in Order to Quit Business.

The Following Are a Few of Our Many Bargains:

Fine Marbelized Mantel Clocks, $5.00; worth $10.00.
Roger & Bros.' Meat Forks, 68c; worth $1.00.
Four-piece Tea Set, $4.00; worth $8.00.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Filled Watches, with Elgin movements, $10.00. These goods are all warranted by reliable manufacturers.
We also have 1,000 Set and Band Rings that we are selling at half price.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Filled Chains from $1.00 up.
Brooches, Scarf Pins, Cuff Buttons, Lockets, all to be sold at half price.
It will pay you to buy here.

P. Scherzinger,
Established 1865.
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CAMELS ROAM OUR DESERT

JEFF DAVIS' GREAT EXPERIMENT IN THE EARLY 50'S

ALSO PROVED A MOST COLOSSAL FAILURE.

A few lines in the telegraphic news the other day concerning the killing of a camel on the Colorado desert in Western Arizona by a Southern Pacific railroad train was the first intimation that millions of Americans had that a herd of genuine "ships of the desert" were ever running at will anywhere within the domain of Uncle Sam. Indeed, there are thousands of people who have made their home for years in California who have never heard that camels from Arabia and Egypt have been wandering over the sandy wastes of the extreme southern part of their own state.

In 1852, when millions of dollars in gold were mined annually in California, and when thousands of people were crossing the plains and deserts to make homes in the new eldorado, and when a trans-continental railroad was only a vague dream, Lieutenant Edward F. Beale, afterward General Beale, was stationed at Fort Yuma, on the border between California and Arizona, and on the edge of the Colorado desert. A stream of emigration and wagons of freight passed that way daily. The diseases and suffering and frequent deaths among the horses and mules convinced Lieutenant Beale that here was where the camel of Sahara and Arabia could be used to inestimable advantage. In connection with Captain Adams of the garrison he wrote at length to Secretary of War Jefferson Davis upon the subject of the utility of the camel.

MR. DAVIS LIKED THE IDEA.

The idea had immediate and enthusiastic reception by the secretary. On March 3, 1853, a bill appropriating $30,000 for the purchase and importation of camels became a law by the president's signature. Secretary Davis appointed Major Henry C. Wayne in December, 1854, to go to Egypt and Arabia to buy 75 camels. In May, 1855, Major Wayne sailed from New York. He was instructed first to go to London and Paris, and there get all the practical information possible from military men, who had been in Oriental campaigns, where camels had been under fire, as to the habits, diet and uses of the beasts in warfare, and to consult with camel experts upon the best fodder and care of the animals. In the government book, Secretary Davis tells at length how he instructed Lieutenant Wayne to proceed from Paris to Cairo, and when he had bought his camels, to bring them to New York on the naval storeship "Supply," then under command of Lieutenant D. D. Porter.

Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter accepted their quest. In London, Minister Buchanan received the officer cordially and at once perceived the important nature of his business. The minister, by way of introducing the major to the study of the camel, gave him a letter to Professor Richard Owen, F. R. S., "the Cuvier of England," Major Wayne assures Mr. Davis. The professor was quite as much impressed with the quest as was Mr. Buchanan, and so were the authorities of the London Zoological Gardens. Major Wayne visited the gardens, and there, as he informs Mr. Davis, studied the feeding, care and hygiene of the industry.

THEY GOT SOME CAMELS.

Major Wayne next writes from Paris where he was pleasantly received by Minister Mason. Through the minister of war, Major Wayne was introduced to General Dumas, an African campaigner, who had not only seen the camel in action, but had written an article on the camel as well as one on the war horse. In a communication to Mr. Davis Major Wayne confessed that his expedition received less encouragement in Paris than in London.

The next important communication announced that Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter had joined forces. They had bought a camel at Tunis for the purpose of studying the creature on shipboard. Furthermore, the Bey of Tunis, upon whom they had called, learning the momentous nature of their quest, had presented to the United States government two dromedaries, one-half grown. Both had been hoisted aboard ship, and were to be the subjects of study along with the camel already purchased. Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter were ungrateful enough some weeks later to look one of the Bey's gift camels in the mouth and finding it a poor creature of its kind to leave it at Constantinople.

Meanwhile the great camel quest had been the subject of discussion in the cabinet of the Egyptian khedive, for the two adventurous officers had communicated with our consul at Alexandria and asked him to learn whether the United States could purchase a few camels in Egypt.

MAN WITH ITCHING PALM.

The reply was a communication in French from a member of the Cabinet, which stated that, although it was contrary to the laws of Egypt that camels should be sold out of the country, yet, by reason of the love that the viceroy bore to the great republic of the west, he was content that Major Wayne should purchase two camels at Alexandria. Later came a present of six fine dromedaries from the stables of the Pasha One of the Egyptian officials seems to have been a gentleman of an itching palm, for it is recorded that in the course of the negotitations tendering the camels he managed to indicate his wish to possess a fine weapon belonging to the store ship. It was conveyed to him with proper expressions.

The major about this time wrote a long letter entering into certain physiological details touching the camel, of a sort that even Uncle Jerry Rusk would have hesitated to insert in his famous volume on the horse.

The expedition received at Smyrna 83 camels from the interior. The major had engaged for a year three Arabs to accompany and take care of the camels. Meanwhile several camels were born abroad ship.

The supply reached Indianola, Tex., February 10, having lost three camels on the voyage. Those that survived were well, and the whole drove was taken under the care of Captain J. N. Palmer, U. S. A., to Camp Verde, Tex. The Suwanee brought in a load of 41 camels on February 10, 1857, and these, too, were sent to the interior.

THEN THE TROUBLE BEGAN.

From Indianola, Tex., the camels were moved overland at the rate of 40 and 50 miles a day, carrying government stores to the weight of 1,000 to 1,500 pounds each, to interior points in Texas. Almost from the first there was much difficulty in grooming and feeding the camels. In a few weeks several died of unknown diseases, and the others languished and became unfit for work. The military officers found it hard to get any hostler to attend to the camels, toward which all cavalrymen and troopers took a violent dislike. There were frequent reports that a camel or two had broken away during the night and wandered away by itself across the sandy plains, and it has been suspected that extraordinary zeal was not always put forth to find the animals.

From May 15, 1857, until early in 1861, some 30 of the camels that had become domesticated to American ways and the climate of the southwest were kept at the United States forts at El Paso and Bowie. They were fed and cared for at the expense of the military department, but because the troopers and teamsters in the service could not be urged to use the beasts instead of horses or mules, and especially because of the clumsiness of the camel harness and the unusual labor in packing and preparing a 'ship of the desert' for service, the animals were seldom used. In the last year or two of their stay at the garrisons, they were merely pensioners upon Uncle Sam's bounty and were never brought in service.

THEIR DAY SOON PASSED.

In 1861 the herd numbered 44 head. The the civil war came on, and in the stir and wild excitement of those days in every army fort in the south all attention was turned from the camels to the great crisis in national military affairs. The forts fell into disuse and the beasts were allowed to wander away at will. They traveled in pairs, and sometimes in bunches of four and sixes, across the deserts and into the mountains. Some lived for years in the Panhandle of Texas, and a few made their way as far west as the Colorado river in Southern California. In some instances the camels multiplied, but in 20 years most of them died among the mountains or were killed by the Indians.

At intervals in the past decade the soldiers at the garrisons in New Mexico and Arizona have seen stray remnants or descendants of the original herd running about in the alkali plains and amid the sage brush and cactus. Many a passenger on the Southern Pacific railroad trains has had sight of some gaunt, bony and decrepit old camel away off in the distance from the railroad and plodding his way across the territories. The animals have grown white with age, are as wild and intractable as any mustang, and have hard, horny hoofs, unlike the cushiony pedal extremities of the well-kept camel, and their hide has assumed a hard, leathery appearance.

STILL THEY ROAM THE DESERTS

It is likely there are very few of these ships of the desert left in America. They have not been seen in the central part of either New Mexico or Arizona in several years. A number of members of the International Boundary commission that recently finished a resurvey of the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, report that they saw two camels in Southern Arizona, and the animals appeared to be in their prime, and probably were the descendants of the original herd of camels. The Indians of Mexico have seen several of the animals in their country for years, and have feasted on a few of them on tribal fete days.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD.

The American Clayworking Machine company, of Bucyrus, Ohio, has applied for a patent on machinery to manufacture an artificial fuel which will sell cheaper than coal. It is made from ordinary clay treated with chemicals and is the invention of an old railway engineer of Omaha. The fuel burns in a stove, grate or furnace readily. It creates no smoke, no cinders and burns to white ashes; twenty-five pounds of the fuel producing only a quantity of ashes that may be held in the palm of the hand. In the combustion the fire literally consumes its own ashes, and a ton of the fuel goes farther than two tons of the best coal, producing five times the amount of heat that coal produces.

AN AUTOMOBILE FACE.

Another facial contortion has been added to the list that has been growing ever since the bicycle face appeared a few years ago when the craze for the wheel became general. The wheeling face was easily recognized. The set expression, the strained eye, and often the sadly drawn-up mouth became distinguishing characteristics of the faces of bicyclists, both men and women.

Since then the coupon thumb and the ticker eye have appeared in Wall street and golf has had its shin and its arm. Of late it has been asserted by physicians and by artists that the eye of the golf enthusiast may be recognized by its fixed, steady gaze, similar to that observable in the eye of the yachtman.

The golf eye, of course, comes from the strain of following the ball's course through the air, just as the sailor's eye becomes fixed from looking off over the sea for great distances. Sometimes the forehead wrinkles habitually with both the golfer and the yachtman.

The hands and arms of the women golf players are easily recognizable. The arms show the brown tinge from the sun half way to the elbow and no matter how carefully the hands are looked after the fingers of the player show a tendency to become broad and flat, while the game plays havoc with the nails. Manicure operators say that the game has caused a boom in their trade and that women who once indulged only occasionally in the professional treatment are now obliged to have their nails gone over twice and three times a week.

Doctors say also that golf gives the body a sturdy but graceful pose. Women who drive well over the links unconsciously form the habit of standing very squarely with the feet wide apart and the heels and toes flat on the ground.

The mind is intent on retaining the pose and it clings to the player when the game is done. The movements of the arms and limbs become freer through the exercise and walking required and this has produced the so-called athletic type of girl.

Now the automobile has marked its victim's face with a set expression that tends to become a decided frown. It is already well defined on the features of several well known men who have taken up the sport.

There is more reason for the automobile face than for any other of the others recorded. The strain of running one of the machines is intense. The wind naturally beats against the face and the operator lowers his head against it and contracts his brows in the unconscious effort to protect his eyes from dust.

In crowded thoroughfares there is always more or less danger of an accident from collision or the running down of careless drivers or pedestrians, who seem in many cases to be dazed by the bell instead of warned by it. Horses have not yet grown accustomed to the whizzing vehicles and frequently rear and run away.

All this danger causes the chauffeur to feel a nervous tension which leaves its mark indelibly on the face. The result is a permanent and disagreeable frown.

Every occupation has its marks. Even the prize fighters who desert the ring for the stage cannot be broken of the custom of crouching as they advance to meet the leading lady in love scenes, with the chin well forward and down and the eyes alert instead of tender.

To hide a large and highly polished mahogany table under a cloth is a sheer waste of beauty, and so plate scarfs have taken the place of this cloth. These scarfs are about eight inches in width. Of finest damask, they are bordered on both edges with fine napery lace and are spread on the table so as to form a border of linen about a square of mahogany center. On this inclosure of mahogany the candelabra, dishes of sweets and flowers are placed and the result is very effective.

A TERRIBLE SITUATION

How the Deadly Cobra of Dunlap's Shoulder Was Dispatched—A Snake's Paradise.

The Borongo islands lie about half way between Calcutta and Rangoon. When the snakes die they go to the Borongos. That is their paradise; there they hold high carnival. I spent three years among them, and know of these things. From the giant python down to the deadly karait they are all there, all the ophidians. Even the salt-water snakes, that are all poisonous—they, too, are there. The Europeans had preceded me on the Borongos, so there was considerable natural history on tap when I arrived, and we rapidly acquired more. One can't live among snakes without studying them; they insist upon it.

Each evening I killed an hour or so of the monotony by walking up and down the path in front of the bungalow. A big cat was my usual companion. His method of introducing himself to my notice was generally abrupt. He would lie in wait, and, as I came along, spring out upon me, alighting against one of my legs. At other times he would lie on his back in the path and claw at my feet as I passed. One evening, just after turning into the path from the bungalow, I felt something soft and yielding against my foot. Thinking it was "Billy," I gave the mass a gentle push. As I shifted the something I saw a twisting gleam of white, not at all like the soft gray of Billy's fur. Of course, I knew what that meant. Jumping back I brought my walking stick down on the twisting thing, and yelled for a light. The servants came running from the cook-house with a lantern, and I saw that I had laid out a most villainous daboia. One touch from the catlike fangs on my cotton-...osed instep and within an hour I would have been dead.

One of our party had occasion to visit a Mr. Savage, a half-caste land owner on the other side of the island. He went in a boat, and while the coolies were bringing up his traps went up to the bungalow. He was sitting in a big chair on the veranda, talking to Savage, when he felt something drop from the leaf roof onto his shoulder. Leisurely, he started to rise to see what had fallen, when the other man cried out: "For God's sake don't move—keep perfectly still!" Dunlop knew what that meant. Stealthily the old man took a Burmese dah (sword) from the wall, and, cat-like, crept toward the white man with the thing on his shoulder. Within striking distance, he paused, and raised the dah high in the air to cut the thing in two with one swift, downward stroke. Then his nerve, rattled and tugged at for sixty years until it was weak, failed him, and the sword clattered from his numbed fingers to the floor. "My God! I can't do it!" he whined, in a broken voice, and reeled back against the wall, where he stood staring with weak eyes at the sahib and his burden.

Dunlop neither moved nor spoke; his only safety lay in keeping perfectly still—motionless. It might be minutes, or a thousand years; they would have to wait till the boatmen came. What would happen then he could not say. He could feel the clinging, pulling thing on his right shoulder. There was an undulating pressure that told him the head of the snake was swaying back and forth just above his neck. Then the song of the Madrassi boatmen as they came swinging along with his luggage broke upon his ear. Those gin-thickened voices, carolling the coarse refrain to the time of the measured trot, were angel voices. What would the muddle-brained coolies do, he wondered. If Emil Ally, his trusted servant, saw the thing, it might be well; he had nerve and judgment, even close to that of a sahib. Emir Ally was in the lead. When he came to the steps Savage jerked out an expression that called his attention to the tableau. Gathering his loongy tight about his loins, he slipped along the veranda like a shawod, grasped the fallen dah, and poising his black, lithe body for a swift, strong stroke, brought the sword through the air with a swishing cut that laid a full-grown cobra in two neat pieces almost at the feet of the man who had waited.

AN ESTIMATE OF VICTOR HUGO.

On the whole, it may as well be admitted that the verdict of the critics upon Hugo's writings is just, says George McLean Harper, in the Atlantic. It might perhaps here and there be a little more generous. But we must remember that Sainte-Beuve and Nisard and Lemaitre, at least, began being ardent admirers of Hugo. If they lost their enthusiasm and freed themselves from his magic, we may believe them when they tell us that the process was involuntary and painful. They could no longer constrain their better judgment. And their judgment will stand.

More and more, as education brings the masses up to a level where current literature becomes one of their interests, popularity and fame will have to be carefully distinguished. They rest on quite different bases. There is no longer any ground for the assumption that what the reading public enjoys will be approved by persons who know most or have the most refined taste. In Victor Hugo's case there is at present every indication that what literary history will say a hundred years hence will be something like this: "He was immensely popular in his day and long afterward. Although he was a character and an intelligence of secondary order, he was popularly accepted as a leader of opinion and feeling in the nineteenth century. But posterity has harkened not so much to the popular voice as to the great French critics of his time; and they found him wanting in many qualities which the larger public thought he possessed. In compensation, the critics appreciated, and posterity appreciates, more than the general public of his day ever did, Hugo's wonderful mastery of the French language, Hugo's energy and versatility, Hugo's exuberant imagination."

SCHOOLS FOR CRIPPLES.

The London school board has opened two schools for crippled children, and three other large cities of England are preparing to follow the example of the metropolis.

The idea was originated by Mrs. Humphrey Ward and her helpers, who started the first model school of the kind at the Passmore Edwards Settlement, in Tavistock place. Her pupils were drawn from the children's hospitals nearby in Great Ormond street and Queen's square.

There were, besides, a number of out patients who were looked up from addresses furnished by the hospital authorities and gathered into the school with the rest.

A few airy rooms were selected for the school, and then there arose the problem of getting the pupils there. A good friend came to the rescue, Sir Thomas Barlow, who furnished a perfectly equipped ambulance carriage, with which a stalwart nurse is sent every morning to collect the children, of whom there are about fifty.

The teaching is along the line of the kindergarten principle, and the aim is to cultivate the eye and hand. Church embroidery and other handiwork is taught, with the hope of making the little unfortunates, in a measure at least, self-supporting.

The training is combined with a rational system of feeding. Every day there is a substantial dinner of roast or boiled meat, two vegetables and a nourishing pudding. This is furnished at the rate of four cents a day for each child, the nominal sum being charged in order that charity shall not pauperize the parents. At 3:30 o'clock the ambulance begins to carry the little ones home. Those who have to wait for its later rounds are refreshed with a glass of milk before starting.

LABOR MEN WILL NOMINATE.

Elwood, Ind., Feb. 5.—The date for holding the mass convention of laboring men of the city, to consider the matter of nominating a city ticket to be voted for at the city election in May, has been set for Saturday night, February 8. It will be held in the city hall and all union men in the city and all workingmen who are not members of any union are urged to be present. There is no doubt that the ticket will be placed in the field, and McKinley lodge, of the Amalgamated association of Iron, Tin and Steel workers, the strongest organization in the city in point of numbers, will demand the candidate for mayor. Two men are seeking the place—William McDonald and William Lewis. The Typographical union will probably get the clerk's place, leaving the treasurer and eight nominations for city councilmen to be distributed among the twenty or more local unions. There has been talk of the nominating of labor tickets in this city before, but never with such general enthusiasm in the ranks or as cordial pledges of support.

ANXIOUS TO PAY FINES.

Among the anomalies which the prohibition law has given rise to in Kansas is a fervent desire on the part of certain law breakers to pay the penalty of their crime. At Wellington the temperance folk started to get out an injunction prohibiting the city treasurer from accepting the fines which are imposed on joint-keepers every month. And the joint-keepers beat this game by rushing in and paying their fines, $300 each, six months in advance.—Kansas City Journal.

In Alabama, Nebraska and Washington the present governors were elected as lieutenant governors and are filling vacancies caused by the death or resignation of the governors.

An Austrian scientist has discovered that a cold in the head is due to the presence in the membrane of a species of bacillus, which he has called the micrococcus coryzahalis.

THINKS MAN LIKE A CLOCK

SCIENTIST ADVANCES THE THEORY THAT THE HUMAN BRAIN MAY BE A MACHINE.

Th anatomist sees in the graceful gyrations of a dancer only the mechanical play of common muscles, ligaments and bones. So the physiologist searches for the material foundations of soul-actions by dissecting the brains, labyrinth of windings and passages, its image of caverns and cavities.

He tells us that man's brain is an immense metropolis with as many houses (or cells) as London town has windows—a metropolis with streets and squares and grand structures where as in London each quarter is controlled by certain trades or classes, the millions of thoughts occupy distinct pigeon-holes along the walls.

Each group of cells, or pigeon-holes, are headquarters for certain soul-activities.

You raise your foot—the commonest of movements—in your brain it requires the concurrence of certain mental and physical forces.

You fall and hurt your knee—the brain registers the anguish. A rosy cloud of ether passes by—the brain makes a note of the color, or combination of colors.

Nothing easier than to speak, or shout, thinks the average man, who doesn't know that the power to do so depends upon a certain brain ventricle which has its seat under the forehead.

It would take a long time to explain that to a lay mind, but anybody interested in the mysteries of life may possess himself of the knowledge by earnest study and practical demonstration.

Drawing the consequences of what has been said, the inevitable conclusion is that every soul-action, all thinking and feeling, have a material, or better still, a matter-of-fact basis. The mystery is that body and soul act in unison.

It is a problem as old as mankind, but considering the brilliant achievements of scientists in late years, and the perfection of mechanical inventions, there is small doubt of its ultimate solution. Maybe you and I will live long enough to see it done.

The watch was invented about 1500, and even at that early date wise men suggested the possibility that its works resembled—in mechanical form—the physical and psychical relations existing in man.

A hundred years later Arnold Geulinex, author of the occasionalism fad, advanced the theory that body and soul represented two watches, each working independently—the mental forces refusing to be dictated to by the physical, and vice versa—hence the disharmony in the growth of body and mind often met with.

Next came Leibnitz. "Amateur Talk," he cried, "it isn't scientific. To insure harmony God selects two watches made for each other." This view gave rise to the religious, poetical, and likewise philosophical doctrine of predestined harmony.

Fechner, who came after Leibnitz, maintained that man represented only one watch, but a watch with two faces one registering his physical, the other his mental activity.

That was all very well for the time in which these great men lived, but the present age requires material proofs for every theory advanced. The philosopher who appeals to us most is a man like Helmholtz—engineer, physician, natural scientist and physiologist all at once.

Name the greatest works the world boasts of and the finest, most delicate instruments for achieving great results and I will show you that they are but reflexes of man's physical structure. Take the camera, the photographer's plate, for instance. It is built on the lines of our eyes. It is their business to make a fixture of the picture we see. In the same way telephone membranes and wires are substitutes for our old-fashioned tympanum and the nerves, intended to facilitate hearing.

Look at the automatic machine that sells things, at the same time sorting, weighing and scrutinizing the coins like a man standing over a marble counter.

If you hand it a coin of full weight you get your newspaper or piece of chocolate; if you try to cheat it it throws the coin on the floor or sticks to it "for punishment."

Then there are the adding machines that excel in certain difficult processes of thinking—mathematics. A man figuring as quickly and accurately as a machine draws an exceptionally high salary and deserves it.

The thing struck me with peculiar force some time ago when I stood watching at a postoffice window to buy a few stamps while the clerk was trying to add several long rows of figures. He told me afterwards that he missed a penny and couldn't for the life of him trace the insignificant amount that upset his balance sheet.

I have no conception of the inner construction of an adding machine, but venture to say that it cannot differ much from the mathematical sections of our brain. Of course we have no wheels in our head, but our brain cells, connected by membranes, nerves, etc., may go through processes resembling the spinning of wheels.

Here we have a $10 machine doing brain work before which one-tenth part of the human race stands aghast. Yet Kant used to say that men's brain was a "born" adding machine, that needs but adjusting by the schoolmaster.

Now think of Babbage's admirable machine for reckoning with logarithms, performing this most complicated work quickly and cheaper than the best "head for figures" in the world. It goes still further and solves astronomical problems, following sun, moon and planets on their travels, and when it makes a mistake corrects itself like a typewriter girl having her eraser handy.

I saw this machine compete against a human logarithm expert the other day. It worked quicker than he could put down figures, that is, its "mental" and manual achievements were superior to my friend's mere mechanical labor, and he at the head of his class. Really, comparison between brain work and machine work opens up an infinite variety of new problems, calculated to make the so-called master of creation look cheap.

Does the machine know what it is doing? Is it conscious of its performances and achievements? In short, does it think? Does it experience joy at the perfection of its work (provided its work is perfect), does it feel chagrined when it makes a mistake?

It should be kept in mind that all soul manifestations are attended by both symbols and feelings. Thus, when we receive a blow, the pain we suffer is but a symbol of the physical change our skin or bones undergo.

Man's mental activity compared with that of an adding machine, working with soul manifestations instead of figures, would be an absorbing study and perfectly feasible.

Where is the rich man to appropriate funds for the experiment? If there be funds, there will be a Helmholtz and Kant to solve the problem. I may add that Babbage's logarithm machine cost less than $200,000.

YOUR SMALLPOX SCARS.

The most remarkable thing that massage has ever attempted to accomplish is now a fact. It has robbed smallpox of its sting. It has taken away from it the horror of a physical deformity. It has learned how to remove every trace of pittings in the skin. The surgeons of the city have been immensely interested in this last development of a very old science. It has been tried with perfect success in Philadelphia. It has met the demands of this winter. The epidemic of this loathsome disease that has gripped the city since October has carried as an aftermath as much terror as the disease itself.

Hundreds of women who do not fear death from the disease are in terror of it because of the hideous result that is apt to follow any form of the disease. No beauty can withstand these ugly scars that dot the entire surface of the face. Through all these years no one has ever thought of trying to remedy it, because it seemed so hopeless. Now the cuticle is entirely replaced, the old one taken off, and the new skin comes out fresh as a child's skin, unmarked. The process is not a painless one, but it is one that any one will gladly go through with for vanity's sake.

Experiments have been made here before the doctors on cases where the pittings had been in several years. Even these were removed, and though the skin could not be made altogether as fresh as it could be where the pittings are recent, enough trace of them was removed to present a very creditable skin surface.—Philadelphia Press.

OYSTERS A LA NEWBURG.

Place 25 large oysters, without their liquor, in a saucepan, add one tablespoonful butter, one gill of white wine, season with one even teaspoonful salt and half even teaspoonful pepper; cook a few minutes until the oysters stiffen, then draw them to side of stove. Place in another saucepan one gill of fine-cut mushrooms and one fine-cut truffle, and half an ounce butter and half gill of mushroom liquor, cook five minutes. Mix the yolks of four eggs with half pint cream; add them to the mushrooms; add the oysters; let the mixture get boiling hot, and serve with fleurons, finger rolls or crackers.

The population of Germany has increased by 7.6 per cent in the years 1895 to 1900, [illegible] in the period [illegible]

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Striking the Right Spot.

THAT'S THE GREAT SECRET OF FORT WAYNE PRAISE GIVEN TO DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

There come times to every life when a lack of strength, failing appetite, poor circulation, weak heart action and many other symptoms may break in. They are not diseases. The person may not be laid up until they have existed a long time. The influence of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills is to create nerve force, and immediately people find themselves getting well, because nerve force controls every vital organ of the body.

Mr. John Mooney, of No. 186 Lafayette St., Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a splendid medicine. My heart was very irregular, due to excessive tobacco using. The nervous system itself was profoundly impressed by the tobacco. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got some at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun St. The medicine so toned up the nervous system and strengthened me that the heart action became steady and strong—something it had not been for a long time. I am greatly pleased with the medicine."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

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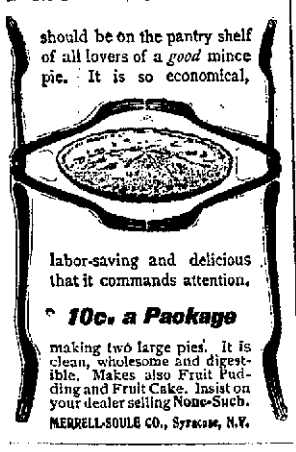
HENRY W. MEYER,
ARCHITECT,
No. 108 Calhoun Street.
He will call on you and give you ideas and make you the plans for any kind of work you contemplate having done, or he will be pleased to have you call at his office.

A generous stock of the well known
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT



should be on the pantry shelf of all lovers of a *good* mince pie. It is so economical, labor-saving and delicious that it commands attention.
10c. a Package
making two large pies. It is clean, wholesome and digestible. Makes also Fruit Pudding and Fruit Cake. Insist on your dealer selling None-Such.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N.Y.

$5.00 FOR A NAME
Which will suit us better than the one used to advertise the Erroip treatment, which by way of explanation, positively cure rheumatism, no difference how long standing. We wish doctors in different cities who make arrangements to use them to give rheumatic sufferers a NO CURE NO PAY plan.
Address "ERREIP," 1213 Broadway.

Mid-Winter Suggestions.
A hot-water bag is good for various little aches and pains, and is most excellent for cold feet. The 2-qt. size is most popular—$1.00.
Don't use sticky, greasy creams for chapped hands and lips. Almond Cream is quickly absorbed, and it does the work. Price, 25 cents.
That cough is beginning to trouble you, is it? Syrup of White Pine and Tar Compound has a long list of admirers. It goes to the spot and quickly gives relief. 25 cts.
Some of our customers tell us that they have never found as good a cure for headache as Dr. Brooks' powders. Four powders in a package—10c.
RANKE & NUSSBAUM,
PHARMACY.
89 CALHOUN ST.

NEW SOCIAL CLUB

PENNSYLVANIA EMPLOYES EFFECT AN ORGANIZATION.

HAVE LEASED KISER ROOMS

WILL FURNISH THEM AND FIT UP GYMNASIUM.

MORGAN BREAKS A RECORD

A MILLIONAIRE TRAVELS 90 MILES IN 80 MINUTES.

At the Kiser hall last evening the organization of the Penna Company Social club was completed and the following officers were elected:

President—A. S. Durnell.
Vice President—C. H. Duseler.
Treasurer—T. J. Rodabaugh.
Financial Secretary—J. H. Sweer.
Recording Secretary—L. G. Dailey.
Physical Director—L. F. South.
Trustees—B. D. Wyer, C. L. Daseler and C. A. Burchard.

The club has thirty-five charter members, most of whom are connected with the car shops, but it is not the intention to limit membership to that department. All respectable Pennsylvania employes are eligible to membership, but the charter has been closed and they must hereafter come in through methods provided by the constitution and by ballot of the members. So far care has been taken in the selection of members and this policy will continue with a view of excluding all objectionable characters. The personnel of the charter membership is as follows:

T. J. Rodabaugh, L. G. Dailey, A. S. Durnell, B. D. Wyer, J. H. Sweer, C. H. Daseler, Daniel Petgen, L. J. Cox, C. L. Hobrock, F. C. Smith, W. F. Scherer, W. C. Bohen, R. J. Schmoll, F. R. Bowers, M. Laughlin, T. Horstmeyer, J. E. Bash, C. A. Burchard, J. J. Lee, J. B. Ohlinger, J. X. Klinkenberger, A. B. Carrington, E. A. Maridor, G. L. Stewart, C. Rohrback, C. Ball, C. C. Albers, A. Barbier, J. E. Cramer, B. M. Hutchins, C. A. Hazzard, C. W. Habecker, L. F. South and C. Abner.

The movement which has resulted in the formation of the Penna Company Social club had its origin in a conversation between T. J. Rodabaugh and L. G. Dailey early last fall. These gentlemen concluded a club would be a good thing and they immediately began "feeling the pulse" of their associates at the shops in regard to the matter and they were encouraged to the end that a meeting of some of their comrades was called for the purpose of submitting the proposition to them. The club sentiment seemed to be unanimous and an organizing committee, consisting of T. J. Rodabaugh, L. G. Dailey, A. S. Durnell, B. D. Wyer, J. H. Sweer and C. H. Dascler was appointed. The committee was very successful in getting signatures to the membership roll and at a subsequent meeting the committee was instructed to lease and furnish rooms. After looking over the field, a lease of the Kiser hall was secured and orders for carpets and furniture were placed. At the meeting last evening the action of the committee was approved and in less than a week the Penna Company Social club will have an elegant and centrally located home.

There are four rooms at the Kiser hall and they will be equipped as follows—parlor, gymnasium, reading room and assembly hall. The parlor and reading rooms, will be carpeted and supplied with rich hangings and furniture; the assembly hall will be furnished less elaborately, though in a substantial and liberal manner, and the gymnasium will be furnished with trapeze, horizontal bar, Indian clubs, dumb-bells and all the paraphernalia usually found in such places.

This club, while it has a gymnasium, is not in any sense a rival of either of the athletic associations at the shops. Its members are also members of the other organizations and they have no intention of withdrawing therefrom.

On account of inadequate heating facilities, the club was compelled to hold a shorter session last evening than it would have held under more favorable conditions. The constitution and by-laws were read and adopted, the officers were elected and the president made a short address, when the club adjourned to meet again next week at the same place.

DROP FINDLAY SWITCHMAN.

Tonight the Pennsylvania company will discontinue the services of a regular attendant at the switch at Gay street, known to the railway men as the Findlay switch. When the trains of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western road were handled by the Pennsylvania yardmen the switch at the junction of the two roads was used a great deal. Since the Wabash commenced doing the Findlay's terminal work there have been but few cars to pass through this switch and the company has decided to pull off the attendant. Hereafter the yardmen and trainmen who use the switch will have to open and close it. Alf. Raifsnyder has been looking after this switch for some time. He will take another position.

TWO VERY SICK MEN.

J. S. Brown, section foreman at the east yards, is lying in a precarious condition at his home on Walton avenue. He was taken with the grip in the early part of the week and the malady has developed into lung trouble of a very serious character. Mr. Brown is one of the oldest section men in the employ of the Pennsylvania company. He has officiated as foreman of the section which includes the east yards ever since those yards were established—about twenty years ago.

Another man who was very ill yesterday is E. Quiquery, a truckbuilder at the east shops. He was taken with a chill at 9 o'clock, while at his work, and at 11 o'clock he was unconscious. There has been an improvement in his condition, but Mr. Quiquery is still confined to his home.

WRECK AT DEFIANCE.

The Wabash had a slight wreck at Defiance, Ohio, early this morning. Thirteen cars of train No. 63 left the rails, but fortunately the accident happened at a point where there were two tracks and traffic was in no wise interrupted by the accident. The cars were not seriously injured.

TWO UNFORTUNATE TRAINMEN

W. O. Thomas, a brakeman on the Pittsburg road, received an ugly cut and bruise above his left eye yesterday. He was in the act of getting on the caboose of a moving train at Crestline when a cinder got in his eye, causing him to lose his hold on the grab-irons and to fall, with the result mentioned. He was brought to this city, where he is being attended by Dr. R. Parks White.

Fireman C. I. Hale, of the same road, had his left eye severely burned by a cinder while out on the road yesterday. He is also in the hands of Dr. White.

MORGAN BREAKS A RECORD.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 8.—Two alternatives faced J. Pierpont Morgan yesterday morning. One was to break an appointment with a fellow financier in Mr. Morgan's office at Wall and Broad streets, New York. The other was to break a record for fast railway travel. Mr. Morgan chose the latter. He kept his appointment. To do this he rode over 90.2 miles of rails in eighty minutes and twenty seconds. This time includes two full stops, one of three minutes' duration and three slowups. For the distance railroad records show no time to equal that made by Mr. Morgan's special train over the Reading railway and the New Jersey Central. Several miles were run at a thirty-five seconds rate. At Jersey City a ferry boat had been held for Mr. Morgan and his companions—President George F. Baer, of the Reading railway; P. A. B. Widener and William L. Elkins. Mr. Baer had taken precautions against having the object of the run defeated through lack of a ferry boat.

MR. HENRY ACCEPTS.

W. C. A. Henry, who came here a few days ago to look into a position that has been offered him by the Pennsylvania company, has concluded to accept it. Next week he will assume the duties of assistant to Motive Power Supt. D. F. Crawford, succeeding Mr. Bishop, transferred. Mr. Henry has been with the company some time, for two years in the capacity of superintendent of the cleaning and repairing yards at Pittsburg.

ENGINEER SPEECE IS BETTER.

A letter from Engineer Samuel Speece to Chief Clerk H. A. Philley, of the Pennsylvania road foreman's office, states that he is receiving great benefit from the mud baths at the springs at Attica. Mr. Speece has been a sufferer from rheumatism ever since last fall and he went to the sanitarium two weeks ago, expecting to be cured, and it seems that this hope is about to be realized.

WILL PUSH ON TO CHICAGO.

The Cincinnati, Richmond and Muncie railroad will run trains into Chicago if the plans of the management do not miscarry. General Manager Joseph Allen was in the Windy City yesterday and in an interview with a Tribune reporter he stated that the road would be running cars in that city by July 1. Thomas Newkirk, of Richmond, Ind., is now out on the proposed line securing right-of-way from North Judson to Valparaiso and thence to Hammond. The Tribune adds: "From Hammond, Ind., into Chicago the road will use the tracks of the Chicago Terminal Transfer railroad and make the Grand Central station its terminus. It is for this reason that the Chicago Terminal Transfer railroad refused to lease the Grand Central station to the Lake Shore and Rock Island railroad for a longer period than six months from last January. E. H. Harriman and his associates in the Terminal company are said to be backing the new enterprise."

PALE GIRLS

Too bad to see the health and beauty of a young girl fade away. This often happens to girls between the ages of twelve and twenty. Girlhood ought to be a time of perfect health. Pale blood—a blood disease—is a common enemy of good health in our girls.

Scott's Emulsion is having remarkable success in bringing back the roses to those pale faces.

All the mental and bodily trouble that go with pale blood are relieved by this treatment—Scott's Emulsion. Mothers of pale daughters should see that they get it.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

TESTING BIG GENERATOR.

A 300 kilowat (400-horse power) generator is in the new testing department of the Fort Wayne Electric works, being tested preparatory to shipment to Chattanooga, Tenn., where its companion is now being installed. These machines are the latest improvements in the generator line and are the pride of the inventor, Mr. J. J. Wood, who believes they have no superior in the world. And in this belief he is backed by every citizen in Fort Wayne and nearly all men who are informed in that line.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Pittsburg Switchman George Sunley is off duty on account of the death of his brother-in-law, William Racquett.

Engineer Thomas Ogier, Fireman M. F. Orr and Brakeman A. B. Conn, of the Nickel Plate, are off duty on account of sickness.

C. H. Grim, who resigned a position at the east car shops, has gone to Ohio, where he has secured more lucrative employment.

Night Clerk William Mullahy resumed work at the east yards last night, after an absence on account of the death of his father.

One of the children of Nickel Plate Brakeman A. Dent has been very sick and that gentleman has not been able to take his run out on that account.

Walter Kensill, son of Capt. J. C. Kensill, has taken a position in the Fort Wayne Electric works. The young man recently returned from the Philippines.

B. D. Wyer, H. C. Bohen, H. Meswarp and J. H. Sweer, tinners at the east shops, were off duty yesterday, the latter on account of the death of his father-in-law.

Fred Bandau, of 27 Pritchard street, and an employe at the Pittsburg round house, had two fingers of his right hand mashed yesterday by an engine drop grate falling upon them.

W. L. Turner, seal clerk at the Nickel Plate yards, has returned from Mentone, where he spent several days with his uncle. The latter sustained a heavy loss by fire a few days ago.

Next Friday the Fort Wayne School of Electricity will visit the county power house and the power station of the Fort Wayne Traction company. The members of the school and their interested friends are invited to accompany the class.

The Pittsburg shops received instructions yesterday to draw on the various store departments for material to construct six cabin cars. The shops are now just completing an order for a number of these cars and the new order is supplemental to the old one.

W. H. Crighton, chief draughtsman at the Fort Wayne Electric works, has obtained a month's leave of absence and he will leave in a day or two for the west, where he hopes to receive physical benefit from a sojourn. Mr. Crighton has been ailing for the past two months.

The Wabash has issued a handsomely printed and illustrated pamphlet announcing to its friends and patrons that the company has received and put into active service in their principal through trains, fifty-five new passenger cars, consisting of observation, cafe and library cars, day coaches, combination passenger and baggage cars and dining cars. The pamphlet contains a picture of the interior of each class of cars.

Passenger Conductor Ed Nulf, of the Pittsburg, is sick.

Egineer Joseph E. Geskins, of the Pittsburg, resumed work this morning after a brief sickness.

Machinist W. L. Hulse, of the Pittsburg shops, is suffering from a sprained arm and is off duty in consequence of the injury.

George Meyer, of the Pittsburg planing mills, is off duty today attending the committee meeting of the Allen county democracy.

Frank J. Ruch, a steam fitter, will resume work at the Pittsburg shops next Monday. Mr. Ruch had two fingers crushed two weeks ago.

Blacksmith Henry Tousing is absent from his forge in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop today on account of a sore eye, which was burned by a cinder.

H. C. W. Koenig has been transferred from the Pittsburg planing mills to the road service and today took his first trip out as a student fireman.

Passenger Conductor Gard Tuckey, of the Pittsburg, who had two ribs fractured in the coal docks collision, is able to walk out now and will be on duty soon.

George W. Parry, a construction man in the employ of the Western Gas Construction company, has returned from Detroit, where he installed a gas plant.

New names on the sick lists at the Pittsburg shops today are Edgar Szink, Phillip France, Patrick Bresnahan, E. S. Turner, J. A. Ludington and Charles Dunn.

Lumber Foreman M. W. Kemp, of the Pittsburg, who has been ailing for several days, is improving and was at his office yesterday afternoon for awhile. He has bronchitis.

Philip Lordier, an apprentice in the Pittsburg machine shop, was transferred from the erecting to the lathe department this morning. He will run the bolt machine there for awhile.

A. J. Schirmeyer, of the Pittsburg car machine shop, is nursing a sore thumb, the result of a misdirected blow from a hammer yesterday. He will probably be able to resume work Monday.

H. W. Borden, of the Pittsburg freight house night gang, met with an accident last night which will keep him from work for awhile. The particulars could not be learned this morning.

Machinist Timothy Curran resigned his position at the Pittsburg shops this morning and will take a position with the Wabash. Mr. Curran worked in the Pittsburg shops about a year.

Bulletins announcing the coming of the Pennsylvania pay car were posted on the shop bulletin boards yesterday afternoon. The car will arrive here Tuesday evening, Feb. 18, and remain until Thursday morning, the 20th.

REPORT FOR JANUARY.

The report of the secretary of the Young Women's Christian association for January is as follows: Attendance at board and committee meetings, 34; at Sunday services, (4) 103; at Bible classes, 57; at clubs and reading circles, 98; at noon rest, 1,967; at gymnasium classes, 587; total attendance at rooms, 2,846; membership renewals, 13; new members, 13; directed to boarding places, 5.

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Monday.

FOR MEN.

G. Schmidt, the merchant tailor, 57 E. Berry, is displaying a fine line of heavy and medium weight suitings and overcoatings. Prices the lowest. 27tf

COMING.

The McKinley pictures. First time in Indiana. Temple theater Saturday evening; 10, 20 and 30 cents. Matinee 10 and 20 cents. Kline's Cinematographe. 445

Canfield Dress Shields

Seamless, Odorless and Impervious to Moisture. Soft as Kid. Easily washed. Every shield guaranteed and all damages paid.

What Sarah Bernhardt Says of Canfield Shields.
"I found your **Canfield Dress Shields** excellent, and more durable than any other I have used.
Will you kindly forward me two dozen to my address, Boulevard Pereire, Paris
SARAH BERNHARDT.
April 7th, 1901."
FOR SALE BY
Eurode Dry Goods Company.
People's Store.
Frank Dry Goods Company. 8-15

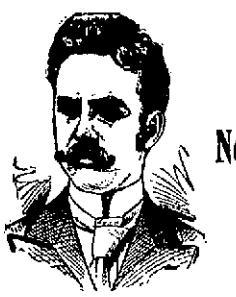
Dr. Mommer's 20th Century Dental Parlors
We are here to stay and our prices are right. Our motto is to please. We know we give satisfaction, as I have been in the same rooms for sixteen years.
Full upper or lower set of Teeth $5.00
Bridge work $3.00
Gold Crowns $3.00
Porcelain Crowns $3.00
Gold Fillings ..... $1.00 up
Silver Fillings ..... 50c up
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
Examination free. German spoken.
Office hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Old Number 76 Calhoun Street.
New number—314 Calhoun St. OVER MOMMER'S SHOE STORE.

Nervous Debility, ...Lost Vitality

Lost health, strength, energy, ambition, everything lost that goes to make you physically and mentally vigorous. Go to DR. GASAWAY & CO., THE RELIABLE SPECIALISTS, and they will make you strong and well, and happy in the possession of all that goes to make a strong man.

THE YOUNG MAN GLORIES IN HIS STRENGTH. If that is lost through overwork, worry, etc., he is indeed a pitiful object.

Have you a Varicocele?



Are you Nervous and Feeble?

Even though it gives you no trouble at present, it will ultimately depress your mind, rack your nervous system and shorten your existence. Why not be cured before it is too late! We CAN CURE YOU TO STAY CURED, UNDER WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OUR SPECIAL METHOD OF treatment is a positive, painless and permanent cure. Under our treatment the stagnent blood is forced from the dilated veins, all soreness and swelling disappears, a circulation of pure blood is established, and you are strengthened in every way, mentally and physically. We can positively assure you the quickest, safest cure. Consult us today, by letter or in person. We can fit you for a happy life and a successful business career.

DISEASES OF MEN We have made a special study of the treatment of Men's Diseases, Hydrocele, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility and Private Diseases, and many cured patients will gladly testify to our success, skill and honesty in the practice of our specialties.

SPECIAL NOTE.—Under no circumstances will we accept a case we cannot cure.

CONSULTATION FREE TO ALL.

DR. GASAWAY & CO.,
The Reliable Specialists,
29½ E. BERRY ST., FORT WAYNE, IND.
Other Offices.—Marion, Ind., 3rd and Adams.
Muncie, Ind., 200½ Main Street.
Office Hours.—9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 m.

WAYNE DRY GOODS CO.

Our January Sale is over, with a last day round up, that was a fitting climax for the greatest business we have ever known in our present or former history. While our regular reduction sale is closed it is not the close of the

BARGAIN SEASON.

Our business year does not end until March 1, when we take inventory. Until then you will find extra bargains in all our departments.

We are aware that this has been a year of good trade throughout the whole country, every one in business has been a sharer in it, and we are not so selfish as to regret the prosperity that has come to our neighbors and competitors, especially so, when we have had so satisfactory a portion of it ourselves.

This, however, has only been a

Whetting of Our Appetites,

giving us a legitimate craving for more.

This natural desire of business men to see their enterprises grow and increase under their close application and effort, will be more realized by us in the coming year if

Best Goods and Low Prices

will accomplish it.

While we believe no medium for bringing ourselves and our wares to the notice of the public, is superior to the regular newspaper advertisement, yet there are means that can be used as adjuncts, that are pleasing and advantageous. And when we consider them legitimate, popular and profitable we will not hesitate to adopt them.

We propose to continue the presenting of the

Green Trading Stamps

to all our "cash" customers and also call attention to the really elegant and beautiful portrait enlarged to life size from the photograph of yourself, member of your family or friend, as you choose, that you are entitled to free of cost with each $25 worth of goods bought from us. Take your choice for the amount of your cash purchase from us.

Portrait Coupons or Green Stamps.

New goods coming in every day; New Embroideries, New Laces and White Goods just opened.

Wayne Dry Goods Company,
96 Calhoun Street.

A NIGHT AT THE PLAY.

DAVIDSON STOCK COMPANY.

The Davidson Stock company will begin a five nights' engagement at the Temple theater Monday night, Feb. 10, and will give dime matinees daily commencing Tuesday afternoon. The repertoire for the engagement is as follows: Monday night, "Sheridan Keene, Detective;" Tuesday night, "O'Flynn in Mexico;" Wednesday night, "The Indian;" Thursday night, "True Hearts of Erin;" Friday night, "The Devil's Mine;" Tuesday matinee, "Hazel Kirke;" Wednesday matinee, "Sheridan Keene;" Thursday matinee, "She Couln't Marry Three; Friday matinee, "Little Red Riding Hood." Popular prices will prevail during the entire engagement and ladies' tickets are to be had for the opening Monday night.

JAMES O'NEILL IN "MONTE CRISTO."

What will be, from many standpoints, the most interesting event of the theatrical season here is James O'Neill's appearance at the Temple next Saturday night in Liebler & Co.'s stupendous scenic production of "Monte Cristo." Unusual interest attaches itself to the engagement not only because Mr. O'Neill is generally regarded as the leading romantic actor of the English-speaking stage, but on account of the immensity of the production with which he is surrounded, and the notable company which is supporting him. Mr. O'Neill's "Monte Cristo" is one of the greatest creations of the stage, and it is as much a matter of education to witness his performance as it is a source of pleasure. It is not altogether unlikely that this will be his last season of "Monte Cristo." His managers have secured a new play for next season, written especially for Mr. O'Neill, and they hope that it will be as great a success in its way as "Monte Cristo." The present production of "Monte Cristo" is said to be one of the greatest spectacles ever seen on the American stage, and to be worthy to rank alongside the magnificent production made at the London Lyceum by Sir Henry Irving. The company, besides Mr. O'Neill himself, includes the great character actor, Frederic De Belleville, Warren Conlan, James O'Neill, jr., W. J. Nixon, Claude Gilbert, Edward Lally, Edgar Forrest, Mark Ellsworth, Miss Selene Johnson, Kate Fletcher, Virginia Keating and Rebecca Hock. The supporting company numbers fifty.

"THE SECOND IN COMMAND."

Apropos of "The Second in Command," the new piece in which Charles Frohman is to introduce John Drew at the Masonic Temple theater on Wednesday, March 5, it is freely asserted that everything about the play is so genuine and real, even to the heart-breaking episode at the end of the third act in which Mr. Drew beautifully blends comedy and strong dramatic work, that nobody who sees the piece fails to enjoy the one and grow enthusiastic over the other.

THREE CARDINAL POINTS.

The three cardinal points of a theatrical company are plays, people and scenery, and the management of the Davidson Stock company has secured the best to be had in each instance. The company is composed of the best actors and actresses to be engaged and the performances given by them are as a natural result smooth, pleasing and enjoyable to their audiences, and highly creditable to the organization. The repertoire of plays this season includes some of the strongest dramas and brightest comedies of recent years. They have never before been played at popular prices and were secured by Manager Davidson for the use of his company this season by payment of a very high royalty. The following

VIOLA ALLEN,

As Dolores, "In the Palace of the King."

is the list of plays that the company will be seen in during their engagement in this city, commencing Monday night, Feb. 10, at the Temple theater: "Sheridan Keene, Detective," "The Devil's Mine," "Hazel Kirke," "True Hearts of Erin," "O'Flynn in Mexico;" Lewis Morrison's great play, "The Indian," and the very pretty fairy conceit, "Little Red Riding Hood," for the Friday matinee. Each of the above plays will be produced with the full strength of the company and with specialties and magnificent scenery and costumes.

"A RUNAWAY GIRL."

One of the many excellent features of the production of the musical comedy, "A Runaway Girl," which will be seen in a few days at the Temple, Feb. 21, in this city, is the magnificent carnival scene in the last act. The locality is supposed to be near the historical canal in Venice. Great scope is allowed in this scene and is taken full advantage of by the management. Some exceedingly handsome and picturesque costumes are worn by the participants and a very entertaining and decidedly interesting carnival of dance and music is introduced. Flower girls, gondoliers, brigands, peasants, soldiers and sabot girls, all dressed in appropriate costumes and a beautifully painted set of scenery serve to make a grand picture during the action of the principals in this strikingly original scene.

WILLIAM FRIEND COMING.

Will Friend and "YoungCorbett" are to be the star attraction at the Temple Feb. 20 in connection with that new and bright farce comedy, "A Stranger in a Strange Land." Corbett won his title of featherweight champion of the world by the decisive manner in which he defeated the terrible Terry McGovern, and he has added to the good favor in which he has been held by the modesty of his every day life. He gives a lively sparring exhibition in connection with the play. The farce is fresh from a long run at the Manhattan theater, New York. The ingenuity of its comic complications, the novelty of its theme, and the fresh and wholesome quality of humor in it, are said to combine to make this one of the most successful farces of recent years. In the cast are such well known names as William Friend, of this city, Chas. Drake, F. J. Donnelly, Harry Bond, E. H. Bender, Chas. N. Lum, E. V. Giroux, Cyril Young, L. R. Williams, Misses Amanda Wellington, Fannie C. Ferris, Elsie Williard and Vere Irving.

NOTES

One of the unique musical features of the merry "Chaperons" is the playing of the mandolin club of fourteen beautiful young ladies, gorgeously dressed in purple velvet troubador costumes. These young ladies both play and sing the serenade music that opens the second act oriental scene.

Miss Virginia Harned made her Washington debut last Monday evening at the National theater before a fine society audience that liked both her and "Alice of Old Vincinnes." There is said to be a surprising demand for this attraction, considering the comparative newness of the actress as a stellar aspirant.

Viola Allen made her first appearance in San Francisco last Monday evening with "In the Palace of the King." to an enormous audience. Miss Allen has been seen on the Pacific coast several times with the Frohman companies, but never as a star and her reputation in the east rather excited curiosity, with the result that the advance sales are the heaviest of any attraction playing out there this season.

Maude Adams has captured Boston with her new play, "Quality Street."

May Irwin told the other day of her first appearance on the road as a star. Her advance agent had reached a certain one-night town, and it occurred to Miss Irwin that as it was to be the opening night of her tour she would require all the assistance possible on the stage in order that the scenery should be properly handled. In her enthusiasm she wired as follows to her agent: "On our arrival in town be sure to arrange that all the stage hands, carpenters, cleaners and property men are on hand promptly." The reply came back signed by the agent, as follows: "He will be there."

Lillian Russell's feelings were somewhat jarred the other afternoon by seeing in a show window on Upper Broadway the portrait of herself taken in the days when she was "Billee Taylor." The unfortunate photograph showed her in tights and sweater, and as soon as Miss Russell could regain her calm she dispatched a young man to the store, who, with the assistance of her money, removed that picture from the admiring gaze of the public to Miss Russell's sanctum, where it now reposes in safety.

CONSCIENCE STAMPS.

The postoffice department has a "conscience fund" of its own. Not at all unusual is it for people to use a poorly canceled stamp and then to regret cheating the government out of two cents. In order to secure peace of mind the two-cent culprit will send a good stamp to the department with an anonymous explanation. This stamp is turned over to Evelyn Hall, of the files and mail division, who pastes it on a large card and draws a couple of pen marks across it. The effect would be just as good if the repentant canceled the stamp himself.—Washington letter New York Post.

MILLIONS PUT TO WORK.

The wonderful activity of the new century is shown by an enormous demand for the world's best workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. For Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, or any trouble of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys they're unriveled. Only 25c at Dreier & Bro.'s drug store.

Three thousand newspapers and 1,000 letters are received by King Edward every day.

MASONIC TEMPLE.....

Five Nights Commencing Monday Night, February 10th.
Dime Matinee Daily, commencing Tuesday
MR. A. E. DAVIDSON PRESENTS THE

Davidson Stock Company,

In a repertoire or high class royalty plays at popular prices.
10, 20 and 30 cents.
Monday night the powerful detective play, "Sheridan Keene, Detective."
Seat sale opens Saturday morning. Ladies' tickets good for opening Monday night.

TAXES ARE DISTRIBUTED

COMMISSIONERS MAKE THE APPORTIONMENT.

A Total of $118,252.52 to be Div'ded Among the City, Towns and Townships of County.

The semi-annual distribution of the taxes collected in November among the townships and towns was made yesterday by the county commissioners. The total amount distributed was $118,252.52, and it was divided as follows:

Wayne Township—Poor tax, $6,997.86; township tax, $13.90; road tax, $33.30; special road tax, $16.82; special school tax, $1,778.98; general tuition tax, $1,616.99.

Washington—Poor tax, $233.51; township tax, $311.18; road tax, $24.89; special road tax, $12.02; special school, $830.91; local tuition, $276.68; general tuition, $1,348.38.

Springfield—Poor tax, $104.04; township, $277.29; road, $16.44; special, $5.73; special school, $724.77; local tuition, $624.25; general tuition, $959.59.

St. Joseph—Poor tax, $.04; township, $232.43; road, $12.60; special road, $9.98; special school, $774.35; local tuition, $310.28; general tuition, $1,021.45.

Perry—Poor tax, $163.78; township, $532.27; road, $14.53; special road, $8.52; local tuition, $902.24; general tuition, $686.44.

Madison—Poor fund, $50.29; township, $201.18; road, $24.67; special road, $7.61; special school, $754.42; local tuition, $503.60; general tuition, $850.03.

Monroe—Poor tax, $86.82; township, $217.59; road, $15.90; special road, $3.15; special school, $1,584.99; local tuition, $176.40; general tuition, $715.72.

Marion—Poor tax, $33.20; township, $398.21; road, $6.22; special road, $4.10; special school, $365.48; local tuition, $332.09; general tuition, $816.45.

Maumee—Poor tax, $145.39; township, $363.51; road, $19.20; special road, $8.97; special school, $430.62; local tuition, $197.94; general tuition, $561.97.

Milan—Poor fund, $72.84; township, $437; road, $3.62; special road, $2.48; special school, $728.35; local tuition, $388.58; general tuition, $1,050.56.

Lake—Poor tax, $145.03; township, $483.46; road, $23.27; special road, $10.99; special school, $241.72; local tuition, $484.16; general tuition, $821.75.

Jefferson—Poor tax, $126.51; township, $632.71; road, $11.16; special road, $6.44; special school, $1,264.33; local tuition, $253.34; general tuition, $904.81.

Eel River—Poor tax, $64.47; township, $357.89; road, $11.64; special road, $5.63; special school, $496.45; local tuition, $319.23; general tuition, $781.10.

Cedar Creek—Poor tax, $96.91; township, $387.33; road, $5.03; special road, $8.04; special school, $645.68; local tuition, $223.46; general tuition, $964.89.

Adams—Poor tax, $220.64; township, $550.85; road tax, $15.35; special road, $733; special school, $948.61; general tuition, $1,249.41.

Aboit—Poor tax, $127.11; township, $213.12; road, $26.24; special road, $16.20; special school, $211.84; local tuition, $424.73; general tuition, $567.27.

Pleasant—Poor tax, $118.73; township, $338.51; road tax, $10; special road, $4.81; special school, $318.09; local tuition, $160.99; general tuition, $869.47.

Scipio—Poor tax, $11.68; township, $633.45; road, $1.68; special road, $1.15; special school, $58.35; local tuition, $58.40; general tuition, $291.59.

Lafayette—Poor tax, $62.79; township, $314; road, $3.48; special road, $1.50; special school, $151.04; local tuition, $314.10; general tuition, $828.82.

Jackson—Poor tax, $101.31; township, $506.55; road tax, $24.90; special road, $9.34; special school, $633.18; local tuition, $253.87; general tuition, $735.16.

Town of Monroeville—Special school tax, $306.44; local tuition, $212.29; general tuition, $404.70.

Town of New Haven—Special school, $122.06; local tuition, $78.03; general tuition, $498.35.

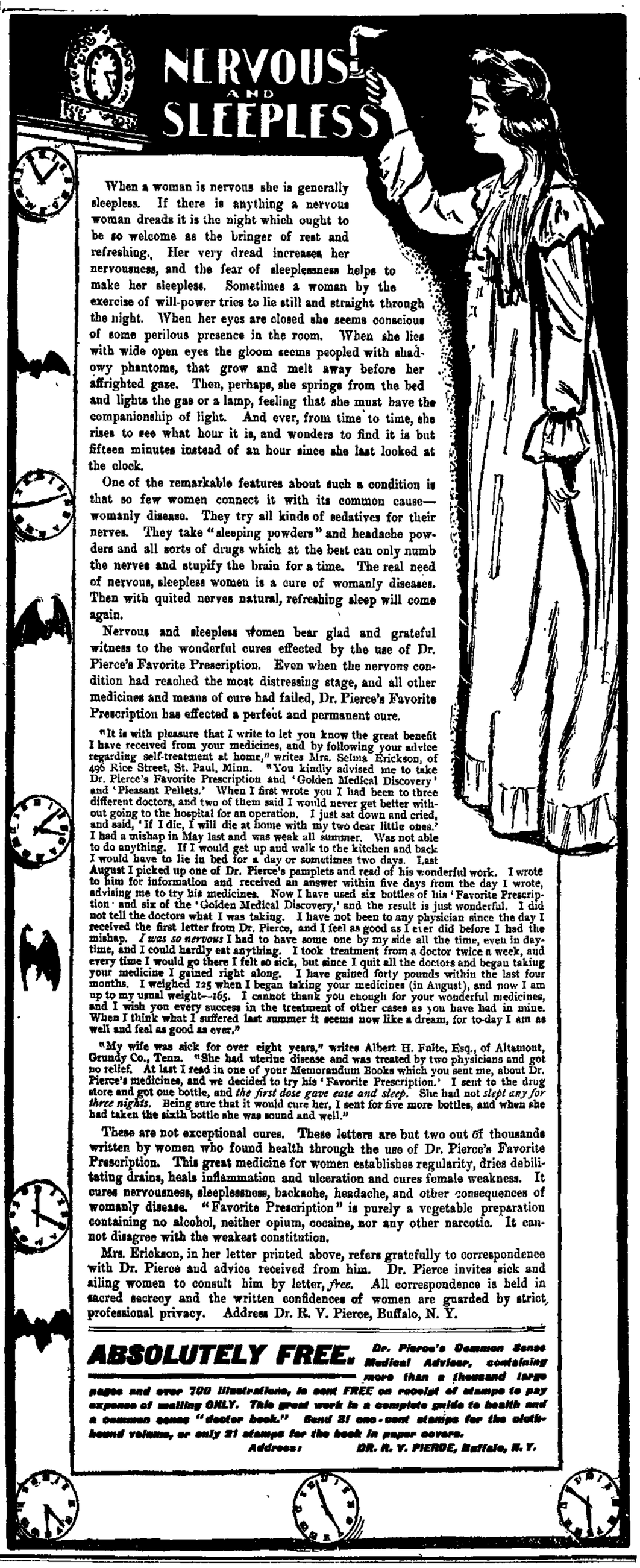
Town of Shirley City—Special school, $67.04; general tuition, $153.75; local tuition, $56.02.

City of Fort Wayne—Special school, $20,552.84; local tuition, $12,494.56; general tuition, $24,804.46; city library, $3,645.63; compulsory education, $1,822.82.

Following are the total distributions in each fund:

Poor fund	$ 3,962 95
Township fund	6,902 43
Road tax	303 94
Special road tax	150 87
Special school tax	33,896 53
Local tuition	19,055 24
General tuition	43,512.11
City library	3,645 63
Compulsory education	1,822 82
Grand total	$118,252 52

London is still obliged to import polyglot clerks for her mercantile houses, as the English too seldom take the trouble to learn foreign languages.



When a woman is nervous she is generally sleepless. If there is anything a nervous woman dreads it is the night which ought to be so welcome as the bringer of rest and refreshing. Her very dread increases her nervousness, and the fear of sleeplessness helps to make her sleepless. Sometimes a woman by the exercise of will-power tries to lie still and straight through the night. When her eyes are closed she seems conscious of some perilous presence in the room. When she lies with wide open eyes the gloom seems peopled with shadowy phantoms, that grow and melt away before her affrighted gaze. Then, perhaps, she springs from the bed and lights the gas or a lamp, feeling that she must have the companionship of light. And ever, from time to time, she rises to see what hour it is, and wonders to find it is but fifteen minutes instead of an hour since she last looked at the clock.

One of the remarkable features about such a condition is that so few women connect it with its common cause—womanly disease. They try all kinds of sedatives for their nerves. They take "sleeping powders" and headache powders and all sorts of drugs which at the best can only numb the nerves and stupify the brain for a time. The real need of nervous, sleepless women is a cure of womanly diseases. Then with quited nerves natural, refreshing sleep will come again.

Nervous and sleepless women bear glad and grateful witness to the wonderful cures effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Even when the nervous condition had reached the most distressing stage, and all other medicines and means of cure had failed, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has effected a perfect and permanent cure.

"It is with pleasure that I write to let you know the great benefit I have received from your medicines, and by following your advice regarding self-treatment at home," writes Mrs. Selma Erickson, of 496 Rice Street, St. Paul, Minn. "You kindly advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' When I first wrote you I had been to three different doctors, and two of them said I would never get better without going to the hospital for an operation. I just sat down and cried, and said, 'If I die, I will die at home with my two dear little ones.' I had a mishap in May last and was weak all summer. Was not able to do anything. If I would get up and walk to the kitchen and back I would have to lie in bed for a day or sometimes two days. Last August I picked up one of Dr. Pierce's pamplets and read of his wonderful work. I wrote to him for information and received an answer within five days from the day I wrote, advising me to try his medicines. Now I have used six bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and six of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and the result is just wonderful. I did not tell the doctors what I was taking. I have not been to any physician since the day I received the first letter from Dr. Pierce, and I feel as good as I ever did before I had the mishap. *I was so nervous* I had to have some one by my side all the time, even in daytime, and I could hardly eat anything. I took treatment from a doctor twice a week, and every time I would go there I felt so sick, but since I quit all the doctors and began taking your medicine I gained right along. I have gained forty pounds within the last four months. I weighed 125 when I began taking your medicines (in August), and now I am up to my usual weight—165. I cannot thank you enough for your wonderful medicines, and I wish you every success in the treatment of other cases as you have had in mine. When I think what I suffered last summer it seems now like a dream, for to-day I am as well and feel as good as ever."

"My wife was sick for over eight years," writes Albert H. Fulte, Esq., of Altamont, Grundy Co., Tenn. "She had uterine disease and was treated by two physicians and got no relief. At last I read in one of your Memorandum Books which you sent me, about Dr. Pierce's medicines, and we decided to try his 'Favorite Prescription.' I sent to the drug store and got one bottle, and *the first dose gave ease and sleep.* She had not *slept any for three nights.* Being sure that it would cure her, I sent for five more bottles, and when she had taken the sixth bottle she was sound and well."

These are not exceptional cures. These letters are but two out of thousands written by women who found health through the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This great medicine for women establishes regularity, dries debilitating drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It cures nervousness, sleeplessness, backache, headache, and other consequences of womanly disease. "Favorite Prescription" is purely a vegetable preparation containing no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic. It cannot disagree with the weakest constitution.

Mrs. Erickson, in her letter printed above, refers gratefully to correspondence with Dr. Pierce and advice received from him. Dr. Pierce invites sick and ailing women to consult him by letter, *free.* All correspondence is held in sacred secrecy and the written confidences of women are guarded by strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY FREE. *Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing more than a thousand large pages and over 700 illustrations, is sent FREE on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY. This great work is a complete guide to health and a common sense "doctor book." Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.*

Address: DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did, and thanks be to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it." Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

The paper currency of Spain now stands at 43 per cent. loss on the gold standard.

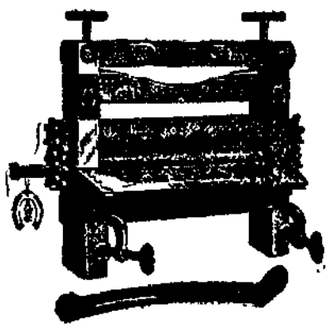
Dyspepsia is permanently cured by Dr Kay's Renovator (Guaranteed to be a specific also for constipation liver and kidneys At druggists. Write for positive proof Free medical advice, sample and book. Dr. B J Kay, Saratoga N Y

FUNSTON BABY'S NAME.

The name selected for the Funston baby is Arthur MacArthur Funston. The Lola Register says Mrs. Funston stood out for the name Frederick, but that she was overruled by the general, who wanted his boy named for the great Philippine soldier. General MacArthur was a loyal friend to Funston. He trusted the Kansas man fully, and gave him great praise for his numerous achievements. Indeed, it was the whole-souled recommendation of General MacArthur which led President McKinley into giving Funston a position in the regular establishment.—Kansas City Journal.

There are 3,546 millionaires in the United States.

You Can Buy a Reliable Clothes Wringer...



FOR TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF THAT IS WARRANTED FOR THREE YEARS. WE HAVE SOME CHEAPER IF YOU WANT THEM. BUY A CLOTHES WIRNGER OF

C. C. Schlatter & Co.

HARDWARE and CUTLERY.
38 and 40 E. Columbia Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

The Weather..

Is not spring-like just now, but our store is rapidly putting on its spring dress. Bright, new spring fabrics will greet you in every department to remind you of bright days to come.

New Wash Silks

Are here in a lavish assortment of pretty styles. You'll find them of better quality than you usually see at the price.

Muslin Underwear

If you appreciate under muslins that are well made and daintily trimmed, our showing will interest you. We offer some exceptional values in Gowns, Skirts and Corset Covers. They are new arrivals; see them while they are fresh and clean.

Spring, 1902 Ginghams

A bigger and better variety of these serviceable fabrics than we have ever shown before, pretty in style, dainty in coloring, and excellent in quality. Priced from 7c to 25c a yard. Make your selections early before the assortment is broken.

Take a Glance

At the new Embroideries, you will admire them, we know, for the styles are dainty, the qualities superb and the values better than we or you have ever known before. They are at the lace counter, first aisle right.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

A Cold Weather Suggestion.

25 Per Cent. Off On Underwear.

F. H. Bohne & Bro., 84 and 252 Calhoun Street,

Grand January Fur Sale.

Stephen's Furs at a great reduction in price, but not in quality. Either from stock or made to order. No cull stock, and our prices are reduced from honest prices.

$300.00 Alaska Seal Jackets at $250.00.
$250.00 Alaska Seal Jackets at $200.00.
$150.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $110.00.
$125.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $100.00.
$110.00 Persian Lamb Jackets at $85.00.
$55.00 Near Seal Jackets at $45.00.
$50.00 Near Seal Jackets at $40.00.
$45.00 Electric Seal Jackets at $35.00.
$35.00 Electric Seal Jackets at $25.00.

Collarettes, Capes, Boas, Scarfs—yes, everything in the Fur line at the same proportion. You can select the skins and have your garment made to your own measurements at the same great reduction.

E. A. Stephens,
29 E. Berry Street.

Patch Up Your Suit—

With a new pair of trousers. Following our usual custom we inaugurate our semi-annual sale of heavy-weight trousrings. This is the season of the year that you need a new pair of trousers and we are prepared to make them for you at a considerable saving to you. Fine all worsted trousering that sold at $7 and $8, go in this sale for SIX DOLLARS. The higher grades reduced in the same proportion. See our window display.

I. Mautner & Co.
52 CALHOUN ST.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1902.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms 650
Business Office 179

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Forecast for Indiana—Fair and continued cold tonight and Sunday; northwest winds.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Gertrude Hanna is visiting friends in Ann Arbor.

Miss Louise Brandt is home from a visit in Logansport.

Miss Delia Reed, of 148 East Lewis street, is seriously ill.

William Palmer, of Evanston, Ill., was the guest yesterday of Dr. J. D. Chambers.

Mrs. Samuel Elliot will entertain the Athena Thimble club on Thursday afternoon.

Miss Tena Ulrich has returned home to Plymouth after a visit with Miss Ella Garrison.

The Nous Temps club will meet Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frank Gerrard.

The Epicurean club will hold a meeting at the city hall at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Rev. J. L. Leeper will occupy the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church at both services tomorrow

Messrs. R. Rippon and O. Mehrman, of Toledo, are in the city adjusting the clocks at the Western Union office.

The Mulqueen Dancing academy will give a reception to its pupils and friends on Tuesday evening. The Annex orchestra will play.

Anthony Wayne council No. 156, Royal League, will have a smoker at Harmony hall Monday evening. Refreshments will be served.

Miss Pauline Ducker, of Buffalo, N. Y. a gifted pianist, will arrive in the city tomorrow to take a position in the Hanker dancing academy.

The B. of D. club, of Library hall, gave a dance last evening in Knights of Columbus hall and over eighty couples were in attendance. Music for the dance program was furnished by the Conklin & Swaidner orchestra.

BEST MICHIGAN POTATOES, 85C BUSHEL.

Fancy Medium Hams, 12c lb.
Fancy California Hams, 9c lb.
Fancy Lean Bacon, 13c lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 23c doz.
All City Flour, $4.00 bbl.
Kansas Imperial Flour, $4.00 bbl.
Sandwich Sliced Ham, 24c lb.
Frankfort Sausages, 10c lb.
Best Cream Cheese, 14c lb.
Best Limburg Cheese, 15c lb.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Grand Prize Masquerade, Shrove Tuesday, Feb. 11, at Saengerbund Hall, given by Turnverein Vorwaerts; 15 valuable prizes. Admission, 50c couple.

FEBRUARY CARPET SALE.

All the brightest, handsomest and newest lines of 1902 Carpets are here.

By making a small deposit we will keep your selection and lay it within 60 days without charge.

Smith's Axminster Carpets, new spring designs and colorings, $1.10 and $1.35 yd.

Velvet Carpets, standard makes, new designs and colorings, 85c and $1.10 yd.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, complete assortment of patterns, 63, 73 and 83c yd.

Extra Super Ingrain Carpets, forty patterns to select from, 66c yd.

Half Wool and Ingrain Carpets, up from 30c yd.

Wild's and Imported Linoleums, extra quality, 50c sq. yd.

Axminster and Brussels rug size remnants, $1.20 and 95c.

Rug Fringe, 9c yd.; 3 for 25c.

200 rolls of fancy Mattings, all new patterns, up from 12½c yd.

Rugs, all sizes, large and small, at the lowest prices.

Bissel's Nickel Cy-Co Sweepers at $2.65.

Carpet Whips, 10 and 12c.

Our supply of Carpets, etc., consists of several hundred rolls. The large room, 50x60 feet, on third floor, is devoted to this department.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs. M. A. Buck, of Harrett, is in the city under treatment by a specialist.

HOUSE NUMBERS.

Just received a supply of House Numbers at 5c and 9c each.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

J. R. Loftus, general manager of agencies for the Physicians' Guarantee company, has gone east on a business trip.

ORIENTAL RUGS.

In order to close out the remaining Oriental Rugs, we offer 33 1-3 per cent. discount from regular prices.
WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

GOES TO PRISON

YOUNG WEAVER GIVEN SEVERE PENALTY BY COURT.

TRIED TO SLAY HIS FATHER

ENTERED A PLEA OF GUILT TO THE CHARGE.

PILLARS CASE IS SETTLED

GENERAL NEWS OF COURTS AND COURT HOUSE.

This morning William Weaver, the young man from Sheldon, who made a murderous assault on his father last Wednesday and entered a plea to the affidavit of information filed by the prosecutor, subsequent to his preliminary hearing in France's court, at which he was bound over to the circuit court in the sum of $1,000. He pleaded guilty and after hearing same evidence in the case Judge O'Rourke sentenced the young man to serve an indeterminate sentence from two to fourteen years. Young Weaver was taken back to jail and will be removed to Jeffersonville about Monday next.

Tuesday, January 28, young Weaver filled himself with liquor and went gunning for his parent with the avowed intention of killing him. He did not succeed, though according to the youth's own story, he was pursuing his quest in right good faith. He claims his father had driven him from home for drinking and he proposed to have revenge.

SMITH CASE BOBS UP AGAIN.

On application of Eliza Smith, Phillip B. Smith, her husband, was today restrained from disposing of any property or property interests of which he may be possessed, pending divorce proceedings also instituted by the plaintiff in the above cause. Considerable more than a year ago Mrs. Smith sued her husband for support and the court ordered the payment to her of a sum equivalent to about $18 per month. Occasionally Smith failed to pay the amount and was as frequently cited to appear in court to show cause why he made such failure. The parties have been living apart, but are not divorced, and so to vary the monotony Phillip was alleged to occasionally seek other female company and Mrs. Smith, hearing about it, would have him arrested for provoke. For about a month last summer the troubles of the Smiths were aired every day or two in the various justices' courts. Smith, it is said, wanted a divorce, to which Mrs. Smith would not consent, because as she said one day at a trial at Tancey's court, "it would please him to well." She has changed her mind, evidently, and today filed an application for legal separation and alimony.

DIVORCE SUIT SETTLED.

The Pillers divorce case came to an abrupt ending so far as the trial was concerned shortly after court convened this morning and was definitely terminated a few hours later. A short time after Special Judge Branyan had taken his seat on the superior court bench the attorneys interested in the trial asked leave to prepare a motion for settlement. The attorneys then retired and before noon the case was taken out of court. By agreement Mrs. Pillers is given the custody of the daughter, aged 7, and the father is given the custody of the boy, aged 11. The divorce was granted to the plaintiff. On the division of the property an amicable arrangement was made, involving the transfer of certain insurance policies. Judge Branyan made the order of the court approving the settlement and the case was then wiped off the docket.

COURT NOTES.

Jeremiah F. Betz was today adjudged of unsound mind by Judge O'Rourke, and his sister, Mrs. Susan A. Boger, was appointed his guardian. The guardian immediately qualified in the sum of $500.

Judge Aiken is still at Huntington engaged in trying a case in which he is sitting as special judge and present indications are that he will not be able to resume his seat in the Allen superior court before next Tuesday at the earliest.

In the circuit court today an old case of Laura Devaux vs. Frank France was dismissed, as was one of George Wilhelm against the Fort Wayne Consolidated Street Railway company, the latter at the defendant's costs.

The county commissioners today completed the placing of $50,000 fire insurance on the new court house. The insurance was distributed among a dozen local agencies. While the court house is presumed to be as near fire proof as any building can practically be, it would not be proof against the effects of a serious conflagration adjacent to it. A fire, for instance which might destroy any of the adjacent blocks would have a material damaging effect upon the exterior walls. The insurance was placed as a matter of purely business precaution.

J. Kannel, of Angola, is at the Randall.

PROGRAM OF SPECIAL MUSIC.

The following program will be rendered at the First Presbyterian church by the choir tomorrow evening:

Chorus—"He is Watching Over Israel" ..... Mendelssohn
Duet—"In His Hands are the Corners of the Earth" .....
P. A. Schnelker, Mrs. S. C. Moffat and Mrs. Wm. Miles.
Chorus—"Gloria" ..... Mozart
Quartet—Selected...Haydn Quartet
Solo—"Abide With Me" .....
..... Reginald de Koven
Mrs. Miles.
Anthem ..... Ethelbert Nevin
Choir.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William H. Clark and Hattie A. Baker.

Nathan Tilbury and Meda Ott.

William H. Jones and Zetta R. Schlemmer.

TO ESTABLISH MACHINE SHOP.

The Meyer Cycle company has leased the room adjoining the bicycle store on the west and will within a few weeks establish a thoroughly equipped machine shop. Several thousand dollars will be expended for machinery and tools, and the shop will be up to date in every respect. Several machinists will be employed, and in connection with the shop there will be a bicycle repair department. McPhail Bros., plumbers, who occupy the store at present, will move to other quarters in a few weeks.

CITY COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

The committee on finance and streets is in session this afternoon.

This afternoon the council committee on franchises and the special committee on street railway franchises were called to meet at the city hall this evening at 7:30.

The special committee to consider the Jenney Electric Light company's new contract and proposition was also this afternoon called to meet on Monday evening.

'RASTUS A MERCHANT.

Forms a Partnership With J. H. Cook in the Cigar Business.

"The London" is the name of the new cigar store and shine parlor that will be opened to the public tomorrow at No. 1210 (new number) Calhoun street, just below Lewis street. The proprietors of the new place are E. F. Russ and J. H. Cook, both well known gentlemen, and that the new venture will be a success from the start is beyond doubt. The store room has been nicely furnished with everything necessary for the conducting of the combined business and every one who knows 'Rastus Russ is aware that he would not be connected with any business that was not up to the top notch in style and equipment. The new firm extends a cordial invitation to all their friends to call.

SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER.

The new departure of the Calderwood Hotel, of South Calhoun street, embracing the idea of a Metropolitan Sunday Dinner has been so popularly patronized that the management has decided to repeat it and will serve the following elegant menu from 12 to 2 o'clock Sunday, Feb. 9:

MENU.

Soup
Mock Turtle
Olives Sweet Pickles Celery
Roast Ribs of Prime Beef, Demi Glace
Young Turkey, Chestnut Dressing, Cranberry Sauce
Brazed Beef, Au Jus
Bartlett's Pears, Fritters Maraschino
Calf Sweet Breads, Larded, Macedoine
Mashed Potatoes
Candi Sweet Potatoes
French Peas Fried Parsnips
Potato Salad Cream Slaw
Cocoanut Suffiay
Hot Mince Pie Nuts Pumpkin Pie
Assorted Cake Edam Cheese
Water Crackers
Tea Coffee Milk

THOROUGHLY SATISFIED.

People's Mutual Burial Association:

I am thoroughly satisfied with my claim and received more than I expected. Accept my sincere thanks for the gentlemanly way in which your company has acted towards me in promptly paying the claim due me at the death of my father, the late Robert Steinbrunner, of 24 West Williams street.

KATHARINE F. BARNES.

10c per week STAHN'S 10c per week

Circulating Library. New books received:

Sir Richard Calmady.
Carolina Cavalier.
Velvet Glove.
Fifth String. J. Ph. Sousa.
Schley at Santiago.

And all other popular books to be had for 10c a week.

Theo. M. Leary, agent of James O'Neill, is at the Wayne.

LOCAL LINES.

Rev. S. L. Shirley, of Columbia City, is at the New Aveline.

John Christman, of Van Buren, is visiting relatives in the city.

Ed J. Fisher will spend Sunday the guest of friends in Indianapolis.

Hugh M. Beaver will leave this evening for a visit at Fredericktown, Ohio.

Dr. N. N. Aspinall, of Eaton, Ind., transacted business in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Eva McCausland, of Pritchard street, is quite ill with an attack of rheumatism.

Peter Wickliffe, residing at Runnion avenue and Spring street, is reported quite ill.

Messrs. J. A. Wallen, of Angola, and A. D. Adams, of Peru, are registered at the Rich hotel.

Master George Geake, the young son of Contractor William Geake, is quite seriously ill.

Among the visitors in the city today are J. D. Clugston and S. F. Musser, of Lagrange.

The Epicurean club will have a business meeting in the council chamber in the city hall Sunday afternoon.

The Shamrock Literary club will meet tomorrow afternoon in the club rooms at 138 Calhoun street to transact important business.

Miss Anna Clark, who has been teaching school in Aboit township, has been compelled to temporarily abandon her duties on account of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Goff, of 2032 South Clinton street, entertained the Zero Pedro club last evening. Mrs. E. E. Anderson and Dr. H. L. Porter carried off the first prizes and Mrs. F. Carter and Nelson Himes received the consolation prizes. The guests of honor were Miss Ettie Gilliland, of Auburn, Ind., and Mrs. C. A. Coder, of Chicago.

EAST BUFALO MARKETS.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 110 head; market quiet and unchanged; veals, tops, $8.75@9.50; light to good, $6.50@6.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,500 head; market steady; heavy, $6.50@6.65; mixed packers, $6.40@6.50; pigs, $5.90@6.00; roughs, $5.25@5.60; stags, $4.00@4.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000 head; market slow for lambs; top lambs, $6.15@6.25; culls to fair, $4.25@6.00; sheep steady; top mixed, $4.70@4.90; culls to good, $3.00@4.65; wethers, $4.90@5.50; yearlings, $5.25@5.75.

FOR SALE.

A stock of boots and shoes. Will invoice between four and five thousand dollars. Good reason for selling. For particulars address, Shoes, care Sentinel.

Rev. H. Weber, a representative of the Watch Tower Bible and Tract society, will preach on "The Plan of the Ages" Sunday at 3 p. m., Feb. 9, 1902, at 199 Lafayette street. No collections.

Monday is the last day to pay your natural and artificial gas bills without penalty.

All moving pictures at the Temple Saturday evening and matinee. 10, 20 and 30 cents. Last scenes of President McKinley. 4t5

Dr. Carrie B. Banning,

Office and Residence,

181 CLINTON STREET.

YOUNG WOMEN.
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.

Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:60

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

On Monday evening, February 17th, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock, there will be a meeting of the Bruderliche Unterstutzungs Verein, at Harmony hall, for the purpose of electing two trustees for the term of three years.

C. H. BUCK, Pres.
W. C. BAADE, Sec. 1-8-15

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 2tf

If You Would Be Happy

Be careful what you eat. There's a theory afloat that low grade food makes a low grade man. It may not be true. Still, owners of fine horses are particular about the feed—and man is just another kind of animal.

It's just as well to be on the safe side and buy groceries made from pure food.

Malta Vita, 1 pkg., 13c.
Grape Nuts, 2 pkgs., 25c.
Cream of Wheat 1 pkg., 13c.
Seeded Wheat, 1 pkg., 12c.
Postum Cereals, 1 large pkg., 25c.

Wiegman's Cash Store,
199 Lafayette St.
Home phone 582.
Bell 491, Green.

—THE—
Citizens Trust Company.
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00
6 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits .....
One Dollar
— AND UP
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:
Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
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Samuel M. Foster,	Andrew E. Hoffman,
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THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on stock. LOANS MONEY at Low Rates. Is a friend to rich and poor. Assets $600,000

U. S. Stamps.

Gives the biggest premiums in the world for the least number of stamps. See them at store, 140 Calhoun St., and get books and pages free.

It's a good time to JAVA'S have it.

Now shipments of the latest designs just received again make our stock complete. We sell only first-class HOUSE NUMBERS. The very best in SOLID BRONZE, OLD COPPERED, and CAST ALUMINUM, and our prices are right. This is the time to renumber your dwellings, and we have the house numbers you want. Call early before the assortment is again broken.

PHONE JAVA'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE

GOOD WEATHER PROPHET

A New Jersey Girl Who is a Capable Meteorologist—How She Begun It.

Weather making in the great state of New Jersey, by rights the function of gods and goddesses rather than of mere mortals, is now, strangely enough, in the fair, but strong, firm hands of a woman. A woman—a girl—it is now who whistles up the sea winds that sweep the coast from Sandy Hook to Cape May. A girl it is who marshals the unruly and undisciplined forces of the mighty storm king, swirling in from the north and west, and gives for a guerdon soft gulf stream zephyrs.

For seven weeks Miss Laura M. Dey has thus been in league with Aeolus as the official rain and sunshine maker of the Mosquito state. The fact that she is dealing out weather at wholesale for the guidance of the big commonwealth is a matter of accident rather than design. Miss Dey has long been the assistant of Mr. E. W. McCann, section director of the weather service under Mr. Willis E. Moore, at Washington.

Seven weeks ago Mr. McCann fell ill with pneumonia and it was a serious question who should take charge of the central station at New Brunswick. Nobody was available from headquarters at Washington, and the duties of the office naturally fell upon Miss Dey.

"Why, what else could I do?" said Miss Dey. "There was Mr. McCann ill and the whole station in danger of not having any weather for dear only knows how long. So I just took hold and am doing the best that I can, and a goddess cannot do more than that, can she?"

Nor could a goddess do more than the slip of a girl is doing up there in her eyrie, which towers above the campus of Rutgers college at New Brunswick. And, what is more, gods and goddesses, even those omniscent deities of Greek mythology, never knew a tenth as much about the wind and weather as this matter-of-fact Jersey girl.

From 10 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon the weather prophetess sits in her eyrie, surrounded by multitudious instruments with long Greek and Latin names. Unlike the average woman, Miss Dey does not rely at all upon her intuitions for weather signs. Despite the grumbling and misgivings of the old-fashioned New Jersey farmers, who don't like the idea of a woman running the weather for them, Miss Dey makes all her calculations in a thoroughly scientific manner.

There is no guess work about it. She handles anemometers, thermographs, rain gauges, barometers, maximum and minimum thermometers with dexterity which comes of long usage. She plots her own isotherms with percision that would give an ordinary woman nervous headache. Moreover, Miss Dey is a comely young woman. She is tall and slender, with dark eyes and a broad, high forehead bespeaking keen intellect.

Since her assumption of the duties of her sibyline office, Miss Dey has been quite the most conspicuous and moct talked about young woman in New Jersey. She has likewise been tormented to death with letters and cranks of all descriptions. Requests for signed articles for magizines and newspapers have poured in to her, with two offers from museum managers.

The consensus of opinion among Jerseyites is that a woman is out of her sphere when she begins to monkey with the weather.

"Weather is variable enough," they growl, "without a woman getting mixed up in it."

"Woman and weather," snarl the farmers, dubiously casting their eyes to the sky; "woman and weather! What does a woman know about weather, anyway?"

"Woman and weather! Woman and weather!" sigh the beaux, all the way from Deckertown to Cape May. "Woman and weather! They're wemated, that's sure enough."

"A fine combination of inconstancy," say the facetious. "You can't place any more dependence in one than in the other, and mighty little in either."

And so it goes, the merry jesting and gibes over the serious little weather sharp working away for dear life in her eyrie, and doing the best she can to give everybody just the kind of weather he wants.

It is no easy task to serve New Jersey in this capacity, and it is not to be wondered at, therefore, that the weather prophetess should be without honor in her own country. No state in the union has a more variable climate. No state in the union demands a greater variety of weathers or offers such obstacles to their attainment. Especially is this true in winter.

For instance, there is a hard, crusty, old-fashioned New Jersey farmer. He raises sweet potatoes, and weather is everything to him. He pins his faith to the weather forecasts which are sent out daily from the New Brunswick station, tower and posted in the village store or postoffice. Now, it doesn't matter so much, the farmer says, but when spring comes and planting time arrives he must have exact data as to the rains. Will a woman continue in charge of the central bureau, and can he depend upon her forecasts? Such questions agitate him exceedingly.

"I see the finish of the sweet potato crop," a Hackensack farmer is quoted as saying last week. "I see the finish of the sweet potato crop, for 1902, with a mere woman running the weather down there in Brunswick. Even men make mistakes about the weather sometimes, and they're natural-born weather prophets, and women ain't. Look at the mistake she made day before yesterday. All turned out wrong; predicted rain, and it snowed."

Then, there are the peanut growers and the market gardners and the general farmers, all more or less dubious, and all apparently under the delusion that Miss Doy is merely amusing herself at their expense.

Another class of patrons equally hard to convince are the beaux and belles, especially those of the country districts. John Honeysweet, who lives at Stelton is courcing a girl who lives in New Brunswick. It is just a nice drive from place to place, and John has two traps. It is John's custom to take his sweetheart driving, but she will not go out with him when he comes in his top buggy, because, she says, top buggies have gone out of fashion.

John, while an ardent admirer of the sex, has little faith in their powers of prophecy. So the eventful evening comes.

Miss Dey has predicted, perhaps, clear, cold winds from the north, with steady lowering of temperature. John starts off in his new vehicle, with its shiny red wheels, rubber-tired and seat just wide enough for two to squeeze into comfortably. John is the happiest man in Middlesex county as he rolls noiselessly along the smooth country road. He pictures the splurge he and she will be making shortly through the streets of New Brunswick, the envy of all beholders.

Suddenly John feels a sprinkle. At first he tries not to believe it. Maybe it's only the dew. But, no; that's a pretty heavy dew, reasons John, as the drops grow larger and more frequent, and before he can pronounce a blessing upon the head of the false prophetess the rain is falling steadily, steadily, a regular old-fashioned New Jersey rain, likely to last all night or possibly turn to snow before John has ended his evening call.

Such is being the experience of Johns and Williams and Henrys all over the state, each and all forgetting that Miss Dey's predecessors have sometimes uttered false prophecies and every one of them ignorant of the fact that, after all, Miss Dey doesn't really make the forecasts at all, but that they are forewarded to her from Washington, based upon the reports which she sends to that office.—New York Letter.

PREPARING GAUDY CARRIAGES.

The coronation pageant in London will bring out such a display of gold and coloring in the way of state carriages as has never been seen by the present generation. Several state carriages are now being prepared for the king at the carriage works in Chandos street, and a large amount of gilding, royal and noble arms and mottoes, rows of bullion, bright scarlet cloth and rich blue velvet and fabrics of varied and beautiful shades are being applied.

The superb carving on the king's state landau, which has just been renovated, is thoroughly English. Two semi-state landaus are being prepared for King Edward and two dress carriages for the prince of Wales. The panels of the prince of Wales' coronation carriages are a study in themselves. On the center panel are the royal arms with supporters with the Garter, the motto of this order, and the pendant or jewel, as well as the prince's own motto, "Ich Dien." On the left panel is the familiar device of the "Prince of Wales' feathers," and on the right the addition commanded by his majesty in council, namely, the badge of Wales.

PLANT THAT EATS INSECTS.

A plant that catches and devours insects of various species, chiefly flies, grows abundantly in the state of Maryland. It is commonly known in that region as the "butcher plant," though science calls it dionea muscipula, and its business is the catching of insects—chiefly flies. At this it is so clever that an unwary fly that ventures to alight upon it has practically no chance to escape immediate death.

The leaves of this vegetable curiosity, which creeps along the ground in boggy places, are so modified as to take the form of jaws, armed with sawlike teeth. Under ordinary conditions the jaws are held wide open and the whole plant is a veritable bench of traps, waiting for prey. The traps are baited, too, each one of them having on its inside a sweetish substance which is attractive to flies and other such creatures.

When a fly comes along it is obliged, in order to get at the sweetish stuff, to enter between the jaws of one of the leaves. Each jaw has three almost microscopic hairs, so arranged that a visitor cannot help coming in contact with them—a contact which notifies the intelligent plant that a victim is at hand. Instantly—the hairs acting as feelers—the jaws snap together, imprisoning the unfortunate insect, which is held fast until digested and absorbed by the vegetable ogre.

BASQUE BALL GAME.

The game of basque ball now being played four days of each week at Central park seems billed to become a fad in this country, says the San Francisco Call. The game was recently imported from Mexico, it having had its birth in France about fifteen years ago. The Spaniards then took it up, and experts went to South America, where it met with great favor. It has now been introduced into the United States in the belief that it will become popular on account of the unusual skill required by the players.

Lovers of hand ball will appreciate this basque ball for the reason that the games are quite similar. An inclosure similar to that of the hand ball court, only much larger, is provided. The wall against which the ball is thrown by the players is fifty feet high and is called the "frontl." About 200 feet away is another wall of a lesser height, which is called the "rebote," and against which the ball rebounds. Connecting the walls is another of equal height, thus forming a court forty feet wide, which is paved with artificial stone. This court is called the "cancha."

The players are disposed according to the requirements of the game within the cancha, each holding "la chistera," an apparatus formed of twigs in the shape of a horn of plenty, open on one side. The ball is caught with cleverness by the players in the chistera, and with one sweep of the arm sent forth again with lightning-like speed. The ball must be caught on the fly as it rebounds from the frontis, or on the first rebound. Should a player fail in accomplishing this his opponent scores.

FOR SAKE OF SCIENCE.

When one's friend is a scientist and given to experiments, a little caution may not be out of place before consenting to do him a favor. That, however, did not occur to a certain well known public man whose experience is related in an Australian paper. He went to the laboratory of an old schoolmate, a Melbourne professor of chemistry, to make a friendly call. The professor was studying a dark brown substance spread out on a sheet of paper.

"I say," he cried, when greetings had been exchanged, "would you kindly let me place a bit of this on your tongue? My taste has become vitiated by trying all sorts of things."

"Certainly," responded the accommodating friend, and he promptly opened his mouth.

The professor took up some of the substance under analysis and put it on his friend's tongue. The man worked it around in his mouth for fully a minute, tasting it much as he might have tasted a choice confection.

"Note any effect?" asked the professor.

"No, none."

"It doesn't paralyze or prick your tongue?"

"Not that I can detect."

"I thought not. There are no alkaloids in it, then. How does it taste?"

"Bitter as gall."

"Hem-m-m! All right."

By this time the visitor's curiosity was aroused. "But what is it, anyhow?" he inquired.

"I don't know. That's what I'm trying to find out. Some one has been poisoning horses with it."

THREE MILLION LIVE AT SEA.

It is said that no less than 3,000,000 persons live habitually on the high seas—that is, on the decks of ocean-going ships. Last year more than one-sixth of this great number of men, or 550,000 persons, came into the single port of New York, and several philanthropic people are actively endeavoring to improve the condition of the sailor when he goes ashore and meets all the temptations which await him on the sea borders of our great cities. It is a benevolent work which should make strong appeal to the generous instincts of Americans. —Washington Star.

LI HUNG CHANG'S WAY.

The late Li Hung Chang was very apt to revile in the lowest billingsgate if any one offended him. Once a district magistrate incurred his displeasure, whereupon Li cursed him in a loud voice, even going so far as to damn his ancestors. But the district magistrate, nothing daunted, spoke up sharply: "I am an officer of the emperor, even though my rank is low. You may kill me, but you must not curse me. Besides, the emperor orders you to promote your good officials and degrade your bad ones. He did not order you to curse them. If you curse me, cannot I play at the same game, too?" The rejoinder so astonished Li that he ceased reviling and escorted the man to the gate, saying, "Great district magistrate!" The next day he ordered the provincial treasurer to give the man a first class appointment, saying that a man of such courage would surely make a good official.—Shanghai Mercury.

THREE NEW FARM HANDS.

In an address to the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, John Stahl, secretary of the Farmers' National congress, told some striking things about "three new farm hands" that have recently made their appearance to facilitate the work of the agriculturist and to make farm life much less lonely than in the old days. The three new hands are the telephone, the rural free mail delivery and the country trolley. Some of the points made are well worth repeating:

The farm telephone, Mr. Stahl said, has gone a long ways toward taking away the isolation and loneliness of country life. Northern Illinois is becoming covered with them. In some instances the farmers maintain their own systems and in others the toll lines running through the country are connected with farm houses along the line and the farmers are allowed the free use of them for $1.50 a month. It is a great convenience for a farmer to sit in his own house and talk to a friend miles away just as if he were within arm's reach. It saves him miles of travel. He can secure help, engage his threshing machine and corn sheller, and do all sorts of things by telephone. When a tramp or a peddler or an agent appears in a neighborhood the news is sent on ahead of him by telephone and preparations are made for his reception. The rates in Chicago, Mr. Stahl said, were so high, $90 a year, that he could not afford a telephone, but the tenants on his farms could. He said he was out on his farm at one time and a casting on a machine was broken. The tenant telephoned into Chicago to the factory and the rural free delivery carrier the next morning brought the casting from the city and scarcely any time was lost.

Mr. Stahl also gave an array of statistics concerning the good which rural free delivery has done the farmer and also made some predictions concerning the extension of trolley lines through the country, advising the farmers to give them a right of way along one side of the public highway.

DIE IN NIGHTMARES.

One of the latest beliefs of the medical profession is that many people die each year, while asleep, from heart disease that is brought on by nightmares or bad dreams. A specialist on the heart said recently that in his opinion in nine cases out of ten of deaths in bed heart action was stopped by fear which injurious dreams brought on.

"I have taken part in thousands of autopsies," said this expert, "and in many cases made a study of the habits of those who died. I found that the majority had been sufferers from nightmares or other nocturnal disturbances of dreamland and that frequently they woke up in the middle of the night completely exhausted and gravely alarmed through some particularly vivid dream. If people are frightened to death while awake, when they have their full senses and hope for relief, why is it not doubly likely that they die from fright while asleep, when their courage is dwarfed by faculties temporarily affected?—New York Mail and Express.

WOMEN IN PUBLIC SERVICE.

Germany seems to place a value on the services of women different from that which holds in France. In the latter country orders have been issued to cut down the number of women employes in public service, especially in the postal service, as rapidly as possible, the reasons given being general incompetency, continual absence on account of illness and similar things. In Germany, on the contrary, the authorities of the state railways have announced that henceforth as many women as possible will be employed in the service, and that women in the future will be eligible to posts at the telegraph and ticket offices, in the telephone offices and as clerks in the counting offices and freight department. Prussia has for some years favored the employment of women, and this order will bring about like conditions throughout the whole empire.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We, the undersigned, have known F. J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists. Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists. Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Phenomenally mild winter is being experienced in Russia. At Kiev the trees are budding, the River Dnieper is clear of ice, while at Warsaw violets are flowering.

A LEGACY OF THE GRIP

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by Dreier & Bro.

Thomas A. Edison has taken out nearly eight hundred patents on his various inventions.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attack of la grippe. It heals the lungs. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

Constipation always cured by Dr. Kay's Renovator. Guaranteed to be a specific also for constipation, liver and kidneys. At druggists. Write for positive proof. Free sample, medical advice and book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

Five presidents of the United States have been of Scotch-Irish descent.

A CORNER IN PINEAPPLES

SOUTH BEND FRUIT FIRM HAS CONTROL OF CROP.

Will Dictate Prices to the Country—Remarkable Rise of Two Boys in Business.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—A corner in pineapples is claimed by the Mills Brothers, the South Bend firm which operated a peanut corner last year with such success that the juvenile patrons of the country circus were caused considerable trepidation. It is said that the pineapple deal involves $5,000,000.

Practically the entire crop of Cuban pineapples for the year 1902 has been secured by the South Bend firm. The holdings thus acquired are regarded as assuring to the firm a controlling power in the pineapple market for the entire United States.

Every mouthful of the fruit enjoyed by the American citizen from New York to San Francisco will first have passed through the hands of the energetic young business men of the hoosier town.

EXPECT MUCH OF FIRM.

For these same young men, who were peddlers of peanuts at street corner stands in South Bend a few years ago, it was claimed yesterday afternoon among South Water street the produce business should appear in the person of one of the Mills brothers.

ARE NOW "PINEAPPLE KINGS."

Charles and Edward Mills are the men who in adding to their laurels of the peanut "corner" have now gained for themselves the title of "the pineapple kings." For years they have controlled the fruit-distributing business of Indiana and southern Michigan. Edward has been the firm's buyer. He is well known in this city, having made his headquarters when here in the office of the Garibaldi & Cuneo company, South Water and State streets.

The rise of the Mills brothers has been remarkable. About eighteen years ago they arrived in South Bend from the country districts. Their joint capital was $319. This they invested in a small stand for peanut-vending at a street corner.

They prospered phenomenally. Soon they took up the wholesale business and for the first time merchants that further achievements are to be expected from them in the near future.

In this connection it is rumored that the firm has secured control of the Cuban tobacco industry and has started a rival to the so-called orange trust in California, but the truth of these reports has not been established.

Surprise at the latest achievement of the Mills Brothers was expressed in nearly every commission house in South Water street. It was asserted that if so perishable a commodity as pineapples is cornered by the hoosier firm it has done something never accomplished and but rarely attempted before.

Everywhere in the street the opinion was expressed that the cornering of the tobacco and the orange markets were tasks so herculean as to be wholly beyond the power of any firm, unless a J. Pierpont Morgan of brought bananas into the Indiana town in car-load lots, reducing the prevailing price from 10 cents apiece to 10 cents a dozen. Their business grew to such an extent that they were compelled to cast off their swaddling clothes and a massive modern fruit-storage building gave evidence of their prosperity.

BUSINESS CONTINUES TO GROW.

Within a few years these quarters were outgrown and they erected another and larger building in close proximity to the railroads and which is acknowledged to be the finest of its kind in the country.

Branch stores have been opened in different parts of the surrounding country for 250 miles. One branch is also maintained in Chicago, where the firm will henceforth make its headquarters.

In the absence of Edward Mills the clerk in charge of the Chicago branch office refused to talk of the pineapple corner, further than to say:

"Yes, it is a fact that we control the entire output of Cuban pineapples this year, and through the advantage so obtained our expectation is to be in a position to determine the rate of prices all the country over. No information as to any deals by the firm in tobacco or oranges is at this time in my possession."

THE TERRORS OF DYSPEPSIA.

Nothing Easier to Dispose of, Once the Secret is Out.

The terrors of dyspepsia—it's unnecessary to describe them. Nine men out of ten are intimately acquainted with them, and are only too thankful when they don't have to think of them all the time. Someone has described dyspepsia as a disease that dogs its victim through life with fiendish malignity, playing with him as a cat does a mouse, but never making an end of him. It tortures without killing him. But not always—it won't do to be sure of even that much. Those who have strong constitutions can bear up for a time under the wearing tortures of nervous dyspepsia, but dyspepsia gradually brings on catarrh. Catarrh brings on consumption, and consumption is merely another term for that grim destroyer—death. It doesn't pay to trifle with dyspepsia—it don't pay to deceive yourself with a false feeling of security. Peptorene, the Health Tablet, is for ailing stomachs. It cures dyspepsia and brings tonic relief to the poor, jaded nerves of the stomach, gives new life to the dormant tissues of the liver, and relieves the bowels of their congested load of poison. It acts as a combined tonic and a natural aid to digestion. If you want a medicine that will give quick relief to even an advanced case of dyspepsia, call at once for a box of Peptorene Tablets.

Manufactured by the Battle Creek Health Tablet Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich. 25c per box. Write for free trial treatment. For sale by Pellens & Polster, Meyer Bros. & Co., Wm. L. Waltemath and A. C. Gocke.

The ancient Mexicans had a species of whistle which produced at least three tones. It had two finger holes and a mouthpiece on the side.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm cures every kind of cough, la grippe, bronchitis, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, etc. Never deranges the stomach. At Druggists, 10 & 25c.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.

WHO ARE SUFFERING from any cause and cannot get well, consult the eminent specialist, DR. CHARLES ALBERT ZIMMERMAN. There's probably no physician or specialist in Fort Wayne or elsewhere who is curing more chronic, obstinate lingering diseases and cancers than he is.

IN A PRACTICE OF 37 YEARS, he has to his credit 3,055 cured cancers; 127 cured cancers last year.

OBSTINATE DISEASES, even in their most aggravated forms of the head, throat and lungs, female diseases, dropsy, heart, stomach, kidneys, bladder, nerves, muscles, bones, paralysis, rheumatism, all bad blood and skin diseases, structure, varicocele and all diseases of the sexual organs of man or woman quickly cured by new method. No failures, a perfect cure in every case. Read what grateful patients say of his skill and success.

A NEW TESTIMONIAL EVERY WEEK.

Jacob Narr, of Linn Grove, Ind., cured of blindness of two years standing, caused by paralysis of the optic nerves. Dr. Zimmerman restored his normal sight. Ten electric treatments done the work.

MRS. ZIMMERMAN, M. E. M. D. C.

DERMATOLOGIST AND BEAUTY SPECIALIST. Superfluous hair, moles, warts, pimples, black heads, scars and all facial blemishes permanently removed with the electric needle without scarring.

ZIMMERMAN BEAUTY COLLEGE, 88 West Wayne Street.

Write for Electro Medical Gleaner. It will explain why we cure where others fail. Sample copy free. Address Sanitarium, 88 West Wayne Street

A HOME CURE.

Thousands of women who are living quietly, amid the luxuries of home have hidden suffering. They start at every little jar or noise. They become irritated at the slightest cause. They suffer periodical pains but have little understanding of what causes them. If they went to a doctor for an examination they would be shocked to hear they had "female troubles"—a prospect which strikes terror to a woman's heart. Female troubles come on gradually, but plain warnings tell of their approach.

Are you nervous?
Do little things annoy you?
Do you start at every sound?
Are you discouraged and miserable on certain days, then elated again the next?
Are your menses painful or irregular?

WINE OF CARDUI

If your answer is "yes" to any of these questions you should not be deceived. You are suffering with female troubles and should begin the Wine of Cardui treatment at once. It will cure you as it has cured 1,000,000 other women. It cures in the privacy of the home. No private examinations. No operations. Could relief be easier? Try Wine of Cardui.

Boneider, Texas, December 3, 1900.

I received a copy of the Home Treatment of Female Diseases and my wife and I read it all through. My wife was very unhealthy. She has been using Wine of Cardui thirteen months. It gave her good health and we are all more than thankful for your book and advice. It did her more good than any other medicine in the world. May you prosper! I shall ever use your medicine in my family. F. P. KIRK.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

CAMELS ROAM OUR DESERT

JEFF DAVIS' GREAT EXPERIMENT IN THE EARLY 50'S

ALSO PROVED A MOST COLOSSAL FAILURE.

A few lines in the telegraphic news the other day concerning the killing of a camel on the Colorado desert in Western Arizona by a Southern Pacific railroad train was the first intimation that millions of Americans had that a herd of genuine "ships of the desert" were ever running at will anywhere within the domain of Uncle Sam. Indeed, there are thousands of people who have made their home for years in California who have never heard that camels from Arabia and Egypt have been wandering over the sandy wastes of the extreme southern part of their own state.

In 1852, when millions of dollars in gold were mined annually in California, and when thousands of people were crossing the plains and deserts to make homes in the new eldorado, and when a trans-continental railroad was only a vague dream, Lieutenant Edward F. Beale, afterward General Beale, was stationed at Fort Yuma, on the border between California and Arizona, and on the edge of the Colorado desert. A stream of emigration and wagons of freight passed that way daily. The diseases and suffering and frequent deaths among the horses and mules convinced Lieutenant Beale that here was where the camel of Sahara and Arabia could be used to inestimable advantage. In connection with Captain Adams of the garrison he wrote at length to Secretary of War Jefferson Davis upon the subject of the utility of the camel.

MR. DAVIS LIKED THE IDEA.

The idea had immediate and enthusiastic reception by the secretary. On March 3, 1853, a bill appropriating $30,000 for the purchase and importation of camels became a law by the president's signature. Secretary Davis appointed Major Henry C. Wayne in December, 1854, to go to Egypt and Arabia to buy 75 camels. In May, 1855, Major Wayne sailed from New York. He was instructed first to go to London and Paris, and there get all the practical information possible from military men, who had been in Oriental campaigns, where camels had been under fire, as to the habits, diet and uses of the beasts in warfare, and to consult with camel experts upon the best fodder and care of the animals. In the government book, Secretary Davis tells at length how he instructed Lieutenant Wayne to proceed from Paris to Cairo, and when he had bought his camels, to bring them to New York on the naval storeship "Supply," then under command of Lieutenant D. D. Porter.

Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter accepted their quest. In London, Minister Buchanan received the officer cordially and at once perceived the important nature of his business. The minister, by way of introducing the major to the study of the camel, gave him a letter to Professor Richard Owen, F. R. S., "the Cuvier of England," Major Wayne assures Mr. Davis. The professor was quite as much impressed with the quest as was Mr. Buchanan, and so were the authorities of the London Zoological Gardens. Major Wayne visited the gardens, and there, as he informs Mr. Davis, studied the feeding, care and hygiene of the industry.

THEY GOT SOME CAMELS.

Major Wayne next writes from Paris where he was pleasantly received by Minister Mason. Through the minister of war, Major Wayne was introduced to General Dumas, an African campaigner, who had not only seen the camel in action, but had written an article on the camel as well as one on the war horse. In a communication to Mr. Davis Major Wayne confessed that his expedition received less encouragement in Paris than in London.

The next important communication announced that Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter had joined forces. They had bought a camel at Tunis for the purpose of studying the creature on shipboard. Furthermore, the Bey of Tunis, upon whom they had called, learning the momentous nature of their quest, had presented to the United States government two dromedaries, one-half grown. Both had been hoisted aboard ship, and were to be the subjects of study along with the camel already purchased. Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter were ungrateful enough some weeks later to look one of the Bey's gift camels in the mouth and finding it a poor creature of its kind to leave it at Constantinople.

Meanwhile the great camel quest had been the subject of discussion in the cabinet of the Egyptian khedive, for the two adventurous officers had communicated with our consul at Alexandria and asked him to learn whether the United States could purchase a few camels in Egypt.

MAN WITH ITCHING PALM.

The reply was a communication in French from a member of the Cabinet saying that, although it was contrary to the laws of Egypt that camels should be sold out of the country, yet, by reason of the love that the viceroy bore to the great republic of the west, he was content that Major Wayne should purchase two camels at Alexandria. Later came a present of six fine dromedaries from the stables of the Pasha. One of the Egyptian officials seems to have been a gentleman of an itching palm, for it is recorded that in the course of the negotiations tendering the camels he managed to indicate his wish to possess a fine weapon belonging to the store ship. It was conveyed to him with proper expressions.

The major about this time wrote a long letter entering into certain physiological details touching the camel, of a sort that even Uncle Jerry Rusk would have hesitated to insert in his famous volume on the horse.

The expedition received at Smyrna 83 camels from the interior. The major had engaged for a year three Arabs to accompany and take care of the camels. Meanwhile several camels were born abroad ship.

The supply reached Indianola, Tex., February 10, having lost three camels on the voyage. Those that survived were well, and the whole drove was taken under the care of Captain J. N. Palmer, U. S. A., to Camp Verde, Tex. The Suwanee brought in a load of 41 camels on February 10, 1857, and these, too, were sent to the interior.

THEN THE TROUBLE BEGAN.

From Indianola, Tex., the camels were moved overland at the rate of 40 and 50 miles a day, carrying government stores to the weight of 1,000 to 1,500 pounds each, to interior points in Texas. Almost from the first there was much difficulty in grooming and feeding the camels. In a few weeks several died of unknown diseases, and the others languished and became unfit for work. The military officers found it hard to get any hostler to attend to the camels, toward which all cavalrymen and troopers took a violent dislike. There were frequent reports that a camel or two had broken away during the night and wandered away by itself across the sandy plains, and it has been suspected that extraordinary zeal was not always put forth to find the animals.

From May 15, 1857, until early in 1861, some 30 of the camels that had become domesticated to American ways and the climate of the southwest were kept at the United States forts at El Paso and Bowie. They were fed and cared for at the expense of the military department, but because the troopers and teamsters in the service could not be urged to use the beasts instead of horses or mules, and especially because of the clumsiness of the camel harness and the unusual labor in packing and preparing a 'ship of the desert' for service, the animals were seldom used. In the last year or two of their stay at the garrisons, they were merely pensioners upon Uncle Sam's bounty and were never brought in service.

THEIR DAY SOON PASSED.

In 1861 the herd numbered 44 head. The the civil war came on, and in the stir and wild excitement of those days in every army fort in the south all attention was turned from the camels to the great crisis in national military affairs. The forts fell into disuse and the beasts were allowed to wander away at will. They traveled in pairs, and sometimes in bunches of four and sixes, across the deserts and into the mountains. Some lived for years in the Panhandle of Texas, and a few made their way as far west as the Colorado river in Southern California. In some instances the camels multiplied, but in 20 years most of them died among the mountains or were killed by the Indians.

At intervals in the past decade the soldiers at the garrisons in New Mexico and Arizona have seen stray remnants or descendants of the original herd running about in the alkali plains and amid the sage brush and cactus. Many a passenger on the Southern Pacific railroad trains has had sight of some gaunt, bony and decrepit old camel away off in the distance from the railroad and plodding his way across the territories. The animals have grown white with age, are as wild and intractable as any mustang, and have hard, horny hoofs, unlike the cushiony pedal extremities of the well-kept camel, and their hide has assumed a hard, leathery appearance.

STILL THEY ROAM THE DESERTS

It is likely there are very few of these ships of the desert left in America. They have not been seen in the central part of either New Mexico or Arizona in several years. A number of members of the International Boundary commission that recently finished a resurvey of the boundary line between the United States and Mexico report that they saw two camels in Southern Arizona, and the animals appeared to be in their prime, and probably were the descendants of the original herd of camels. The Indians of Mexico have seen several of the animals in their country for years, and have feasted on a few of them on tribal fete days.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD.

The American Clayworking Machine company, of Bucyrus, Ohio, has applied for a patent on machinery to manufacture an artificial fuel which will sell cheaper than coal. It is made from ordinary clay treated with chemicals and is the invention of an old railway engineer of Omaha. The fuel burns in a stove, grate or furnace readily. It creates no smoke, no cinders and burns to white ashes; twenty-five pounds of the fuel producing only a quantity of ashes that may be held in the palm of the hand. In the combustion the fire literally consumes its own ashes, and a ton of the fuel goes farther than two tons of the best coal, producing five times the amount of heat that coal produces.

AN AUTOMOBILE FACE.

Another facial contortion has been added to the list that has been growing ever since the bicycle face appeared a few years ago when the craze for the wheel became general. The wheeling face was easily recognized. The set expression, the strained eye, and often the sadly drawn-up mouth became distinguishing characteristics of the faces of bicyclists, both men and women.

Since then the coupon thumb and the ticker eye have appeared in Wall street and golf has had its shin and its arm. Of late it has been asserted by physicians and by artists that the eye of the golf enthusiast may be recognized by its fixed, steady gaze, similar to that observable in the eye of the yachtman.

The golf eye, of course, comes from the strain of following the ball's course through the air, just as the sailor's eye becomes fixed from looking off over the sea for great distances. Sometimes the forehead wrinkles habitually with both the golfer and the yachtman.

The hands and arms of the women golf players are easily recognizable. The arms show the brown tinge from the sun half way to the elbow and no matter how carefully the hands are looked after the fingers of the player show a tendency to become broad and flat, while the game plays havoc with the nails. Manicure operators say that the game has caused a boom in their trade and that women who once indulged only occasionally in the professional treatment are now obliged to have their nails gone over twice and three times a week.

Doctors say also that golf gives the body a sturdy but graceful pose. Women who drive well over the links unconsciously form the habit of standing very squarely with the feet wide apart and the heels and toes flat on the ground.

The mind is intent on retaining the pose and it clings to the player when the game is done. The movements of the arms and limbs become freer through the exercise and walking required and this has produced the so-called athletic type of girl.

Now the automobile has marked its victim's face with a set expression that tends to become a decided frown. It is already well defined on the features of several well known men who have taken up the sport.

There is more reason for the automobile face than for any other of the others recorded. The strain of running one of the machines is intense. The wind naturally beats against the face and the operator lowers his head against it and contracts his brows in the unconscious effort to protect his eyes from dust.

In crowded thoroughfares there is always more or less danger of an accident from collision or the running down of careless drivers or pedestrians, who seem in many cases to be dazed by the bell instead of warned by it. Horses have not yet grown accustomed to the whizzing vehicles and frequently rear and run away.

All this danger causes the chauffeur to feel a nervous tension which leaves its mark indelibly on the face. The result is a permanent and disagreeable frown.

Every occupation has its marks. Even the prize fighters who desert the ring for the stage cannot be broken of the custom of crouching as they advance to meet the leading lady in love scenes, with the chin well forward and down and the eyes alert instead of tender.

To hide a large and highly polished mahogany table under a cloth is a sheer waste of beauty, and so plate scarfs have taken the place of this cloth. These scarfs are about eight inches in width. Of finest damask, they are bordered on both edges with fine napery lace and are spread on the table so as to form a border of linen about a square of mahogany center. On this inclosure of mahogany the candelabra, dishes of sweets and flowers are placed and the result is very effective.

A TERRIBLE SITUATION

How the Deadly Cobra on Dunlap's Shoulder Was Dispatched—A Snake's Paradise.

The Borongo islands lie about half way between Calcutta and Rangoon. When the snakes die they go to the Borongos. That is their paradise; there they hold high carnival. I spent three years among them, and know of these things. From the giant python down to the deadly karait they are all there, all the ophidians. Even the salt-water snakes, that are all poisonous—they, too, are there. The Europeans had preceded me on the Borongos, so there was considerable natural history on tap when I arrived, and we rapidly acquired more. One can't live among snakes without studying them; they insist upon it.

Each evening I killed an hour or so of the monotony by walking up and down the path in front of the bungalow. A big cat was my usual companion. His method of introducing himself to my notice was generally abrupt. He would lie in wait, and, as I came along, spring out upon me, alighting against one of my legs. At other times he would lie on his back in the path and claw at my feet as I passed. One evening, just after turning into the path from the bungalow, I felt something soft and yielding against my foot. Thinking it was "Billy," I gave the mass a gentle push. As I shifted the something I saw a twisting gleam of white, not at all like the soft gray of Billy's fur. Of course, I knew what that meant. Jumping back I brought my walking stick down on the twisting thing, and yelled for a light. The servants came running from the cook-house with a lantern, and I saw that I had laid out a most villainous dabola. One touch from the catlike fangs on my cotton-hosed instep and within an hour I would have been dead.

One of our party had occasion to visit a Mr. Savage, a half-caste land owner on the other side of the island. He went in a boat, and while the coolies were bringing up his traps went up to the bungalow. He was sitting in a big chair on the veranda, talking to Savage, when he felt something drop from the leaf roof onto his shoulder. Leisurely, he started to rise to see what had fallen, when the other man cried out: "For God's sake don't move—keep perfectly still!" Dunlop knew what that meant. Stealthily the old man took a Burmese dah (sword) from the wall, and, cat-like, crept toward the white man with the thing on his shoulder. Within striking distance, he paused, and raised the dah high in the air to cut the thing in two with one swift, downward stroke. Then his nerve, rattled and tugged at for sixty years until it was weak, failed him, and the sword clattered from his numbed fingers to the floor. "My God! I can't do it!" he whined, in a broken voice, and reeled back against the wall, where he stood staring with weak eyes at the sahib and his burden.

Dunlop neither moved nor spoke; his only safety lay in keeping perfectly still—motionless. It might be minutes, or a thousand years; they would have to wait till the boatmen came. What would happen then he could not say. He could feel the clinging, pulling thing on his right shoulder. There was an undulating pressure that told him the head of the snake was swaying back and forth just above his neck. Then the song of the Madrassi boatmen as they came swinging along with his luggage broke upon his ear. Those gin-thickened voices, carolling the coarse refrain to the time of the measured trot, were angel voices. What would the muddle-brained coolies do, he wondered. If Emil Ally, his trusted servant, saw the thing, it might be well; he had nerve and judgment, even close to that of a sahib. Emir Ally was in the lead. When he came to the steps Savage jerked out an expression that called his attention to the tableau. Gathering his loongy tight about his loins, he slipped along the veranda like a shawod, grasped the fallen dah, and poising his black, lithe body for a swift, strong stroke, brought the sword through the air with a swishing cut that laid a full-grown cobra in two neat pieces almost at the feet of the man who had waited.

AN ESTIMATE OF VICTOR HUGO.

On the whole, it may as well be admitted that the verdict of the critics upon Hugo's writings is just, says George McLean Harper, in the Atlantic. It might perhaps here and there be a little more generous. But we must remember that Sainte-Beuve and Nisard and Lemaitre, at least, began being ardent admirers of Hugo. If they lost their enthusiasm and freed themselves from his magic, we may believe them when they tell us that the process was involuntary and painful. They could no longer constrain their better judgment. And their judgment will stand.

More and more, as education brings the masses up to a level where current literature becomes one of their interests, popularity and fame will have to be carefully distinguished. They rest on quite different bases. There is no longer any ground for the assumption that what the reading public enjoys will be approved by persons who know most or have the most refined taste. In Victor Hugo's case there is at present every indication that what literary history will say a hundred years hence will be something like this: "He was immensely popular in his day and long afterward. Although he was a character and an intelligence of secondary order, he was popularly accepted as a leader of opinion and feeling in the nineteenth century. But posterity has harkened not so much to the popular voice as to the great French critics of his time; and they found him wanting in many qualities which the larger public thought he possessed. In compensation, the critics appreciated, and posterity appreciates, more than the general public of his day ever did, Hugo's wonderful mastery of the French language, Hugo's energy and versatility, Hugo's exuberant imagination."

SCHOOLS FOR CRIPPLES.

The London school board has opened two schools for crippled children, and three other large cities of England are preparing to follow the example of the metropolis.

The idea was originated by Mrs. Humphrey Ward and her helpers, who started the first model school of the kind at the Passmore Edwards Settlement, in Tavistock place. Her pupils were drawn from the children's hospitals nearby in Great Ormond street and Queen's square.

There were, besides, a number of out patients who were looked up from addresses furnished by the hospital authorities and gathered into the school with the rest.

A few airy rooms were selected for the school, and then there arose the problem of getting the pupils there. A good friend came to the rescue, Sir Thomas Barlow, who furnished a perfectly equipped ambulance carriage, with which a stalwart nurse is sent every morning to collect the children, of whom there are about fifty.

The teaching is along the line of the kindergarten principle, and the aim is to cultivate the eye and hand. Church embroidery and other handiwork is taught, with the hope of making the little unfortunates, in a measure at least, self-supporting.

The training is combined with a rational system of feeding. Every day there is a substantial dinner of roast or boiled meat, two vegetables and a nourishing pudding. This is furnished at the rate of four cents a day for each child, the nominal sum being charged in order that charity shall not pauperize the parents. At 3:30 o'clock the ambulance begins to carry the little ones home. Those who have to wait for its later rounds are refreshed with a glass of milk before starting.

LABOR MEN WILL NOMINATE.

Elwood, Ind., Feb. 5.—The date for holding the mass convention of laboring men of the city, to consider the matter of nominating a city ticket to be voted for at the city election in May, has been set for Saturday night, February 8. It will be held in the city hall and all union men in the city and all workingmen who are not members of any union are urged to be present. There is no doubt that the ticket will be placed in the field, and McKinley lodge, of the Amalgamated association of Iron, Tin and Steel workers, the strongest organization in the city in point of numbers, will demand the candidate for mayor. Two men are seeking the place—William McDonald and William Lewis. The Typographical union will probably get the clerk's place, leaving the treasurer and eight nominations for city councilmen to be distributed among the twenty or more local unions. There has been talk of the nominating of labor tickets in this city before, but never with such general enthusiasm in the ranks or as cordial pledges of support.

ANXIOUS TO PAY FINES.

Among the anomalies which the prohibition law has given rise to in Kansas is a fervent desire on the part of certain law breakers to pay the penalty of their crime. At Wellington the temperance folk started to get out an injunction prohibiting the city treasurer from accepting the fines which are imposed on joint-keepers every month. And the joint-keepers beat this game by rushing in and paying their fines, $300 each, six months in advance.—Kansas City Journal.

In Alabama, Nebraska and Washington the present governors were elected as lieutenant governors and are filling vacancies caused by the death or resignation of the governors.

An Austrian scientist has discovered that a cold in the head is due to the presence in the membrane of a species of bacillus, which he has called the micrococcus catarrhalis.

THINKS MAN LIKE A CLOCK

SCIENTIST ADVANCES THE THEORY THAT THE HUMAN BRAIN MAY BE A MACHINE.

Th anatomist sees in the graceful gyrations of a dancer only the mechanical play of common muscles, ligaments and bones. So the physiologist searches for the material foundations of soul-actions by dissecting the brains, labyrinth of windings and passages, its image of caverns and cavities.

He tells us that man's brain is an immense metropolis with as many houses (or cells) as London town has windows—a metropolis with streets and squares and grand structures where as in London each quarter is controlled by certain trades or classes, the millions of thoughts occupy distinct pigeon-holes along the walls.

Each group of cells, or pigeonholes, are headquarters for certain soul-activities.

You fall and hurt your knee—the brain registers the anguish. A rosy cloud of other passes by—the brain makes a note of the color, or combination of colors.

Nothing easier than to speak, or shout, thinks the average man, who doesn't know that the power to do so depends upon a certain brain ventricle which has its seat under the forehead.

It would take a long time to explain that to a lay mind, but anybody interested in the mysteries of life may possess himself of the knowledge by earnest study and practical demonstration.

Drawing the consequences of what has been said, the inevitable conclusion is that every soul-action, all thinking and feeling, have a material, or better still, a matter-of-fact basis. The mystery is that body and soul act in unison.

It is a problem as old as mankind, but considering the brilliant achievements of scientists in late years, and the perfection of mechanical inventions, there is small doubt of its ultimate solution. Maybe you and I will live long enough to see it done.

The watch was invented about 1500, and even at that early date wise men suggested the possibility that its works resembled—in mechanical form—the physical and psychical relations existing in man.

A hundred years later Arnold Geulincx, author of the occasionalism fad, advanced the theory that body and soul represented two watches, each working independently—the mental forces refusing to be dictated to by the physical, and vice versa—hence the disharmony in the growth of body and mind often met with.

Next came Leibnitz. "Amateur Talk," he cried, "it isn't scientific. To insure harmony God selects two watches made for each other." This view gave rise to the religious, poetical, and likewise philosophical doctrine of predestined harmony.

Fechner, who came after Leibnitz, maintained that man represented only one watch, but a watch with two faces one registering his physical, the other his mental activity.

That was all very well for the time in which these great men lived, but the present age requires material proofs for every theory advanced. The philosopher who appeals to us most is a man like Helmholtz—engineer, physician, natural scientist and physiologist all at once.

Name the greatest works the world boasts of and the finest, most delicate instruments for achieving great results and I will show you that they are but reflexes of man's physical structure. Take the camera, the photographer's plate, for instance. It is built on the lines of our eyes. It is their business to make a fixture of the picture we see. In the same way telephone membranes and wires are substitutes for our old-fashioned tympanum and the nerves, intended to facilitate hearing.

Look at the automatic machine that sells things, at the same time sorting, weighing and scrutinizing the coins like a man standing over a marble counter.

If you hand it a coin of full weight you get your newspaper or piece of chocolate; if you try to cheat it it throws the coin on the floor or sticks to it "for punishment."

Then there are the adding machines that excel in certain difficult processes of thinking—mathematics. A man figuring as quickly and accurately as a machine draws an exceptionally high salary and deserves it.

The thing struck me with peculiar force some time ago when I stood watching at a postoffice window to buy a few stamps while the clerk was trying to add several long rows of figures. He told me afterwards that he missed a penny and couldn't for the life of him trace the insignificant amount that upset his balance sheet.

I have no conception of the inner construction of an adding machine, but venture to say that it cannot differ much from the mathematical sections of our brain. Of course we have no wheels in our head, but our brain cells, connected by membranes, nerves, etc., may go through processes resembling the spinning of wheels.

Here we have a $10 machine doing brain work before which one-tenth part of the human race stands aghast. Yet Kant used to say that man's brain was a "born" adding machine, that needs but adjusting by the schoolmaster.

Now think of Babbage's admirable machine for reckoning with logarithms, performing this most complicated work quickly and cheaper than the best "head for figures" in the world. It goes still further and solves astronomical problems, following sun, moon and planets on their travels, and when it makes a mistake corrects itself like a typewriter girl having her eraser handy.

I saw this machine compete against a human logarithm expert the other day. It worked quicker than he could put down figures, that is, its "mental" and manual achievements were superior to my friend's mere mechanical labor, and he at the head of his class. Really, comparison between brain work and machine work opens up an infinite variety of new problems, calculated to make the so-called master of creation look cheap.

Does the machine know what it is doing? Is it conscious of its performances and achievements? In short, does it think? Does it experience joy at the perfection of its work (provided its work is perfect), does it feel chagrined when it makes a mistake?

It should be kept in mind that all soul manifestations are attended by both symbols and feelings. Thus, when we receive a blow, the pain we suffer is but a symbol of the physical change our skin or bones undergo.

Man's mental activity compared with that of an adding machine, working with soul manifestations instead of figures, would be an absorbing study and perfectly feasible.

Where is the rich man to appropriate funds for the experiment? If there be funds, there will be a Helmholtz and Kant to solve the problem. I say add that Babbage's logarithm machine cost less than $200,000.

YOUR SMALLPOX SCARS.

The most remarkable thing that massage has ever attempted to accomplish is now a fact. It has robbed smallpox of its sting. It has taken away from it the horror of a physical deformity. It has learned how to remove every trace of pittings in the skin. The surgeons of the city have been immensely interested in this last development of a very old science. It has been tried with perfect success in Philadelphia. It has met the demands of this winter. The epidemic of this loathsome disease that has gripped the city since October has carried as an aftermath as much terror as the disease itself.

Hundreds of women who do not fear death from the disease are in terror of it because of the hideous result that is apt to follow any form of the disease. No beauty can withstand these ugly scars that dot the entire surface of the face. Through all these years no one has ever thought of trying to remedy it, because it seemed so hopeless. Now the cuticle is entirely replaced, the old one taken off, and the new skin comes out fresh as a child's skin, unmarked. The process is not a painless one, but it is one that any one will gladly go through with for vanity's sake.

Experiments have been made here before the doctors on cases where the pittings had been in several years. Even these were removed, and though the skin could not be made altogether as fresh as it could be where the pittings are recent, enough trace of them was removed to present a very creditable skin surface.—Philadelphia Press.

OYSTERS A LA NEWBURG.

Place 25 large oysters, without their liquor, in a saucepan, add one tablespoonful butter, one gill of white wine, season with one even teaspoonful salt and half even teaspoonful pepper; cook a few minutes until the oysters stiffen, then draw them to side of stove. Place in another saucepan one gill of fine-cut mushrooms and one fine-cut truffle, and half an ounce butter and half gill of mushroom liquor, cook five minutes. Mix the yolks of four eggs with half pint cream; add them to the mushrooms; add the oysters; let the mixture get boiling hot, and serve with fleurons, finger rolls or crackers.

The population of Germany increased by 7.8 per cent. in the years 1895 to 1900—the highest rate on record in that country.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

A DISCOURSE ON THE PSALMS OF DAVID—CAUSES FOR THANKSGIVING THAT ARE OFTEN UNRECOGNIZED.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 2.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls attention to causes of thanksgiving that are seldom recognized, and shows how to cultivate a cheerful spirit. Text, Psalms 33, 11: "Sing unto Him with a psaltery and an instrument of 10 strings."

A musician, as well as poet and conqueror and king, was David, the author of my text. He first composed the sacred rhythm, and then played it upon a harp, striking and plucking the strings with his fingers and thumbs. The harp is the oldest of musical instruments. Jubal invented it, and he was the seventh descendant from Adam. Its music was suggested by the twang of the bow string. Homer refers to the harp in the Iliad. It is the most consecrated of all instruments. The flute is more mellow, the bugle more martial, the cornet more incisive, the trumpet more resonant, the organ more mighty, but the harp has a tenderness and sweetness belonging to no other instrument that I know of. It enters into the richest symbolism of the Holy Scriptures. The captives in their sadness "hung their harps upon the willows." The raptures of heaven are represented under the figure of "harpers harping on their harps." We learn from coins and medals that in the Maccabean age the harp had only three strings. In other ages it had eight strings. Jerome speaks of the harp as having 24 strings. David's harp had 10 strings, and when his great soul was afire with the theme his sympathetic voice, accompanied by exquisite vibration of the chords, must have been overpowering.

With as many things to complain about as any man ever had, David wrote more anthems than any other man ever wrote. He puts even the frosts and hailstorms and tempests and creeping things and flying fowl and the mountains and the hills and day and night into a chorus. Absalom's plotting and Ahithophel's treachery, and hosts of antagonists, and sleepless nights, and a running sore could not hush his psalmody. Indeed, the more his troubles, the mightier his sacred poems. The words "praise" and "song" are so often repeated in his psalms that one would think the typesetter's case containing the letters with which those words are spelled would be exhausted.

TO PRAISE THE LORD.

In my text David calls upon the people to praise the Lord with an instrument of 10 strings like that which he was accustomed to finger. The simple fact is that the most of us, if we praise the Lord at all, play upon one string, or two strings, or three strings, when we ought to take a harp fully corded and with glad fingers sweep all the strings. Instead of being grateful for here and there a blessing we happen to think of, we ought to rehearse all our blessings so far as we can recall them, and obey the injunction of my text to sing unto Him with an instrument of 10 strings.

Have you ever thanked God for delightsome food? What vast multitudes are a-hungered from to day, or are obliged to take food not toothsome or pleasant to the taste. What millions are in struggle for bread. A confederate soldier went to the front, and his family were on the verge of starvation, but they were kept up by the faith of a child of that household, who, noticing that some supply was sure to come, exclaimed: "Mother, I think God hears when we scrape the bottom of the barrel."

Have you appreciated the fact that on most of your tables are luxuries that do not come to all? Have you realized what varieties of flavor often touch your tongue, and how the saccharine and the acid have been afforded your palate? What fruits, what nuts, what meats regale your appetite, while many would be glad to get the crusts and rinds and peelings that fall from your table. For the fine flavors and the luxurious viands you have enjoyed for a lifetime, perhaps you have never expressed to God a word of thanksgiving. That is one of the 10 strings that you ought to have thrummed in praise to God, but you have never yet put it in vibration.

Have you thanked God for eyesight as originally given to you, or, after it was dimmed by age, for the glass that brought the page of the book within the compass of the vision? Have you realized the privation those suffer to whom the day is as black as the night, and who never see the face of father or mother or wife or child or friend? Through what painful surgery many have gone to get one glimpse of the light. The eyes—so delicate and beautiful and useful—that one of them is invaluable! And most of us have two of these wonders of divine mechanism. The man of millions of dollars who recently went blind from atrophy of optic nerve, would have been willing to give all his millions and become a day laborer if he could have kept off the blindness that gradually crept over his vision.

STIRRED FOR THE BLIND.

You may have noticed how Christ's sympathies were stirred for the blind. Ophthalmia has always been prevalent in Palestine, the custom of sleeping on the housetops, exposed to the dew and the flying dust of the dry season inviting this dreadful disorder. A large percentage of the inhabitants could not tell the difference between 10 o'clock at noon and 12 o'clock at night. We are told of six of Christ's miracles for the cure of these sightless ones, but I suppose they were only specimens of hundreds of restored visions. What a pitiful spectacle Saul of Tarsus, the mighty man, three days led about in physical as well as spiritual darkness; he who afterward made Felix tremble by his eloquence and awed the Athenian philosophers on Mars Hill, and was the only cool-headed man in the Alexandria corn ship that went to pieces on the rocks of Miletus—once the mighty persecutor Saul—afterward the glorious Evangelist Paul, for three days not able to take a safe step without guidance!

Have you ever given thanks for two eyes—media between the soul inside and the world outside, media that no one but the infinite God could create? The eye—the window of our immortal nature, the gate through which all colors match, the picture gallery of the soul. Without the eye this world is a big dungeon. I fear that many of us have never given one hearty expression of gratitude for this treasure of sight, the loss of which is the greatest disaster possible, unless it be the loss of mind. Those wondrous seven muscles that turn the eye, up or down, to right or left, or around. No one but God could have created the retina. If we have ever appreciated what God did when he gave us two eyes it was when we saw others with obliterated vision. Alas, that only through the privation of others we came to a realization of our own blessing! If you had harp in hand and swept all the strings of gratitude, you would have struck this, which is one of the most dulcet of the 10 strings.

THROUGH LIFE IN SILENCE.

Further, notice how many pass through life in silence because the ear refuses to do its office. They never hear music, vocal or instrumental. The thunder that rolls its full diapason through the heavens does not startle the prolonged silence. The air, that has for us so many melodies, has no sweet sound for them. They live in a quietude that will not be broken until heaven breaks in upon them with its harmonies. The bird voices of the springtime, the chatter of the children, the sublime chant of the sea, the solo of the cantatrice, and the psalmody of the great worshiping assemblies mean nothing to them. Have we devoutly thanked God for these two wonders of our hearing, with which we can now put ourselves under the charm of sweet sound, and also carry in our memories the infantile song with which our mothers put us to sleep; and the voices of the great prima donnas like Lind, and Patti and Nilsson; and the sound of instruments like the violin of the Swedish performer, or the cornet of Arbuckle, or the mightiest of all instruments, with the hand of Morgan on the keys and his foot on the pedal; or some Sabbath tune like "Coronation," in the acclaim of which you could hear the crowns of heaven coming down at the feet of Jesus? Many of us have never thanked God for this hearing apparatus of the soul. That is one of the ten strings of gratitude that we ought always to thrum after hearing the voice of a loved one, or the last strain of an oratorio, or the clang of a cathedral tower.

Further, there are many who never recognize how much God gives them when He gives them sleep. Insomnia is a calamity wider known in our land than in any other. By midlife vast multitudes have their nerves so overwrought that slumber has to be coaxed, and many are the victims of chloral and morphine. Sleeplessness is an American disorder. If it has not touched you, and you cannot rest for seven or eight hours without waking—if, for that length of time in every twenty-four hours you can be free of care and worriment, and your nerves are retuned and your limbs escape from all fatigue, and the rising sun finds you a new man, body mind and soul, you have an advantage that ought to be put in prayer and song and congratulation. The French financier, almost wealthy enough to purchase a kingdom, but the victim of insomnia, wrote, "no slumber to be bought at any market." He was right; sleep is a gratuity from Him who never sleeps. Oh, the felicities of slumber! Let all who have this real benefaction celebrate it. That is one of the sweetest strings in all the instrument of ten strings.

THOUSANDS OF REASONS.

Further, let us gratefully acknowledge the power of physical locomotion. To be able to go where we wish, and all unaided—what a kindness! What multitudes have to call in the aid of cane and crutch and invalid's chair, and their whole life is a hinderment. How hard to get about with lack of strong and healthy and supple limbs. Congratulated ought you all to be if you have the usual physical endowment, and sympathized with ought all those be who can neither walk nor climb nor enter upon any great activities. That is one of the thousands of reasons why I hate war with a complete hatred. It takes off with bullet or shell or surgeon's knife the capacity of men to achieve their own livelihood or do the work for which they would otherwise be fully qualified. Brave men, self-sacrificing men, for the rest of their life are put on the limits, and strangely suffer in stormy weather from limbs amputated.

How much of the human family in every century has been cut up and shot to pieces and passed into mutilation. American manhood had hardly recovered from the lacerations of the war of the revolution when it was called to be carved by the swords and stabbed with the bayonets and blackened with the gunpowder of 1812. Hardly recovered was our American manhood from that when the war with Mexico began its butchery. Hardly was American manhood recovered from that before civil war took hold of it and dug its grave-trench through the north and its grave-trench through the south. Hardly was our American manhood recovered from that when the Spanish war came with its malaria and crowded hospitals. Thank God that now four of the greatest nations are allied in good understanding—the United States, England, Germany and Russia—and if they will do the right thing they can forever stop national and international strife and put an end to wholesale amputation. There are enough accidents in time of peace to keep the race mutilated more than it ever ought to be, and the human family needs all its arms and hands and feet to do the work that God calls it to do.

Further, celebrate on the instrument of ten strings our illumined nights. They spread their tents over us, and some of us hardly go out to look at them. During the nights other worlds come in sight. The author of my text chimed the silver bells in the tower of the midnight heavens, saying: "When I consider the heavens, the work of Thy fingers; the moon and the stars, which Thou has ordained, what is man, that Thou art mindful of him?" We thank God for the day; we ought also to thank Him for the night. Worlds on worlds in sight of the naked eye, but more worlds revealed by telescope. At least one night in his lifetime every man ought to go into an astronomical observatory and see what has been done by the great world-builder. Thank God for lunar and stellar illumination.

INSTRUMENT OF TEN STRINGS.

Furthermore, on the instrument of ten strings celebrate the possession of our reason. A severe stroke upon the head, or a sudden calamity, or any one of fifty kinds of accident, might dethrone our reason and leave us worse off than the brute, for the brute has a substitute for reason in what is called instinct, but a man's brain shattered, and he has neither mind nor instinct. The asylums for the insane, though all the time multiplying, are not enough to shelter the demented. Through the cramming system employed in many of the schools of this country are tens of thousands of children having their brain depleted. Philosophers at 10 years of age; astronomers at 11 years of age; geologists at 12 years of age. They will be first on examination day, but last in all matters of useful and successful life. It would be amusing to see how much children are expected to learn and know, if it were not connected with the tragedies of damaged intellects which follow. Amid the increasing dementia of the world let us appreciate the goodness of God to us if our mental faculties are in equipoise. Voyaging from New Zealand to Australia a storm swooped upon us, and we saw all around us fragments of ships that had been caught in the same tempest; and how thankful we were, sailing into Sydney harbor, that we had escaped! So that man and that woman whose intellect goes safely through the storms of this life, in which so many have foundered, ought every day and every night employ one of the ten strings in gratitude for that particular mercy.

Another string of this instrument I now touch—friendships, deep and abiding, by which I refer to those people who, when good or bad motive may be ascribed to you, ascribe the good; those concerning whom you do not wonder which side they will take when you are under discussion; those who would more gladly serve you than serve themselves; those to whom you can tell everything without reserve; those who are first in your home by person or by telegram when you have trouble. Oh, what a blessing to have plenty of friends. Aye, if you have only one good friend, you are blessed in that good possession. With one such friend you can defy the world. But he must be a tried friend. You cannot tell who are your real friends till disasters come. As long as you collect vast dividends, and have health jocund, and popularity unbounded, you will have crowds of seeming friends, but let bankruptcy and invalidism and defamation come, and the number of your friends will be 95 per cent off. If you have been through some great crisis and you

"While all this is so," says someone, "there are so many things that others have which I have not." I reply it is not what we get, but what we are, that decides our happiness. With the bare necessities of life many are unspeakably happy, while others with all the luxuries are impersonations of misery. In the Roman empire there was no man more wretched than the Nero who ruled it. The porticos of his palace were a mile long. A statue of him in silver and gold 120 feet high stood in the vestibule. The walls of his palace were mother-of-pearl and ivory. The ceiling was arranged to shower flowers and pour perfumes upon the guests. His wardrobe was so large that he never wore a garment twice. His mules were shod with silver. A thousand carriages accompanied him when he traveled. His crown was worth $500,000. He had everything but happiness. That never came. Your heart right, all is right; your heart wrong, all is wrong.

TIGHTEN THE CORDS.

But we must tighten the cords of our harp and retune it while we celebrate Gospel advantages. The highest style of civilization the world has ever seen is American civilization, and it is built out of the Gospel of pardon and good morals. That Gospel rocked our cradle, and it will epitaph our grave. It soothes our sorrows, brightens our hopes, inspires our courage, forgives our sins, and saves our souls. It takes a man who is all wrong and makes him all right. What that Gospel has done for you and me is a story that we can never fully tell. What it has done for the world, and will yet do for the nations, it will take the thousand years of the millennium to celebrate. The grandest churches are yet to be built. The mightiest anthems are yet to be hoisted. The greatest victories are yet to be gained. The most beautiful Madonnas are yet to be painted. The most triumphant processions are yet to march. O, what a world this will be when it rotates in its orbit a redeemed planet, girdled with spontaneous harvests, and enriched by orchards whose fruits are speckless and redundant, and the last pain will have been banished, and the last tear wept, and the last groan uttered, and there shall be nothing to hurt or destroy in all God's holy mountain. All that and more will come to pass, for "the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it."

So far I have mentioned nine of the ten strings of the instrument of gratitude. I now come to the tenth and the last. I mention it last that it may be the more memorable—heavenly anticipation. By the grace of God we are going to move into a place so much better than this that on arriving we will wonder that we were for so many years so loath to make the transfer. After we have seen Christ face to face and rejoiced over our departed kindred, there are some mighty spirits we will want to meet soon after we pass through the gates. We want to see and will see David, a mightier king in heaven than he ever was on earth, and we will talk with him about psalmody, and get from him exactly what he meant when he talked about the instrument of ten strings. We will confront Moses, who will tell of the law-giving on Sinai, and of his mysterious burial with no one but God present. We will see Joshua, and he will tell us of the coming down of the walls of Jericho at the blast of the ram's horn and explain to us that miracle—how the sun and moon could stand still without demolition of the planetary system. We will see Ruth, and have her tell of the harvest field of Boaz, in which she gleaned for afflicted Naomi. We will see Vashti and hear from her own lips the story of her banishment from the Persian palace by infamous Abasuerus.

We will see and talk with Daniel and he will tell us how he saw Belshazzar's banqueting hall turned into a slaughter house, and how the lions greeted him with loving fawn instead of stroke of cruel paw. We will see and talk with Solomon, whose palaces are gone, but whose inspired epigrams stand out stronger and stronger as the centuries pass. We will see Paul, and hear from him how Felix trembled before him and the audience of sceptics on Mars Hill were confounded by his sermon on the brotherhood of man; what he saw at Ephesus, and Syracuse, and Philippi, and Rome, and how dark was the Mamertine dungeon, and how sharp the ax that beheaded him on the road to Ostia. Yea, we see all the martyrs, the victims of ax and sword and fire and billow. What a thrill of excitement for us when we gaze upon the heroes and heroines who gave their lives for the truth. We will see the Gospel proclaimers Chrysostom and Bourdaloue and Whitefield and the Wesleys and John Knox. We will see the great Christian poets Milton and Dante and Watts and Mrs. Hemans and Frances Havergal. Yea, all the departed Christian men and women of whatsoever age or nation.

ONLY ONE FOCUS.

But there will be one focus toward which all eyes will be directed. His infancy having slept on pillow of straw; all the hates of the Herodic government planning for His assassination; in after time whipped as though He was a criminal; asleep on the cold mountains because no one offered Him a lodging; though the greatest being who ever touched our earth, derisively called "this fellow;" His last hours writhing on spikes of infinite torture; His lacerated form put in sepulchre. Then reanimated, and ascended to be the center of all heavenly admiration—upon that greatest martyr and mightiest hero of all the centuries we will be permitted to look. Put that among your heavenly anticipations.

Now take down your harp of 10 strings and sweep all the chords, making all of them tremble with a great gladness. I have mentioned just ten—delightsome food, eyesight, hearing, healthful sleep, power of physical locomotion, illuminated nights, mental faculties in equipoise, friendships of life, Gospel advantages and heavenly anticipations. Let us make less complaint and offer more thanks; render less dirge and more cantata. Take paper and pen and write down in long columns your blessings. I have recited only ten. To express all the mercies God has bestowed you would have to use at least three, and, I think, five numerals, for surely they would run up into the hundreds and the thousands. "Oh, give thanks unto the Lord, for He is good, for His mercy endureth forever." Get into the habit of rehearsal of the brightnesses of life.

Notice how many more fair days there are than foul, how many more good people than bad you meet. Set your misfortunes to music, as David opened his "dark sayings on a harp." If it has been low tide heretofore, let the surges of mercy that are yet to roll in upon you reach high water mark. All things will work together for your good and heaven is not far ahead. Wake up all the ten strings. Blessing and honor and glory and power be unto him that sitteth upon the throne and unto the Lamb forever. Amen!

EXPENSIVE POSITIONS.

A member of the cabinet to entertain largely should have such a house as usually rents at from $6,000 to $12,000 a year. Senator Depew pays $1,000 a month for his house. On the other side, Secretary Wilson, who is a comparatively poor man, lives in a house that rents for not more than $75 a month. Postmaster General Smith spent his entire salary of $8,000 a year, and was compelled to write magazine articles and to add to his income in other ways to maintain his establishment. He finally wearied of the struggle and took apartments at a hotel.

Each cabinet minister is expected once a year to entertain the president and his associates at dinner. Beyond this he can cut dinner-giving. The secretary of state, in addition, must give a breakfast once a year to the diplomatic corps. Secretary Day resigned because he could not afford to follow the social pace.

Carriages and horses are furnished by the government to cabinet members. All other expenses they must pay themselves. A member of the cabinet maintaining his own house would have to expend at least $15,000 a year, or nearly double his salary, to keep up even ordinary appearances.

Attorney General Knox, upon taking up his residence in Washington, began by purchasing a house costing $140,000 and bringing with him a team of horses that cost $12,000. His expenses will be vastly in excess of $15,000 a year.

James S. Clarkson, when he became first assistant postmaster general, rented a house at $3,800 a year. His salary was $4,000. Mr. Clarkson laughingly said to his wife: "What shall we do with the remainder of my salary?"

"Rent a telephone," was the reply. —New York World.

A NIGHT ALARM.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup, which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. F. L. Cordier, of Mannington, Ky., writes: "My three-year-old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar; the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Refuse substitutes. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

No One Need Be Too Fleshy!

Superfluous flesh is a great drawback on the working power of any individual, and beyond a certain well-defined degree plumpness detracts from one's personal appearance. All who suffer from obesity or who have a tendency to it will do well to make a trial of

DREFS' REDUCTION PILLS

While removing from one to four pounds per week, according to age, condition and susceptibility, this treatment neither lowers nor injures the vital powers, but on the contrary acts as a tonic to brain and body, restores power to the dormant nerve forces. Large abdomen, flabby cheeks, double chin and other unsightly features of obesity are soon removed, without any radical change in diet, without bandages or tight lacing.

Drefs' Reduction Pills The true Fat Reducer and System Renovator Price $1.00 Per Box
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FREE SAMPLES May be obtained at the following drug stores: Reuter & Nussbaum, Pellens & Polster, Meyer Bros., & Co., and Dreier & Bro.
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CHAS. A. DREFS, Mfg. Chemist, 280 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y.
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WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT .....

DR. WENGER,
SPECIALIST,

25 years European and American hospital and private practice experience for all Desperate, Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eye, Ear and Sexual Diseases.

Kidney and Urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brick dust or white, painful urination, Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder.

Private Diseases—Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Inflammations, Discharges, Stricture, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly restored.

Lost Manhood and all its attending ailments, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain.

Cancers, Tumors, Piles cured without knife or pain.

Do not let timidty or prejudice keep you from calling.

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Sunday hours, 8 to 4 only.

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FORT WAYNE, IND

The following named states and territories in 1900 did not contain any city with a population of 25,000 or more: Arizona, Idaho, Indian Territory, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

In the neighborhood of the recent subway explosion in New York there are more physicians than in any other part of the city, and hundreds of them were available for emergency duty within three minutes after the dynamite went off.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best and most famous compound in the world to conquer aches and kill pains. Cures Cuts, heals Burns and Bruises, subdues Inflammation, masters Piles. Millions of Boxes sold yearly. Works wonders in Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Skin Eruptions. It cures or no pay. 25c at Dreier & Bro.'s drug store.

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Fainting Spells

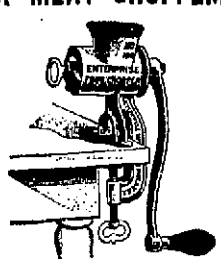
always indicate a weak heart. They are usually preceeded or followed by palpitation or fluttering, and there may be pain in left side, a smothering sensation and shortness of breath. Such a heart should be treated at once, before the disease develops beyond control. Heart disease is as easily cured as other troubles if taken in time.

"I was subject to fainting spells, and many times I have fallen on the street. I was often compelled to sit down while walking to avoid falling. When physicians failed to help me, I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and was completely cured."
CHARLES D. RANDALL.
Ellicottville, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

is especially adapted to remove all irregularities of the heart's action. Sold by druggists on guarantee.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

...A MEAT CHOPPER...



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The price is in reach of every family.
Washing Machines and Wringers.
Table Knives and Forks.
And a large line of Hardware.

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ATTENTION

To physical warnings will often prevent a serious illness. When there are oppressive fullness after eating, bitter risings, belching, headache, dizziness, nervousness, with physical and mental sluggishness, prompt attention should be given to the condition of the digestive and nutritive systems. Not all these symptoms will occur at once or in any single case, but any one of them indicates a disordered condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition.

A prompt cure of these conditions will be effected by the timely use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It heals diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, perfectly and permanently. Many diseases, seemingly remote from the stomach, have their origin in a diseased condition of the organs of digestion and nutrition. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures through the stomach diseases which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach, and hence diseases of liver, lungs, heart and other organs are cured by use of the "Discovery." It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, or other narcotic. It is a true temperance medicine.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing else "just as good."

"I was a total wreck—could not sleep or eat," writes Mr. J. O. Beers, of Berryman, Crawford Co., Mo. "For two years I tried medicine from doctors but received very little benefit. I lost flesh and strength, was not able to do a good day's work. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and when I had taken one bottle I could sleep, and my appetite was wonderfully improved. I have taken five bottles and am still improving."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation by curing the cause. They do not beget the pill habit.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail; stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL COMPANY, Corner Clinton and Jackson Streets, Chicago, Illinois. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

H. G. PATTON
DOCTOR OF OPTICS
SPECTACLES EYEGLASSES
OVER 33 E. BERRY, FT W.

WILL HOLD A SERVICE HERE

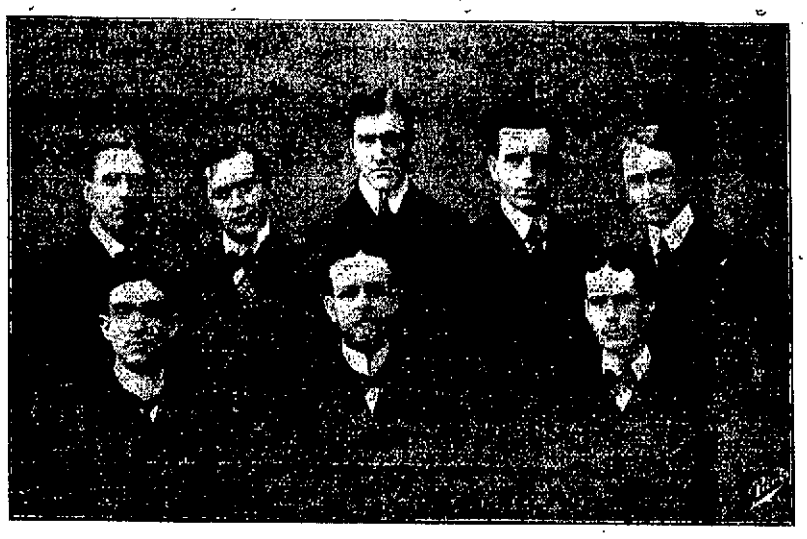
GOSPEL TEAM TO BE AT WAYNE STREET M. E. CHURCH

On Monday Night—Rev. L. O. Hartman, of This City, Is Manager of the Team.

The gospel team of the theological school of Boston university will be at the Wayne Street Methodist Episcopal church on Monday evening when they will conduct an evangelistic service. Fort Wayne is the only city in the west where the team will conduct services in a church not identified with a college, and this departure from the regular routine is in honor of the fact that the manager of the team, Rev. L. O. Hartman, is a resident of this city, being a son of Dr. S. B. Hartman, the dentist.

The team is composed of eight college graduates who are now seniors in the theological seminary in Boston, and every one of them has had practical experience in evangelistic work. The object of the team is evangelist work among the colleges of the Methodist church and they spend a month at each of the colleges of that denomination. They receive no remuneration for their services, having undertaken the work in the earnest desire to save souls.

The members of the team are as follows: Rev. L. O. Hartman, Rev. E. L. Mills, Rev. F. N. Miner, Rev. G. L. Davis, Rev. Richard Evans, Rev. W. O. Allen, Rev. G. E. Folk and Rev. J. S. Dancey.



F. N. MINER, J. S. DANCEY, G. L. DAVIS, RICHARD EVANS, G. E. FOLK.
L. OLIVER HARTMAN, W. O. ALLEN, E. L. MILLS.
THE "GOSPEL TEAM" OF BOSTON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY WHICH WILL BE AT WAYNE STREET M. E. CHURCH MONDAY NIGHT.

LONG AND EMINENT CAREER.

(Auburn Courier.)

Judge Lowry, in his closing argument Friday, made some very interesting statements. He said he began the practice of law in 1846, having been in the profession now fifty-six years, including sixteen years on the bench of either circuit or superior court. We presume no other attorney in the state can show as long a continuous service. And his record is an honorable one. He also served four years in congress.

BANK FOR SHIRLEY CITY.

Business men and farmers in the vicinity of Shirley City are at work upon a proposition to establish a bank at that sprightly little town, and it is said much of the stock has already been subscribed.

FRIGHTENED BOY KILLS SELF.

Decatur, Ill., Feb. 8.—Because he did not know how to deposit money in a bank and had committed a forgery, John Kohler, aged 17, son of a farmer living near Decatur, killed himself yesterday. Kohler had earned $20 and came to the city to deposit it. When he stepped up to the teller's window he presented a check bearing his father's name; it was a rank forgery and an officer was called. He took the boy home for an investigation. Arriving there the officer stepped in one of the rooms to talk with the boy's mother about the matter. Young Kohler, thoroughly frightened and evidently believing that he was going to be sent to the penitentiary, stepped into the next room, picked up a shotgun, placed the muzzle against his forehead and pulled the trigger. The top of his head was literally blown off.

CHESS CLUB FORMED.

The Fort Wayne Chess club was organized with a membership of thirty in the old Y. M. C. A. building last evening. A constitution and by-laws were adopted, and the following officers elected: President, Paul F. Kuhne; vice president, N. J. Niehoff; secretary, K. Lundeberg; treasurer, Dr. John Schilling; honorary member and referee, F. W. Kuhne, sr. A meeting will be held in the office of A. Roggen, Mrs. Thursday night and the organization will be perfected. The following gentlemen have signed the membership roll: Messrs. N. J. Niehoff, A. Roggen, Dr. John Schilling, C. T. Lundeberg, C. Roebuck, J. Hachenberger, Oswald Stahn, P. Zimmerman, J. C. Hayser, Dr. K. K. Whitelock, Dr. B. Von Swearingen, Herman Bilakroeger, Gustave Schwegman, Paul F. Kuhne, Dr. B. Rhamy, Rev. Philip Wambsganss, Joseph R. Kuhne, J. H. H. Sweer, G. E. Mile.

HAVE SAILED FOR MANILA.

Dr. and Mrs. John W. McAllister sailed today from San Francisco on the United State transport Grant for Manila, where the doctor will assume the duties of regimental dental surgeon. Dr. McAllister went to Washington several weeks ago and successfully underwent the rigid examination for the post he now occupies. Dr. McAllister has practiced here for several years and is quite well known.

AN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR.

Denver, Col., Feb. 8.—The News says that a demand has been made upon Governor Orman by Secretary of State Hay at Washington for an investigation of the destruction last summer of the buildings of William Radcliffe, an Englishman, located on Grand Mesa lakes in this state, by a mob. Radcliffe appealed to British Ambassador Pauncefote for redress, demanding $55,000 damages of the state of Colorado. The trouble grew out of a dispute between ranchman and Radcliffe over fishing privileges and culminated in the killing of a ranchman named Womack, by one of Radcliffe's guards. A few days later the buildings on the lakes were destroyed by fire, it was claimed, started by friends of Womack in revenge of his death. The matter was originally referred to Governor Orman early in January, and, according to the News, a communication from Secretary Hay has just been received asking what had become of it.

NO SALE.

Artist—What! Have you the nerve to offer me ten dollars for that picture? I want you to know that I have not reached starvation point yet.
Dealer—Oh, very well, I can wait.

SAVED HER CHILD'S LIFE.

"In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by Pneumonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medicine saved his life." Millions know it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Lung Diseases. Dreier & Bro. guarantee satisfaction. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

DUNN KEPT HIS COMPOSURE

ENTERED PRISON WALLS WITH CHEERY GOOD NATURE.

Told a Michigan City Reporter He Never Had the Blues and Took Things as They Came.

Almost at the gate of the state prison Charles F. Dunn, the aged resident of Allen county who was sentenced to a life term for the murder of a child, talked of himself and his case to a Dispatch reporter last night with as much composure as if nothing had happened in his existence to blast his future, says the Michigan City Dispatch. Dunn talks and acts like some well-to-do man who has always been accustomed to rule and have his own way. This, perhaps, accounts for the prejudice that existed against him among his neighbors, as was brought to light in the course of his trial. He talks in a snappy, positive, business-like way, but his short sentences end with a downward inflection, indicating that there exists in his being a spirit of resignation. Dunn is a small man, with actions as vigorous and positive as his language. His hair, mustache and chin whiskers are snowy white.

Dunn was brought up last night state penal institution Dunn manifested as much composure and good nature as if he had been on a holiday jaunt. He is a man of intelligence and force of character.

NO WAR PAINT FOR POOR LO.

The commissioner of Indian affairs, Mr. Jones, has issued an order which has for its object the requiring of male Indians to cut their hair and Indians of both sexes to cease from painting their faces. The order has gone forward in the form of a circular letter to Indian agents throughout the country. They are called upon to use tact, diplomacy and drastic measures to carry out the order, and are required to report by June 30, next, on the progress they have made.

In giving his reasons for issuing the order Mr. Jones says:

"The wearing of long hair by the male population of your agency is not in keeping with the advancement they are making, or will soon be expected to make, in civilization. The wearing of short hair by the males will be a great step in advance and will certainly hasten their progress toward civilization. The returned male students far too frequently goes back to the reservation and falls into the old custom of letting his hair grow long. He also paints profusely and adopts all the old habits and customs which his education in our industrial schools has tried to eradicate. The fault does not lie so much with the schools as with the conditions found on the reservations. These conditions are very often due to the policy of the government toward the Indian, and are often perpetuated by the agents not caring to take the initiative in fastening any new policy on his administration of the affairs of the agency.

"On many of the reservations the Indians of both sexes paint, claiming that it keeps the skin warm in winter and cool in summer, but instead this paint melts when the Indian perspires and runs down into the eyes. The use of this paint leads to many diseases of the eyes among those Indians who paint. Persons who have given considerable thought and investigation to the subject are satisfied that this custom causes many of the cases of blindness among the Indians of the United States."

It is suggested that non-compliance with the order be made a reason for refusing government employ to Indians and also for withholding their rations. It is even proposed that young Indians who have attended government schools and go back to their savage practices upon their return to the reservations shall be shut up in the guardhouses until they are willing to cut their hair. It is also proposed by force to put a stop to the Indian dances.—Washington Post.

NOT TOO YOUNG TO MARRY.

Among the peoples of Europe there is no fixed age at which people may marry and as a consequence children of tender years frequently assume the responsibilities and cares of wedded life. In Austria a boy and girl having arrived at the age of 14 are considered to be old enough for matrimonial purposes and the law allows them to marry and begin housekeeping as soon as they please. In Germany a man is not considered to have arrived at a marriageable age until he is 18, and in France and Belgium the man must be 18 and the girl 15. In Spain the bridegroom must have arrived at the mature age of 14 and the bride must be a staid young lady of 12. The law is the same in Portugal.

Hungary has a funny marriage law. For Catholics the marriageable age is considered to be 14 for the boy and 12 for the girl, but for the Protestants it is 18 for the boy and 15 for the girl. Why this distinction? In Switzerland and Greece the ages are 14 for the boy and 12 for the girl, the same as in Spain and Portugal. In Spain, Greece and Portugal boys and girls mature rapidly and a boy of 14 there is as old physically as a boy of 18 in more northern countries, but it seems strange that the hardy mountaineers of Switzerland, where there is no excuse for child marriages, should set such an early age for matrimony.

For really youthful marriages one should go to Tukey. There the law allows any boy and girl who can "walk properly" and who understand the meaning of the necessary religious service to be married for life. In Bulgaria and Servia girls are allowed to marry as soon as they cease to be babies and the girl who is not engaged by the time she is 16 is considered to be a hopeless old maid. In America a woman never loses hope—nor a man, either.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

OUR PRESIDENT

In his last days. Greatest moving pictures ever shown. Temple theater Saturday matinee and night. 10, 20 and 30 cents. 4t5

Charles Reynolds may open a piano school at Huntington.

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Alma-Bromo Effervescent Salt Regulates the Bowels, Frees the Liver and Kidneys of all Impurities.

For sale by Druggists generally.

A Free Sample Bottle

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Pleases Both Purchaser and Operator

Durability
For the Purchaser.
AND
Speed and Ease
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Points of Mechanical Excellence.

Improved Automatic Escapement.
Non-Tilting Carriage.
Adjustable Type Bar Hanger.
Improved Ball Bearing Carriage.
Short and Soft Finger Dip

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Frank Purcell's New Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables are established at 174 Harrison St. and are prepared to furnish the very best of rigs at reasonable prices; also the very best care given to boarders. Phone 978, also Rich Hotel phone 226.

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REDUCED RATES

The Tri-State Building and Loan Association has reduced its rates to borrowing members.

THIS MAKES THE NEW PLAN THE CHEAPEST INSTALLMENT PLAN offered to the borrowing public. You cannot afford to borrow on any other plan.

Call at office for particulars.

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Interest paid on any amount deposited with the association if left 90 days.

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Conklin's Microbe Destroyer

For all blood diseases. Kills the microbes in the blood and makes the body healthy.

$1.00 Bottle, 75c.

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On the Southeast Corner Broadway and Washington streets.

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PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,
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Practice Limited to Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
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Try The Sentinel Want Column.

AN HONEST DOCTOR

The success of Dr. Tucker as a specialist consists in his knowing how to treat all Private and Chronic Diseases better than any other doctor in this state, and it is this knowledge that has given him his immense practice. Most of the unhappiness, sorrow, misery and suffering in this world comes from being sick. If you are sick call on DR. TUCKER, AT THE INDIANA MEDICAL INSTITUTE, NO. 10 WEST WAYNE STREET.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for treasurer of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention to be held March 15, 1902. CHARLES W. SCHERER.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for treasurer of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
ADOLPH SCHULTE.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for county clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention. JOHN B. MONNING.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for clerk of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JOSEPH N. MASON.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for county clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
EDWARD E. NICODEMUS,
Present Deputy County Clerk.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for clerk of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
GEO. MEYERS.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for county clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention. L. S. NULL, New Haven.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for clerk of Allen county, subject to the judgment of the democratic party as expressed in its convention March 15. W. A. JOHNSON,
Eel River Township.

FOR AUDITOR.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for the office of auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention. DR. J. L. SMITH.

FOR SHERIFF.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for renomination for a second term to the office of sheriff of Allen county, subject to the will of the democratic party as expressed in its convention March 15. GEORGE W. STOUT.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for representative of Allen county, subject to th decision of the democratic nominating convention.
FRANK E. PURCELL.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for representative of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
HERBERT L. SOMERS.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the democratic nomination for prosecuting attorney of Allen county, subject to the decision of the nominating convention to be held March 15, 1902. ALBERT E. THOMAS.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney of Allen county, subject to the decision of the coming democratic nominating convention. H. I. SMITH.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
RONALD DAWSON.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for state senator of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention to be held March 15 1902. LEW V. ULREY.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for state senator, second term, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention of Allen county.
GEORGE V. KELL.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce me as a candidate for the office of justice of the peace of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the Wayne township democratic nominating convention, March 15, 1902.
HARRY P. FRANCE.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce me as a candidate for the office of justice of the peace of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the Wayne township democratic nominating convention, March 15, 1902. W. E. ANGEVINE.

FOR CONSTABLE.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for the office of constable of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention March 15, 1902.
ANDREW J. FORD.

FOR CORONER.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for coroner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
DR. MORSE HARROD.

To the Democracy of Allen County.

I hereby respectfully announce myself as a candidate for renomination by you for the office of coroner of Allen county, in your nominating convention, which is to assemble on the 15th day of March next, hereby pledging myself to a continued faithful discharge of the duties of the office if I am nominated and elected.
W. W. BARNETT, M. D.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce that I will be a candidate for a second term as commissioner from the Second district, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention. M. L. MOUDY,
Cedar Creek Township.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner of the Third district, Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention
CHARLES G. GREIBEL.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner of the Third district, Allen county, subject to the decision of democratic nominating convention LOUIS C. KASTEN.

Editor Sentinel:—Please announce that in response to the earnest solicitation of friends and democrats I have consented to be a candidate for county commissioner from the Third district, subject to the will of the democratic nominating convention of Allen county. JOHN F. REED.

Editor Sentinel.—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner of the Third district, Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
WILLIAM KRUSE.

Mother's Friend.

A Promoter of Health.

Mother's Friend puts comfort and ease in a married woman's back and limbs. She applies it externally—no dosing and swallowing of nasty drugs—no internal treatment at all. This liniment strengthens, invigorates, toughens and freshens the muscular tissues, gives them elasticity, makes the tendons supple and stimulates the sinews. It is intended solely for expectant mothers. If applied regularly throughout the whole period of pregnancy, morning sickness is escaped. It is soothing, and quiets the nerves.

Labor is quickly and almost painlessly passed. Bright, sweet, healthy babies are born under the conditions wrought by Mother's Friend, and the mother's strength soon rallies. Women who dread the paramount issue are ignorant of the means that art and science do give toward assisting nature, in this event where the mother's life is of equal importance to that of the child who is born.

All reliable druggists have Mother's Friend, and the price is $1, per bottle.

A worthy book "Motherhood" will be sent free on application to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Honest Doctor

AND

Eminent Specialist.

D. W. Tucker, A. M. M. D.

INDIANA MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

The Oldest, the Largest, and the Best —Thirty Years' Experience.

Many Imitators, But no Equal.

Permit us to call the attention of our readers to the important fact that there are three essential steps in the successful treatment of disease. First, a correct diagnosis; second, the selection of the proper remedies in their best possible form, and third, a thorough knowledge of knowing how to prepare these remedies and their physiological effects upon the human body, in order to effect a cure. In the three above named facts Dr. D. W. Tucker has no equal in the state of Indiana. He has treated many thousands of cases within the last Thirty Years.

If one fourth of the people that are now in the cemetery had consulted and been treated by some good Specialist in place of their family doctor, they would have lived twenty years longer. Only a Specialist, who thoroughly understands Chronic Diseases, can treat them successfully. Dr. Tucker is without doubt the ablest specialist in this state and has treated and cured more cases of Chronic and Private Diseases than all the other Specialists in this state combined.

A doctor that has restored thousands to health, and can produce undeniable proof of the fact, must be regarded with respect. This is the record of Dr. Tucker, which cannot be equaled by any other specialist in the United States. His success is the result of THIRTY YEARS of careful study, extensive research, observation and remarkable experience in the treatment and cure of thousands of chronic and private diseases of the Brain, Heart, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Rectum, Gleet, Impotency, Nervous Diseases, Catarrh, Piles, Varicocele, Strictures, and all private diseases of both sexes. If Dr. Tucker cannot cure you no other specialist in the United States can. He has deposited in Bank ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS that he has treated more cases of chronic diseases and performed more remarkable cures than any THREE SPECIALISTS in the State of Indiana. He will not deceive you, and guarantees to cure every case he takes for treatment. He is vouched for by the best banks and citizens of the state.

The only Master Specialist in the State of Indiana can be found only at the Indiana Medical and Surgical Institute, at No. 10 West Wayne street. Call or address,

Dr. D. W. Tucker,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

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H. C. SPRINGER, Prop.

M QUAD'S FUN

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INSTRUCTING THE JURY.

As I reached a village under the shadow of the Cumberland mountains and stopped at the post office I was told that a trial of considerable importance was being held at the office of the local justice of the peace, and presently I found my way as a spectator. A mountaineer had traded a rifle for a mule with a neighbor and the rifle had proved defective. The other man was therefore seeking the aid of the law to have his beast restored to him. There were a dozen witnesses for, and against, and I noticed that almost every man was armed. It was a jury trial and his honor didn't have a word to say as they went out. Ten minutes later they returned for instructions, and the foreman asked:

"Judge, if we decide this yere case agin Joe Larkins is thar' goin' to be any hard feelin's to'rds this jury?"

His honor replied that the case must be decided according to law, and the jury filed out again. Only a few minutes had passed when they returned for the second time and the foreman said:

"Jedge, what this jury wants to know this time is if thar'll be any hard feelin's agin us if we decide the case in favor of Jim Bolands?"

There was an ominous movement on the part of the Larkins crowd; his honor noticed it and replied that he had full faith in the jury and expected them to return a verdict in accordance with the facts. The jury filed out again, every man of the six looking doubtful and perplexed; and this time it was a quarter of an hour before they reappeared. It was further instructions they wanted, the foreman said, and he added:

"Jedge, whar' three of us ar' fur Joe Larkins and three of us fur Tom Bolands, what ar' we to do about it?"

"Keep talkin' the case over till yo' kin all go one way," was the reply.

"But that ain't all," continued the man. "Bill Thomas is lookin' into the winder and sayin' he's fur Joe Larkins and wavin' his shotgun around, and Pete Silsby he's lookin' in at t'other winder and sayin' he's fur Jim Boland and showin' a big knife. What ye goin' to do in sich a case?"

The adherents in the courtroom were about evenly divided, and his honor put on his glasses and looked them over and replied:

"Bein' as the jury stands three to three and can't agree, and bein' as we don't want no fussin' and no hard feelin's we'll jest sorter drap this case outer sight and git up a hoss-race in the interests of peace and harmony."

DAN'L WASN'T FITTEN.

"If my son Dan'l had lived on he'd be about 20 y'ars old now," said the old mountaineer, as we sat smoking our pipes after supper. "Pore Dan'l he wasn't fitten, and he knowed he wasn't fitten, but he jest hung on till he died."

"Then he didn't die of sickness?" I asked.

"No, sah—not skassly. It was about six y'ars ago, sah. We was goin' to hold the county fair over at Rodney, and they was goin' to hev hoss-races, jumping matches, and all sorts of games. One of the amoosements was climbin' a greased pole. Ever h'ar of it?"

"Oh, yes."

"It was a pole 30 feet high, and greased till it was like glass. On top of it was a silver dollar, and whoever climb that pole could get the money. When my son Dan'l heard of it he sez to me:

"'Pop, I'm a dollar ahead.'

"'As how?' sez I.

"'As to climbin' that pole. I'll do it as sunh's yo'r bo'n!'

"I told him he wasn't fitten," said the father with a sigh. "He was bowed in the legs and his heels turned out, and no sich critter is fitten to climb a pole. He was determined, though. He got a pole, greased it up and planted it out thar' by the stone and begun to practice. He could git up about ten feet, but no mo'. I kept tellin' him he wasn't fitten, and his maw kept tellin' him he wasn't fitten, but he wouldn't give up. He was out airly in the mawnin', and he was out late at night, and he hugged that pole till the grease was ready to fry out of him. One evenin' I begun to git mad about it, but Dan'l speaks up in a lonesome voice and with tears in his eyes and sez:

"'Pop, I'll hev one mo' try at it. If I git to the top then I'm fitten; if I can't do it then I'm unfitten.'"

"And did he get there?"

"Of co'se not—of co'se not. I told yo' he had crooked legs and his heels turned in. Couldn't possibly git thar'. I went out about midnight to look fur him, and he lay thar' dead. He felt that he was unfitten, but he was bound to climb up or bust, and bimeby he busted. Jest lay thar' all busted to squash, and shuck my hide if we could ever git grass to grow on his grave fur the grease that was oozin' up through the sile!"

THE MOTORMAN.

There Are Days When the World Seems to Be Against Him.

M. QUAD. —Copyright, 1898.

"Several things have happened to put me out of temper this morning," said the motorman, as I boarded his car on the curve. "The life of the man at the switch and brake is not always as pleasant as the poet's. In fact, there are days when he would be an angel and soar away to where electric roads are not."

While he waited for the bell a boy came off the sidewalk to ask him if he could spare a pailful of electricity to run his mother's sewing machine for an hour or two. He was a small boy and an innocent-looking boy, and the motorman gave him a cent and told him to go to a law office and get a quart of compressed wind for the money. Then he got the signal and started up and said:

"I hadn't got three blocks from the barn this morning as I started out when the conductor pulled my door open and wanted to know if I imagined that I ran the car. He had his hat on his ear and grease on his hair, and he felt like bossing somebody around. You bet I laid the rules and regulations down to him in plain English, and as he started for his platform I gave the car a lift that brought him upon the gratings. He'll try to get even with me before the day is over, but I shall look out for his tricks. Hear him try to pull that bell out by the roots to show me he has a temper."

The car stopped to let a woman off and two men on, and as he made an easy start the motorman continued:

"The next thing was three women on the track. They wanted a car, but they got to gossiping and forgot all about it. Stood right there between the rails, with their heads together and their hands going, and I had to come to a dead stop and yell at them to move off. Then it turned out that they wanted a car going uptown instead of down, and because I wouldn't run backwards I got a rakin' over. The conductor chuckled over it and thought it was one on me, but I got even by running past two men who will report him at the office. Now look at that man!"

It was a man who wanted the car. Being fearful that it would pass without seeing him, although he weighed 200 pounds, he held up his hands and danced around and grew red in the face. When the car stopped he made a rush for the platform, crowded his way on and in, and opening the front door he demanded:

"What did you make me go to all that trouble for? Your business, sir, is to look out for passengers. I have only ten minutes in which to get to the depot, or—"

The motorman closed the door on him and whispered:

"You may talk about it's bein' divine to forgive, but all human nature aches to get even with all its fellow men. That old coon blamed me for nothing, as you are a witness, and now comes the revenge. He's a mile away from the depot, and adding to the distance every minute. I was telling you about this morning. After my jaw with the three women, and while I was hurrying to make up time, one o' them bicycle fellers come rattlin' down out of a side street and humped himself to beat my gait. I ride a bike myself, when I ain't pickin' myself up after a fall or lyin' on the counter of a drug store with a broken back, and so I give riders a big show. In this case, however, I couldn't stop and he wouldn't, and the result was I carried him and his machine on the cowcatcher for a block or more. He laid it all to me, of course, and of course I'll be called up to the office and run through the machine. Now, then, there's Sammy on the track ahead, and I've got tired of his monkeyshines. I rather think I'll give the lad a surprise party."

Sammy was a boy about 14 years old who was driving a grocery wagon. He was driving at a slow pace and looking over his shoulder at the motorman. He had evidently been there before. When he got the warning gong he leaned forward, looked straight ahead, and so far as could be judged from his arched back and general indifference he had never even heard of an electric car. The motorman whistled and shouted and slowed down, but Sammy had his plans and was encouraged in them by the boys on the street.

"It's got to be done," said the motorman, as he turned to me and drew a full breath. "If that kid is not brought up with a sudden turn he may end his life on the gallows. I shan't hurt him, but there will be a shock to his feelings. Got hold of the railing? Well, now, this car is goin' to git away from me."

It did. It suddenly started forward in a way to tumble the passengers about, and, picking up the wagon, it flung it to the left and tipped it over, and the boy was yelling "Police!" and the horse kicking in the dashboard when the car went by.

"He's bothered me that way for three months," explained the motorman, "and such things get to be tiresome after awhile. As long as I've got to go up to the office on the bicycle business, I might as well kill two birds with one stone. The boy will blame me and the grocer will blame me, but Sammy will have to hunt for another job. Do you see that woman in black on the next corner? Well, she's a feature on this road. She's as rich as mud, and her son-in-law is a director, and it won't do to give her the marble heart. Whoa, Sukey!"

"Is this car goin' downtown?" asked the woman, as we came to a stop.

"No, ma'am—goin' uptown."

"Why don't it go downtown?"

"Goin' orders, ma'am."

"Well, I guess I'll go uptown. Don't start the car 'till I get seated."

"Now watch," said the motorman, as we started up.

At the next corner he got the bell, and the woman slowly left the car, saying to the conductor that she had changed her mind and would wait for a downtown car. He tried to say something about the fare, but she shut him up with a wave of her hand and walked through the mud to the curbstone with great dignity.

"Don't forget the old chap who wanted to go to the depot," said the motorman, as we started up. "He has forgotten all about me—but won't he give it to the conductor? The young man who holds out his paw for nickels won't be feelin' so gay five minutes from now. All conductors get the big head at times, and it's the motorman who has to bring them down out of the clouds. I'm always willing to share the honors of running a car, but the conductor who tries to make the public believe he is turnin' the earth around will soon feel somethin' drop. Here we are at the terminus. See the old chap lookin' for the depot?"

The "old chap" got out and looked around. He was two miles from where he expected to be, and as the truth dawned upon him he turned upon the conductor and exclaimed:

"What in the Old Harry did you bring me up here for?"

"Because you got aboard the car," was the reply, as the trolley was shifted the other way.

"But I wanted to go to the depot, sir."

"Then you ought to have gone the other way. When a man boards my car I suppose he knows where he wants to go."

"You suppose, do you?" shouted the heavy man as the blood rushed to his face and his hair tried to stand up. "You heard me say I wanted to go to the depot. You took my fare! You never said I was on the wrong car! Sir, I will have you bounced! I will—"

"All aboard going down!" interrupted the conductor.

"I won't get aboard! I've lost my train and an important engagement, and you shall hear from me, sir—you shall—"

"You see how it goes," said the motorman with a sad smile. "Always kickin'—always somethin' wrong. He'll go to the office for sure, and both of us will git hauled up and perhaps laid off for a week; but what's the use of worryin' when you're happy? Ho! you peanut man, and there, boy—don't try that again or I'll pick you up on the cowcatcher and give you a free ride."

WOOD MANTELS.

They Have Driven Out Marble of Late and Are Both Cheap and Handsome.

Mantels nowadays are almost exclusively made of wood. Marble is used occasionally, but only for the most costly of all mantels, costing perhaps thousands of dollars. The marble mantel of the kind so familiar years ago is no longer made, and sometimes marble mantels of fine quality that cost from $200 to $300 are taken out to be replaced with mantels of wood costing perhaps $100. Slate mantels, so widely and commonly used a few years ago, are now rarely set up. They also have given place to wood.

Wood mantels may easily be costly. They are made in hundreds of different styles and at all sorts of prices, from $1,000 down to a few dollars. Many of them are beautiful, not a few of them are of great beauty, and even the cheapest may be tasteful and graceful in design and finish. There never was a time when so much art and skill went into wood mantels as now.

The woods used include mahogany, curly birch, quartered oak and other hardwoods, whitewood and pine. Perhaps more are made of whitewood than of any other one material. The various woods are finished in great variety. The oaks, for instance, are stained in 70 or 80 different shades, to match, if it should be desired, any furniture. Many mantels are painted and enameled. In the fireplace fittings of the more costly mantels it is not unusual to find marble or onyx matching the wood in color, with the result of producing a beautiful harmony in effect.

In styles wood mantels are made in colonial, Elizabethan, empire, classical, renaissance and other styles, colonial being now most in demand. Some colonial mantels are copies of mantels in old and perhaps familiar houses. While mantels in hundreds of styles are to be found already designed, many are made to order from architects' designs for single houses. It is not unusual to make mantels to order to match furniture; it might be that a mantel would be made to match a bureau or dining-room table. New styles of mantels are constantly being added to the great number regularly produced.

The more costly wood mantels may be massive in proportions and of fine woods and elaborately hand-carved, or if not of great size they may be of fine woods and elaborate in detail of construction and finish; but beautiful mantels can be bought for less than $100 of fine woods and of imposing proportions, if that is desired. It is probable that the large majority of the mantels in natural woods now set up in houses cost less than $100, perhaps considerably less; handsome mantels can be bought, indeed, for much less.

Tile mantels are made in a variety of styles, such mantels and fireplaces being set when used principally in halls and libraries; occasionally a tile mantel is placed in a dining-room.—N. Y. Sun.

In many cities the cream of society is the richest part of it.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Question Met.

"Do you wish to have your teeth examined?" asked the dentist of the sad-faced man who had been waiting in the ante-room for one hour and 35 minutes.

Whereupon the answer was tartly given: "What do you suppose I came up here for, to buy a cook stove?"

"Really," said the dentist, smiling; "I didn't know. I thought that possibly you might be after some new furniture for your dining-room."—Detroit Free Press.

Gave Herself Away.

"When did they discover that the burglar was a woman?"

"When she looked in the glass to see if her mask was on straight."—Tit-Bits.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough; contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

Japan's foreign trade has in thirty years increased from less than $1 to nearly $7 per capita per annum.

Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

VICTIMS OF DRINK.

Are Crowding Our Jails and Asylums, a Horrible Testimony of the Saloon Evil.

Dr. F. Walmsley, superintendent of an idiot asylum in the metropolis, says:

"Half the misery and wretchedness of human life, with much of the crime of the land, is but the outcome of an abnormal state of mind and morals produced by drink. Our asylums scream with alcohol and our prisons groan with its victims. Taken to excess, alcohol is in its passage through the organism everywhere equally a destroyer. Upon the brain and nervous tissues it is a direct poison, leading to formidable maniacal excitement or to chronic alcoholism, with its long train of symptoms betraying mental, moral and physical degradation—the whole man being reduced from a higher to a lower plane of existence. On the offspring the effects are disastrous. Children come into the world prenatally handicapped by hereditary taint, bearing the stigma or brandmarks of degeneracy, unfitted—mentally, morally and physically—to hold their own

WHERE WHISKY'S VICTIMS ARE FOUND.

in the struggle of life. Of all diseases, insanity is one of the most preventable, and, in the present state of medical science, one of the most incurable."—Scottish Reformer.

DEAN FARRAR'S TESTIMONY.

Reasons Why He Became a Total Abstainer Fifty Years Ago During Early Ministry.

Speaking recently at a Band of Hope conference in England, the venerable dean of Canterbury, Very Rev. F. W. Farrar, told of the reasons on account of which he adopted total abstinence 50 years ago, as follows:

"My parish half a century ago abounded with slums, and I used to visit a drunken sweeper and his wife. I found that these people were accustomed to stay till midnight every night drinking themselves drunk in the public houses. They had three little children. Their room, for they only occupied one room, was kept constantly locked, and these miserable children had to play in this miserable slum until 12 o'clock at night. On one occasion the little girl rushed out of the room and hid herself in a disused cellar, stayed there all night, and next morning was found, not dead, but not far from death, perfectly cold and perfectly ill. Two little boys on another occasion ran out of the house from their drunken parents and hid themselves in a neighbor's chimney.

"Now, these things impressed my mind so very strongly, though they were mere items of a very long list of horrors, that I became a total abstainer. I have never for one single moment regretted that action. What strikes me as so astonishing is that, if the mere sight of these miseries from one or two instances can so powerfully affect one or two minds, how is it that the English nation is so unawakened to the sense of their peril and disgrace? Undoubtedly drunkenness is the sin of the English race, and if England continues to turn a deaf ear to all these warnings, if England continues to read day after day the story of these horrors, which are perfectly preventable, it is certain that in the days that are coming she will suffer for this evil."

FACTS AND REASON

The life of the saloon depends on the death of souls.—Ram's Horn.

It is useless for our soldiers to fight our foes abroad while our saloons foster them at home.—Ram's Horn.

The drunkard carries the disregarded danger signal half way between his lustful eyes and his devouring mouth.—Ram's Horn.

The total religious revenue of the United Kingdom is estimated at £25,000,000 per annum. The drink bill of the United Kingdom amounted last year to £160,891,718, which is over six times the sum raised for religious purposes.

Dr. David Paulson, a Chicago nerve specialist, declares that much drunkenness, especially in young men, is caused by highly-spiced food, and the use by cooks of pepper, mustard and similar relishes. To this also the doctor attributes the cigarette habit.

The New Leaf is a quarterly just launched by the patients of Willard hospital, a newly-opened home for inebriates at Bedford, Mass. The New Leaf is issued to interest the general public in the question of temperance reform and inspire those who are victims to the drink habit with hope of rescue.

A Medical Testimony.

A most important statement was made at the recent congress on tuberculosis, held in London, by Prof. Birnardel, who is described as the greatest living sanitary authority in Europe. He said alcoholism was the most potent factor in propagating tuberculosis. The strongest man who had taken to drink was powerless against it. There was a universal cry of despair from the whole universe at the sight of the disasters caused by alcoholism, and any measures, state or individual, tending to limit the ravages of alcoholism would be a most precious auxiliary in the crusade against tuberculosis. Prof. Birnardel's statement is of the utmost importance. The medical practitioner has tremendous power to stem the tide of intemperance, and if to his influence is added that of the sanitarium and of the scientist, we may hope that at last enlightened opinion will no longer doubt the evil effect of alcohol upon the individual, and the state may point back to its cause, and that the cause may bear upon its face the condemnation of those high in authority.—Christian Work.

NON-ALCOHOLICS IN MEDICINE.

Doctor's Testimony After an Experience of Thirty-Four Years in the Medical Profession.

There is no provision made in the human economy for the toleration of alcohol. It is an irritant poison of great magnitude, from which no one can escape, because it aggravates the condition which it is given to relieve, besides creating an appetite for itself which otherwise would not exist.

Alcohol is not acted upon by the gastric juice, but is carried through the system unaltered in its character by contact with the various secretions of the body. It cannot, therefore, be assimilated, consequently does not enter into the constituent properties of the body.

That which is not assimilated cannot be counted as food, because it does not repair waste, and is lacking in sustaining power. Alcohol may generate a fitful energy, but the value of energy is estimated by its enduring quality. The spirit of strength which alcohol gives is devitalizing, leaving the system weaker than it found it, being based upon that law of physics which declares that action and reaction are always equal.

Alcohol can never be a medicine because its mission is to consume substance, harden tissue and pervert function, possessing no compensating benefits in its malignant nature. Only the unscientific mind will prescribe alcohol, there being neither sense nor science in expecting a salutary action from its administration. Alcohol may temporarily palliate pain; it never cured diseased conditions. Palliation is always followed by a reaction which introduces complications foreign to the case and more taxing to the vitality than the original trouble, adding fuel to the fire.

Alcohol is a false friend; even in emergency it never revived a patient that there was not something better adapted to the case. Something more permanent in its power for good could have been given, and to which no after-effects would be attached, because restoration to normal balance is not its province. The system has less to contend with during suffering when taking nothing, than it has when taking the wrong thing.

The doctor who prescribes alcohol in any shape demonstrates his ignorance of the nature of disease and the nature of cure. A sick person is in more or less of a defective state of health, has less resistence to unfavorable influences, and should be tenderly protected from baneful risks. Alcohol is aggressive, inflammatory and intolerant in its effects on the human body. Make too hot a fire under a defective boiler and we all know what happens to the boiler!

The doctrine of total abstinence from alcohol under all circumstances, is not the product of sentiment or belief; it is based on a scientific truth borne out by accumulated facts through experiment and extensive observation. All assertions to the contrary spring from either a willful misinterpretation of the truth, or a gross, culpable and inexcusable ignorance. After an experience of 34 years, unbiased by prejudice, seeking only substantial facts, I am compelled to say that alcohol occupies no legitimate place in medicine.—Alice B. Campbell, M. D., in Union Signal.

TEMPERATE ISLANDERS.

No One Uses Intoxicating Liquors or Smokes in the Pitcairn Islands.

There is always a spice of romance about the Pitcairn islanders, and the report printed recently of the commander of his majesty's ship Icarus, who lately visited the lonely settlement, is very interesting. In some respects, at all events, the islanders seem to be a model community. A parliament of seven manages affairs. Men, women and children are described as in robust health; indeed, disease among them is almost unknown. Whether this is due to the fact that "the leading people prefer to continue as hitherto without medicines of any sort," we cannot say. Then, no one smokes or uses intoxicating liquor; food and water on the island are abundant; the adult males give all their labor from five a. m. until two p. m. to works for the public good; and all but general content, if not great prosperity, seems to prevail. The only thing that appears to be troubling these voluntary exiles is a surplus of females. Perhaps, however, when the trade which it is intended to open up between Pitcairn island and Tahiti gets in full swing the balance of the sexes may become more nearly adjusted.—Westminster Gazette.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH, is Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses Taste and Smell. Large Size 50 cents at druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

The presence of the pipe in public in Paris is not anything like as marked as in England. The French still regard this method of consuming tobacco as infra dig.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Valparaiso and Chicago	*2 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago	*2 35 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago	*3 55 am	* 3 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 5 30 am	* 3 28 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.	* 5 30 am	* 3 28 am
Mansfield and Lima	*11 31 pm	†11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg	*11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 7 30 am	†10 30 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	†12 15 pm	†12 25 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg	†12 40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago	* 4 10 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline	† 7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg and Phila.	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg and Phila.	* 9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg and Phila.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago	*10 15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 55 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY.

In effect Sept. 29, 1901.

FOURTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north	2:30 am
†For Grand Rapids and north	8:50 am
For Grand Rapids and north	6:10 pm
From Richmond arrives	9:40 am

SOUTH BOUND.

*For Richmond and Cincinnati	11:00 pm
For Richmond and Cincinnati	8:55 am
For Richmond and Cincinnati	12:30 pm
From Grand Rapids arrives	6:50 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday

WABASH

REVISED TIME TABLE.

Trains carrying passengers leave Fort Wayne as follows.

SCHEDULE FEB. 1st, 1902.

Eastern Standard Time.

	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
No. 2.	*New York Limited S-D-C	1:05 A. M.
No. 12.	*Toledo Local Express	5:57 A. M.
No. 8.	*Buffalo Fast Mail, S-D-C	10:56 A. M.
No. 6.	*New England Express	11:13 A. M.
No. 4.	*Continental Limited, S-D	4:29 P. M.
No. 24.	*Atlantic Express	6:26 P. M.
	GOING WEST.	DEPART.
No. 11.	*Kansas City Fast Mail, S-D-C	9:50 A. M.
No. 7.	*St. Louis Day Express	9:07 A. M.
No. 1.	*Continental Limited, S-D	11:20 A. M.
No. 5.	†Government Fast Mail	5:43 P. M.
No. 13.	*Toledo Local Exp., Arrive	5:35 P. M.
No. 3.	*St. Louis Limited, S-D	8:35 P. M.

DETROIT SERVICE.

LV. FORT WAYNE.	AR. DETROIT.
* 6:2 6 A. M.	No change of cars. 9:20 A. M.
† 6:37 A. M.	Change cars Toledo 11:50 A. M.
* 8:36 A. M.	No change of cars. 12:40 noon.
*11:18 A. M.	Change cars Toledo 4:15 P. M.
* 4:33 P. M.	No change of cars. 8:10 P. M.

HIGH CLASS THROUGH SERVICE.

No change of cars to Detroit, Buffalo and New York on trains 2, 4 and 8. Through Pullman Sleepers.

No change of cars to St. Louis on trains 1, 3, 5, 7 & 9.

No change of cars to Kansas City on train 9. Pullman Drawing Room Sleeper and Wabash Reclining Chair Car; seats free; to Kansas City daily, connecting in Union Depot with the Great Overland Trains for Denver, Salt Lake City and Pacific coast points.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

S. Sleeper. D. Dining Car. C. Chair Car.

For tickets and other information apply to

Both Phones, No. 6. R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger & Ticket Agent.

WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, 1903

NICKEL PLATE

9—11-17-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 6	4 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2	3 10
Western Express, No. 4	1 05
Local Freight	12 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 5	2 20
Western Express, No. 1	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3	4 35
Local Freight	12 00

†Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD, In effect June 4, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
5 Express and Mail	11:30 p.m.
103 Local Freight	3:50 p.m.
10 Express and Mail	8:05 p.m.
Northbound.	Depart.
102 Local Freight	6:45 a.m.
97 Express and Mail	11:50 a.m.
49 Express and Mail	8:00 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday

E. & W. RY. TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 11, 1901.

	DEPART.
No. 41 Express daily except Sun.	8 30 am
No. 19 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun.	11 35 am
No. 35 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun.	4 30 pm
No. 45 Ex. Sunday only	8 15 pm
	ARRIVE.
No. 42 Express daily except Sun.	11 30 am
No. 20 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun.	2 20 pm
No. 16 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun.	10 05 pm
No. 44 Ex. Sunday only	11 40 am

FORT WAYNE & SOUTHWESTERN TRACTION COMPANY.

TIME CARD.

Effective January 19, 1902.

Cars leave Broadway and Taylor Streets, Fort Wayne Ind.: *6:00 a. m.; 7:00 a. m.; 8:00 a. m.; 9:00 a. m.; 10:00 a. m.; 11:00 a. m.; 12 noon; 1:00 p. m.; 2:00 p. m.; 3:00 p. m.; 4:00 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.; 6:00 p. m.; 7:00 p. m.; 8:00 p. m.; 9:00 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Phone, Home 55.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

LESSON VI., FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES—

COMMENT BY REV. D. M. STEARNS.

Lesson for Sunday, Feb. 9. 1902.
Text—Acts iv., 32 to v. 11.
(Copyright, 1901, by American Press Association)

32, 33. "With great power gave the apostles witness of the resurrection of the Lord Jesus, and great grace was upon them all." In these days we can scarcely imagine several thousand of believers of one heart and one soul to serve the Lord, no one clinging to his own things, but each loving the other as himself and all having all things in common. If it was the power of His resurrection that did this, they must have known something that few know today.

34-37. Possessors of lands and houses sold their property and put the proceeds in the common fund that the need of each might be supplied and that no one might have any lack. There was no selfishness and no self seeking. This seems all the more remarkable when we consider the strife for pre-eminence that was seen more than once among the twelve before Jesus died; yes, even at the passover on the night before His resurrection, but now they were all filled with the Spirit, and hence this great difference. A Spirit filled people will manifest the life of Christ and not the life of self. Joses, surnamed Barnabas, son of consolation, a Levite, and evidently a true one, is mentioned as one of those who having land sold it and laid the money at the apostles' feet. Levi signifies "joined," and he illustrated the truth. "He that is joined to the Lord is one Spirit" (I Cor. vi, 17.) Our Lord Jesus not only gave up all His riches and became poor to make us rich, but He actually gave Himself for us, taking the place of the guilty that we might be joined to Him (II Cor. viii, 9; Gal. ii, 20.)

V, 1, 2. "But Ananias and Sapphira." The tares and the wheat will grow together until the harvest. Until Jesus comes again many a bird will lodge in the branches, but no bird ever becomes a branch. The commands, "Walk before Me and be thou sincere" and "Thou shalt be sincere with the Lord thy God" (Gen. xvii, 1, margin; Dent. xviii, 13), are always binding, and "Cursed be he that doeth the work of the Lord deceitfully" (Jer. xlviii, 10), seems to be always a necessary warning. When Abram and Sara agreed to act a lie and Isaac and Rebekah did the same (Gen. xii, 11-13; xx, 2; xxvi, 7), which of us can say that the eyes as a flame of fire may not see some deceit in our inmost hearts? We are not our own, but bought with His precious blood.

3, 4. "Why hath Satan filled thine heart to lie to the Holy Ghost? Thou hast lied unto God." See the oneness of the Father and the Spirit, for in lying to the Spirit they lied unto God. See also the oneness of the Spirit and the believer, for in lying to Peter and the others they lied unto the Spirit. Notice also that it was the work of the devil, the father of lies, in Ananias, the same adversary who in the garden of Eden lied to Eve and has ever since been practicing his ungodly wiles. Contrast Peter filled with the Spirit and Ananias filled with Satan and the high priest and others filled with indignation or envy (chapters iv., 8, 31; v. 3, 17). If filled with the Spirit, evil can find no place in us. The Spirit of Truth and the father of lies each desires us, but neither can fill us unless we welcome them.

5, 6. Dead and buried in a few hours; gone from the earth and from his possessions, but gone where? To the true child of God death is gain and far better than sojourning here. But what of Ananias? His name means, "Jehovah is gracious." But did he know the saving grace of Jehovah? We know that there is such a thing as being saved as by fire, that Satan may destroy the flesh and yet the spirit be saved, that some of the members of the church were sickly and some dying because of sin and that we are told to judge nothing before the time until the Lord came (I Cor., iii., 15; v., 5; xi., 30; iv., 5), yet Rev. xxi., 8, gives us little hope for Ananias.

7, 8. "It was about the space of three hours after when his wife, not knowing what was done, came in." Three hours a widow, but not aware of it. How long they had journeyed together in these mortal bodies we do not know, but his journey has ended, and hers is about to, though she is all unconscious of it. Perhaps she had come seeking him, wondering why he delayed to return home. It is a sad story and should teach us to be sincere with God, who desires truth in inward parts (Ps. li., 6). If we did not know that Peter was filled with the Spirit, we might feel like questioning his way with her and might wish that he had sought to lead her to repentance, but perhaps her heart was fully set in her to do evil (Eccl., viii., 11).

9, 10. "How is it that ye have agreed together to tempt the Spirit of the Lord?" So one with God are His people that when we touch them we touch Him, and as we deal with them we deal with Him (Zech. ii, 8; Acts ix, 4). There is unspeakable comfort and yet a solemn warning in this great truth. How awful is this scene before us! She is for the first time told of her husband's death and at the same time told that she must die, and in a moment she is gone. In the morning they are in health, but united in a lie to God that they may appear before men to be very religious, but before night they are found out (Num. xxxii, 23), and are dead and buried. Two liars in one grave. But their souls— If not saved as by fire, then Luke xvi, 23, first clause, tells their fate. It was the hand of God, and the Judge of all the earth doeth right (Gen. xviii, 25; Rev. xv, 3). See also Acts xii, 23; Jer. xxviii, 16, 17, and yet believe firmly that "God is Love" and "not willing that any should perish" (I John iv, 8; II Pet. iii, 9).

11. "And great fear came upon all the church and upon as many as heard these things." It was a needed lesson for the times, and although He does not always thus swiftly punish sinners, He always hates sin and tells us that he that telleth lies shall not tarry in His sight (Ps. ci, 7). We cannot but think of the swift judgment upon Aaron's sons at the beginning of God's dealings with Israel (Lev. x, 1, 2). If all liars in the church today and all ministers who use strange fire were thus summarily dealt with, there would be no end of funerals and a truly great fear upon many. Although God seems to keep silence concerning the corruptions and abominations in His professed people, He assures us that He will not always keep silence and that judgment must begin at the house of God (Ps. ii, 3; I Pet. iv, 17).

NEEDLEWORK OF THE NUNS.

The most beautiful needlework in the world comes from the convents. The fact is unquestionably due to the training the young apprentice receives on less than a quarter of a yard of cloth all the fundamental rules of sewing. Industriously she plies her needle on this bit of cloth, mastering inch by inch all the finer arts of the delicate needlework; one of the greatest object lessons to mothers with growing daughters, who are permitted to destroy valuable silks and linen, ruining both temper and goods over something that is pure Greek to the crude beginner. How often materials become useless in the hands of the person whose brain has no knowledge whatever of the vastness of the undertaking before her.

The nuns, with whom wastefulness is a deadly sin, teach every stitch most carefully, nor is this practice made tedious and difficult by giving the student long hems, heavy coarse garments and yards of tucking. A tiny piece of goods of moderate weight, a thimble fitting perfectly, not too heavy, a needle in size to carry 70 or 80 thread, are the implements of practice. The young women who learn the sewing are the consecrated women, so called because they have consecrated their lives and daily labor to God.

SCULPTOR'S IDEA OF CHRIST.

William Ordway Partridge, the eminent sculptor, who spent several years in the Holy Land gathering information and inspiration for a group in which the Saviour will be the central figure, writes interestingly on Christ as an ideal, successful man. The following is an extract from Mr. Partridge's article:

"In regard to personal appearance we find Him commanding in figure, slight of build, of serious mien, with eyes that were as tender as a fawn's and yet able to flash fire as He drove the money changers down the portico of Herod. A man makes an impression in the east either by his great train of followers and the splendor of his accouterments, or by his personal appearance, and when the Master stood on the shore of Galilee and called to the apostles, who were then but simple fishermen, there was something in the voice so unusual that these rough fishermen cast their nets aside and followed Him unhesitatingly. Therefore, we think of Him not only as the ideal of man in the point of scholarship, but also in physical aspect. It is interesting to stand on the spot where most of His ministry was spent and watch, as the writer has done, the fisherman gather in his net, as a vaquero gathers his lasso, and throw its quivering line far out into the lake. The scene has changed but little, except for the lack of fertility and the absence of the noble Roman porticoes and basilica which stood at Capernaum in Herod's reign.

"Beyond scholarship and personal appearance we must look for some more important feature to understand the influence which the carpenter's son exerted throughout Palestine. We do not realize until we are in Jerusalem, on the site of the Temple, how greatly that influence was felt and how it shook old traditions to their foundations. Not only a few hundred stragglers, but also thousands upon thousands of people followed Him from place to place. To the very last He had an opportunity to claim the temporal sovereignty of the land at will, but what makes his character stand out in strangest contrast with that of Mohammed and other prophets is that His kingdom was one of spirit and not one built with hands. From the time one enters Jerusalem, during the hour in which the traveler passes Mount Hermon, the personality of the Master is ever present in the surroundings of the Jordan river and, indeed, in the Syrian desert."—Success.

CANAL BOATS FOR MANILA.

The easy going native bargemen of Manila bay will experience something like surprise when, a few months hence, they see towed into their harbor nineteen Erie canal boats, sent by the Philippine Transportation company. For several years these barges have been in use on the Erie canal. Now they have been towed over to the Morgan Iron works in New York, where they are being carefully pulled apart preparatory to shipping them to the orient. Piece by piece the decks are being pulled up, beams and timbers separated and piled up on the pier, ready to be stowed away into the holds of huge steamers, there to remain until once more put together in Hong Kong. From there they will be towed across the China sea, down the Luzon coast and into Manila harbor.

Large steamers cannot approach within two miles of the shore in Manila bay. For this reason it has always been necessary to send out cascos, or lighters, in which the cargoes are transported up the Pasig river to the city. These cascos are small and clumsy and are owned by individual natives, who will not work until their supply of cash runs short. The iron canal boats are capable of holding five or six times more cargo than any casco, and the nineteen together could put all the cascos of Manila harbor into their holds.

KEEPS A SNAKE AS A PET.

Lady Constance McKenzie is one of the best known society women of England and enjoys a high reputation both for her personal beauty and her intelligence. She is somewhat eccentric as well, and is continually adding to her reputation in this regard. The latest fad of Lady Constance is to take as her pet a snake, and everywhere she goes the snake has to go with her. The snake is a very small one, to be sure, but still it is a snake, and as many people have an aversion to reptiles, no matter what their size, this fad of Lady Constance's has aroused much comment. The snake lodges in the bodice of Lady Constance's dress, and the latter plays with it on occasions as if it were a piece of jewelry. She feeds it upon fish and insects, and says the reptile is possessed of more intelligence than many persons.

THE REVOLT OF WOMAN.

The latest development of female suffrage on this side of the channel, says the Paris correspondent of the London Mail, takes the form of a manifesto contending that as woman in her maiden name accomplishes all the duties of a citizen, she does prejudice to her interests by sinking her identity and losing her individuality in adopting the name of her husband when she marries. It has therefore been decided by the Woman's Suffrage society that in order to safeguard her independence and her individuality married members of the society will in future retain their patronymic names and refuse to assume the names of their husbands.

ORIGIN OF SECRET SERVICE.

The United States secret service had its origin in the early '60s, under the auspices of the war department. It actually grew out of the fact of Capt. Lafayette F. Baker, of the union army, offering his services to Secretary Seward as a police scout to gather information concerning the confederate army. During the war the United States began the issuance of greenbacks. Then came the first appearance of "green goods" men. By an act of congress, in 1861 or 1862, $10,000 was appropriated for the maintenance of Baker's service to suppress counterfeiting. The supervision of the service was then under the solicitor of the treasury.

THE HAND IN HEALTH.

Let us shake hands with a man and we will tell you something about his health. The firm, hearty handshake of a sincere man may be rather rough, so that one is taught he has a grip, but it indicates he has stamina. While denoting absence of tact and refinement, it points to physical strength. The flabby hand that retains no pressure belongs to the person who has no great strength of body or mind. The quick, nervous temperament, and its opposite, the nerveless, passive one, belong to persons in ill-health. The hand that threatens to collapse or give means fear. The feel of the hand called magnetic indicates health and kindness and a desire to help others. In many ways we may decide character by the hand as well as by the brain.—London Doctor.

OPIE READ'S LITTLE BILL.

A new political star has arisen in Chicago in the person of Opie Read, the southern novelist, who has accepted the invitation of an aristocratic Hyde Park ward to head the republican ticket for a seat in the city council, says the New York Times. Mr. Read says his conversion from long-cherished belief in the democratic party is complete, and a series of novelties in the way of cornering votes is expected before the aldermanic election two months hence.

The republican candidacy was offered Mr. Read upon the strength of his support of McKinley during the presidential election of 1900. When he came out for sound money he was sent by the republican national committee on a tour of the west in Mr. McKinley's interests. It was a trip that will long be remembered as one of the most entertaining and enlivening of the campaign.

In due time Mr. Read presented a formidable bill to the republican managers for settlement. Senator Hanna, as chairman of the committee, was a trifle nonplused by an item for several hundred dollars, entered simply, "To expenses in Denver." With a smile the chairman turned to Mr. Read:

"Don't you think Denver comes pretty high for a two-day stand, Mr. Read?"

"I reckon as much, Mr. Hanna," was the immediate rejoinder, "but did you ever play poker in that pesky town?"

Mr. Hanna laughingly confessed he had not—and paid the bill.

STORY OF A WRONG.

"The other day my little boy found an old pocketbook in a bureau drawer," said a West Philadelphia man, "and asked his mother if he might have it to play with. It was an old one that she had long ago discarded, and she gave it to him. Child-like, he was soon pulling it to pieces, and brought to light a $20 bill. Naturally my wife cudgeled her brains to find out how it had come there and suddenly the solution of the mystery dawned upon her. Fully two years ago she had missed $20 from this same pocketbook, which she at that time used for her household expenses, such as marketing and the like. We had a German servant girl then and the girl had access to the pocketbook in paying minor expenses. My wife accused her of taking the money, and, in spite of her tearful protestations of innocence, she was dismissed in disgrace. The bill must have worked its way down into the lining. My wife is going to advertise for the girl, and if we can find her we shall make whatever restitution is possible."—Philadelphia Record.

HUNTING THE SOUTH POLE.

An Antartic exploring expedition which is to set out from Scotland next year will be peculiarly a national one, says the Chicago Daily News. The whole of the money subscription toward it has been given by Scotchmen and the scientific staff and ship's officers and crew are of the same race. The ship is a Norwegian whaler, but as it is being taken to the Clyde to be repaired there it will be stamped with a Scotish character by the time it is fitted out. This will be accomplished by about the beginning of August, when the Hecla will go for a trial trip in the Atlantic to test gear and instruments. W. S. Bruce, who has had experience in both polar extremities, is the leader of the expedition. Its goal is the Weddell sea and it will thus co-operate in a complete scheme of exploration with the German expedition on one side and the Swedish on the other.

VETERANS IMPOVERISHED.

Two old men were charged at Highgate with acting as peddlers without license, says the London Mail. One of them, Millidge by name, straightened himself up in the dock and said that out of the twenty-two years he had served in the army sixteen had been in foreign service under "big generals," including an expedition under General Buller.

"Now," he continued, "they give me 8½d a day, and it pays for my bed, a cup of coffee and a piece of bread. I can't get a job because of my gray hairs. I'm the soldier and the black sheep of the family. I must do something. Here's my character from generals."

The bench perused the documents and ordered the prisoner's discharge with a caution.

PRESIDENT A GOOD WALKER.

During one of the crisp, bright afternoons of the week past a young diplomat was tempted to take a constitutional across the hills to the north of the city. He was tramping along an unfrequented road, when suddenly a sturdy figure joined his path from a crossing lane. He recognized the president and saluted. The latter very jovially returned his greeting, and inquired: "Can you walk?" The young man assented. "Well, walk along with me."

The president started at a brisk pace. He led the way over hills and through the narrowest country of the district. During an hour he showed that young man more of sylvan beauties than he dreamed existed so near the capital. President Roosevelt is familiar with every cowpath in the country surrounding, as pedestrianism is not a new fad with him, but a passion surviving from the days when he was performing service of his country here in Washington. At the end of an hour the diplomat was healthily tired, if he was not fagged. At this time they are at the foot of a long hill, with opening forest trees all around.

"Can you run? Well, then, come along." And up the steep the president led the way. When they reached the summit the president paused and calmly and with good breath pointed out the beauties of the city and surrounding scenery. It is in this manner that President Roosevelt wards off brain fag. During the whole trip not a guard or a secret service man was to be seen. The diplomat, however, will not try it again.—Washington Special.

A SCHEME THAT FAILED.

Another "get-rich-quick" concern has come to grief and hundreds of girls and others who sent money to the promoters, tempted by their promises of financial gain, are wailing over their lost money, says the Louisville Courier-Journal. This is the "Amos Owens Cherry Tree company," of Henrietta, N. C. It was a novel scheme and it caught thousands. Its managers advertised to sell 60 cherry trees for $12. Everyone who sent $12 was also to get a situation at $20 a month to write daily three letters to friends saying that they were earning $20 a month easily and advising them to buy cherry trees, too, and get an easy berth.

The scheme worked to perfection in the beginning. The first owner of the concern, Dr. Frank Bright, sent the trees regularly and tried to keep faith, it is said. Later he sold out to his father, the Rev. Thomas Bright. It was then incorporated. After making over $10,000 in one month the minister sold out to C. D. Winkie, who in turn, after six weeks' business, sold out to G. W. Rollins and Charles Watkins. Ten days later they sold to M. G. Padgett, and he it is for whom the government officials are looking on a charge of fraud.

The Carolinas, Georgia and Florida were flooded with the offers from the concern, which was another employment of the "endless chain" system.

Padgett was receiving about $1,500 daily, it is said, but getting scared by the investigation started he gathered together what funds he could and fled.

CURES BLOOD POISON, CANCER, ULCERS, ECZEMA, ETC. TREATMENT FREE.

If you have offensive pimples or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, sore lips, eating, festering sores, sharp, gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginnings of deadly cancer. It is a dangerous condition, but you may be permanently cured by Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood diseases. It heals every sore or ulcer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles, such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula, etc. Especially advised for all obstinate cases that have reached the second or third stage. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once prepaid. Sold by Ranke & Nussbaum, 88 Calhoun St. eod-w.

Russia now possesses a school of military ballooning.

DR. KAY'S RENOVATOR invigorates and regenerates the system; purifies and enriches the blood; cures the worst dyspepsia, constipation, headache, liver and kidneys. 25 and 75 at druggists. Free advice, sample and book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N.Y.

RENOVATOR

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

For the Children.

NED, THE APPRENTICE, AND HIS BRIGHT IDEA

"Come on, now; don't lag! 'Tain't no use ter sit moonin' over them papers when the forge has got ter be blowed." The speaker was a sturdy, strong armed blacksmith, with rather a stolid face. He held in his tongs a partly shaped horseshoe, which he was about to place in the forge, and his remarks were addressed to a lad of about seventeen, who sat upon a bench at the far end of the smithy. He was a large and well developed boy for his age, and every line of face and figure denoted a strong character. He was reading from a back number of a technical journal, and so absorbed had he become that he did not hear the words spoken to him.

With an annoyed expression the man spoke more sharply and took a few steps toward the lad, who, becoming aware of what was needed, arose from his bench, laid the paper carefully upon a little shelf above his head and, with a half breathed sigh of regret, went over to the forge and took hold of the handle of the bellows. It was clearly to be seen that he performed the work mechanically and that his thoughts still dwelt upon the article he had been reading in the paper. Presently he forgot to pump and was again reprimanded.

"Wake up, Ned! What sort of a lag are you, anyhow? 'Tain't a mite o' use fer me ter ever try ter l'arn yer nothin' about shoein' a horse, 'cause yer don't take no heed o' what's done right under yer nose," said the man sharply.

The lad came back to his surroundings with a start and, turning a pair of fine gray eyes upon the man, said:

"Father, didn't Squire Bascome say that his new horse had never been properly fitted with shoes and ask you if you couldn't think up some way of improving on the old plan?"

"Yes, he ast me, but there ain't no better way'n the way I've allers done it. Every smith does it that way. 'Tain't the shoes; it's the feet. If a horse is tender, he's tender, an' that's all there is about it. May make some difference who makes the shoes an' puts 'em on, but that's about all as can be done, I reckon. I'm counted as good a smith as any in the country, an' I don't mean ter take a back seat fer nobody."

The lad stood silent for a moment and then asked, rather timidly:

"Father, will you let me shoe the squire's horse and do it in my own way?"

"Now, what sort o' a fool do yer take me fer? Do yer think I'm goin' ter let yer try some o' yer crack brained experiments on the finest horse in the place? Not much! A fine mess I'd get into with the squire. I don't want no more o' yer help than blowin' can give till yer git more sense, an' kin pay attention ter yer work. Take"—

Just then a clang and clamor outside caused the man to drop his tongs, spring toward the door and, without another word, dear down the village street as though possessed, for the sound had been heavy strokes upon a huge iron triangle, the village fire alarm, and John Slocum was a fireman as well as blacksmith.

It was fully three hours ere he appeared at the forge, and meanwhile Ned had seen and embraced his opportunity.

Scarcely had the clanging engine disappeared down the dusty road, followed by nearly every man, boy and dog in the place, and each adding his item to the hubbub, when Squire Bascome rode up to the smithy and, dismounting, led a fine bay horse through the doorway.

"How are you, Ned," he said to the lad, adding: "Where's your father? I'm in desperate need of him at once."

"Father had to go with the engine, Squire Bascome, but I guess he'll be back soon."

"If he's back in two hours, he'll do well. That burn of hay on the hill up yonder is burning like mad, and they'll have a lively time to keep other things from burning, too, or I'm much mistaken. But I've got to go over to Greenfield's, and this horse must be shod before he can take me. There isn't another horse in the barn today, and I can't ride this one such a distance with these confounded shoes. Why on earth doesn't some one find a way to shoe a horse in such a way that the shoes will be a comfort instead of a burden to the beast?" And the squire looked annoyed.

"WHAT SORT OF A FOOL DO YOU TAKE ME FOR?"

Ned had been softly stroking the handsome animal's neck, and as the squire ceased speaking the boy looked at him, with a new expression upon his bright face, and a look of resolution came into his fine eyes as he asked eagerly:

"Squire Bascome, will you let me shoe Victor? I know I can do it, and if you will let me try a plan I have in my mind I am sure it will turn out a good one. Please, sir, do! I've thought of it such a lot, and I know I can do it."

Squire Bascome looked at the eager face before him, and some impulse which he was never able to explain, made him say:

"Yes. Go on. I'll trust you." And he turned upon his heel and left the shop.

* * * * * * *

Five years later Ned Slocum fitted perfectly the hole in which he was placed, for the square edges of the peg had been smoothly rounded. The idea to which he had clung so persistently while a 'prentice lad bore magnificent fruit. It was nothing but a little padding of India rubber, placed dexterously between the iron horseshoe and the tender foot of the horse before the former was nailed on. Even by using a piece of sole leather he found there was a saving to the hardy foot as well, for the leather softened the blow on the pavement and saved the frog from the small stones. Thus did he explode the old nursery riddle:

What shoemaker makes shoes without leather, of all the four elements put together—
Earth and water, fire and air—and every customer takes two pair?

—Success.

A FUNNY QUARREL.

A Story For Little Ones About the Coffeepot, Teakettle and Tommy.

A teakettle was sitting on the stove one day with its nose turned right at the coffeepot. Soon it began to blow steam into the coffeepot's face, making it very angry. "Why don't you turn the other way?" cried the pot. "Do you think that I like that breath of yours to come right into my nose? It seems to me that of late you are on the stove more than you ought to be. Every time I am set up here you are here also, when you really belong back on the shelf, so that others may have some room."

The coffeepot would have kept on scolding the kettle, but just then Bridget came along. She looked into the coffeepot and then poured some cold water into it. The water was so cold it made the pot shiver and sigh. But the teakettle kept on blowing steam at the pot's ugly nose. Soon it became so warm it sang and hummed very sweetly a little tune of its own. It felt very proud because the coffeepot was being punished for the ugly words it had spoken. Big, cold drops of water ran down its side, making the poor pot feel very wretched.

The teakettle sang away, sometimes in a high pitch, then in a low one. But it soon got into trouble. Tommy, in a great hurry, rushed in at the door. He rubbed his cold hands and held them over the hot stove. Then, to have some fun, he stuffed his mitten into the kettle's nose and made the steam come out at the lid. Then he held the lid down. The kettle began to feel very bad. Oh, how it wished that boy would take his glove out of its nose. It was so full it thought it would burst. "I cannot stand this very long," it moaned.

Pretty soon, when the boy was not watching well, the kettle raised its lid at one side, and out shot some steam, hitting the boy on the hand and making him dance with pain. He let go of the lid, pulled his mitten from the teakettle's nose and ran out of the door. Once more the coffeepot and teakettle were at rest. They looked at each other in silence. Then Bridget came in and set two large black pots on the stove. "Make room, there!" they cried. Bridget lifted the coffeepot and teakettle to the back shelf, and there they slept until evening.

An Ostrich Beats the Pacing Record.

Oliver W. is the name of an ostrich which spends its summers at Saratoga and its winters in Florida and has the distinction of being one of the very few ostriches of the country broken to harness. It is ten feet high and weighs over 300 pounds and makes a mile in 2:02, equaling the time of Cresceus and The Abbot, the two fastest horses.

When Laura Goes to Play.

When Laura goes to play with Lou,
Who lives across the way,
She wears a gingham frock of blue
Just made for romp and play,
And oftentimes her hat's askew,
When Laura goes to play with Lou.

When Laura plays with Lulubel,
Who lives up on the square,
She has to dress up very well
And think about her hair.
It would not do to run pellmell
Upon the square with Lulubel.

When Laura goes to play with Lou,
They picnic on the grass:
Two cups of milk, a bun or two,
Is all there is to pass,
And yet it seems a nice menu
To Laura, playing there with Lou.

When Laura plays with Lulubel,
Their parties are so fine,
With china fragile as a shell
And silver all ashine
And Nurse Celeste and mademoiselle
To serve each course for Lulubel.

When Laura goes to play with Lou,
Her best loved doll she takes,
And though it's very far from new,
No difference it makes,
For over there's a dolly, too,
That's old, but very dear to Lou.

When Laura plays with Lulubel,
Miss French Doll is on hand,
For all the dolly folks that dwell
Up there are very grand,
With names like Clarice and Estelle,
Those Paris dolls of Lulubel.

And so when Laura goes to play
One easily can tell
If she is off to spend the day
In style with Lulubel
Or in a simpler way, 'tis true,
But merrier far, with little Lou.

—Rose Mills Powers in St. Nicholas.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Washington and Clinton streets. Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Public worship with sermon by Rev. J. L. Leeper, D. D., at 10:45 a. m. Special musical program with brief address by Rev. J. L. Leeper at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Westminster Presbyterian church, West Berry street, between Webster and Ewing streets; J. Budman Fleming, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Dr. H. G. Patton, superintendent. Morning services at 10:30. Subject, "Daily Bread in Daily Need." Matt. 6:11. Junior Endeavor at 3 o'clock; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m., led by Mrs. Gray; evening service at 7:30, subject: "The First Sermon."

Third Presbyterian church, corner Harrison and Taber streets. Rev. J. A. F. McGaw, D. D., pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., O. B. Fitch, superintendent. Morning service at 10:45, subject of sermon, "His Own Place," from Acts 1:35, "Judas by transgression fell, that he might go to his own place." Meeting of elders, deacons and trustees at 2:30 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45; evening service at 7:30, subject of sermon, "Expostulation," from Isaiah 55:2, "Therefore do ye spend money for that which is not bread? and your labor for that which satisfieth not? Hearken diligently with me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your soul delight itself in fatness." The Apollo quartet will sing at both services. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday.

Bethany Presbyterian church, corner Boone and Fry streets. J. C. Breckenridge, pastor. Sabbath services as follows: Preaching at 10:45 a. m., subject, "Jesus and the Disciples in a Storm." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., J. M. Jackson, superintendent; teachers meet with pastor for prayer and conference at 9:15; C. E. prayer meeting at 6:30. At 7:30 the pastor will begin a series of sermons on the Prodigal Son, and the subject will be "The Prodigal Preparing to Depart." Mid-week service will be Wednesday at 7:30; choir meets for practice at 7:30 Friday evening.

UNITED BRETHREN.

Calvary U. B. church, corner Harmer and East Lewis streets. J. W. Lake pastor. Sunday services: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Allen A. Bowser, superintendent. The Y. P. C. U. will meet at 6:30 p. m., topic: "The Pathway to Peace." John, 14:25-31, Isaiah, 26:3. H. Danner, leader. Preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Mid-week services: The Y. P. C. U. will hold their monthly business meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7:30, W. H. Woodruff, leader. The Ladies Aid society will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. H. J. Neasel, No. 93 Smith street. Refreshments will be served at the supper hour.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Plymouth Congregational church, Rev. J. Webster Bailey, pastor—Morning and evening services at 10:30 and 7:30; morning subject, "Christ, the Way, the Truth and the Life;" evening subject, "Counting It Done;" Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., B. Paul Mossman, superintendent; Harry E. Willson, assistant; Prof. Wm. Miles, musical director; meeting of Sunday school teachers at 9:15; Decision Day continued; Junior Endeavor meeting at 3:00 o'clock, Miss Ethel Mossman, superintendent, assisted by Miss Gladys Williams; men's prayer meeting at 6:15 in pastor's study; Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30; topic, "The Pathway to Peace;" leader, Miss Kate Williams.

South Congregational church, corner DeWald and Hoagland—Preaching services, 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; themes of discourses: Morning, "God's Omnipresence;" Ps. 139-7; evening, "Divine Solicitude and Human Perversity;" Hosea, 6-4; Bible school, 9:30 a. m., Dr. A. E. Van Deusklrk, superintendent; Junior C. E., 3 p. m.; Senior, 6:30 p. m.; topic, "The Pathway to Peace;" leader, Miss Catherine Malcolm; mid-week service Wednesday evening, 7:30; subject, "Christian Laborers;" I. Cor., 3:9; the Ladies' Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. Lizzie Kikley, 478 South Calhoun street, on Thursday afternoon. Rev. D. T. Williams, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services at 10:30 a. m., in Masonic Temple. Subject, "Soul." Golden text: "I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for He hath clothed me with the garments of salvation." Isaiah, 61:10. Responsive reading—Psalms 146 and 150. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Harmony hall, 20 West Berry street; reading rooms open every day at 103 East Berry street.

Second Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, in Jewish temple, No. 96 Harrison street. Subject, "Soul." Golden text: "I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for He hath clothed me with the garments of salvation." Isaiah, 61:10. Responsive Reading:—Psalms 146 and 150. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening; reading room open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 5 p. m., in the church edifice.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Berry street M. E. church, corner of Harrison street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; sermon, 10:30 a. m.; subject, "Lessons of Every Day;" junior league, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth meeting, 6:30 p. m., subject, "The Pathway to Peace;" Miss Edna Parham, leader; sermon, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. H. J. Norris, pastor.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Broadway, Asher S. Preston, pastor—Morning topic, "God's Laughter;" evening topic, "The Treasure in Earthen Vessels, or the Divine and the Human in the Bible;" Sunday school at 9:30; class at 12; junior league at 3 p. m.; league at 6:30. Woman's Bible meeting Tuesday at 3. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. The "Gospel team" from Boston Theological school will hold a service in the church Monday evening, Feb. 10, at 7:30. They are making a tour of various colleges in the west, doing evangelistic work among the students, and favor this city one evening.

Simpson M. E. church, located corner of Dawson and Harrison streets, Rev. J. A. Patterson, minister in charge—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Miss Edith Zook, superintendent; morning sermon by the pastor, 10:30, subject, "The Conflict of Forces, or the Battle for Life;" junior league, 2 o'clock, Miss Gertrude Zook, leader; vesper service, 6:30, subject, "The Pathway to Peace," leader, Mr. G. A. Higgs; evangelistic services, 7:30 p. m., sermon by pastor, subject, "Humanity's Greatest Need." Harry L. Miller, of Peru, has been singing with good effect during the past week and the special meetings are increasing in power from night to night. These meetings will continue one more week and Mr. Miller will continue to sing at each service. Among other good solos he will sing "The Bird With a Broken Pinion" Sunday evening.

St. Paul's M. E. church, Walton avenue—Revival services Sunday; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., C. B. Waterson, superintendent; revival sermon at 10:30 a. m.; consecration services at 3 p. m., conducted by Mrs. Hacker, of Huntington; singing by Mrs. Ellen Wheeler, of Huntington; revival sermon and services in evening at 7 o'clock; song services will be conducted by C. B. Waterson. B. Sawyer, pastor.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Rev. S. S. Hall will address a men's meeting at 3:00 p. m.; Men's Bible class at 4:00 p. m., in charge of Hiram A. Philley; regular monthly meeting of the committee of management on Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. J. W. Burns, secretary.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

Rev. H. Weber, a representative of the Watch Tower Bible and Tract society, will preach on "The Plan of the Ages" Sunday at 3:00 p. m. at 199 Lafayette street.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

West Jefferson Street Church of Christ, corner of Fairfield avenue. Edgar William Allen, pastor—10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., preaching; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school, Prof. J. A. Price, superintendent; 3:00 p. m., Junior C. E.; 6:30 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E., William Treffinger, leader; subject, "Pathway to Peace;" Monday night, King's Daughters meeting with Lotz Rich, 29 West Lewis street; Wednesday night, mid-week service; series of special meetings will begin in three weeks; the pastor will be assisted by Singing Evangelist S. L. Cook, of Geneva, O.

West Creighton Avenue Church of Christ, cor Minor street and West Creighton avenue, Rev. Z. A. Harris, pastor—Lord's day services: Bible school, 9:15 a. m., Supt. A. F. Bowman; communion service, 10:30 a. m.; preaching, 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Junior C. E., 3:00 p. m.

AFRICAN METHODIST.

African M. E. church, corner of Wayne and Francis streets, Rev. Alexander Smith, pastor—Morning service and sermon at 10:30; evening service at 7:45; Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

FREE METHODIST.

Free Methodist church, 268 East Creighton avenue—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 o'clock. P. S. Shoemaker, pastor.

GERMAN BAPTIST (DUNKARD).

German Baptist church, corner Green and Smith streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by Elder L. H. Eby; song service one-half hour before evening service.

CITY MISSION.

At 170 West Main street, L. Hostettler, superintendent—Services each night at 7:45 and on the Sabbath at 3 p. m.

Y. W. C. A.

J. W. Burns, secretary R. R. Y. M. C. A., will speak at the Young Woman's Christian association Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The meeting is for both young men and young women.

The social afternoon will meet at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Dawson, 287 West Wayne street, Tuesday, from 2 to 5 p. m.

The gymnasium exhibit was postponed on account of the cold and will take place Friday evening, Feb. 14.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist Church.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Public worship at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. N. Field; morning subject, "The Church—Her Message and Mission;" evening subject, "Joy Over Sinners Repenting." Baptisms at the evening service. Jr. B. Y. P. U. meeting at 2 p. m. Mr. Bowser's class at 3 p. m. Sr. B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m. South Wayne mission at 9 a. m. Hanna street mission at 3 p. m. Christian culture class Monday night at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7:30; subject, "Christ's Ability to Keep Those Who Trust in Him." Deacons' meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bethel Evangelical church, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., William Mertz, superintendent; German preaching at 10:30 a. m.; English preaching at 7:30 p. m.; morning subject, "Receive Not the Grace of God in Vain;" evening subject, "Hold Fast to Your Profession;" Young People's Alliance at 6:30 p. m.; subject, "The Pathway to Peace," Bertha Thorpe, leader; mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday and Thursday evenings, 7:30; the Ladies' Aid society will hold their business meeting Thursday evening after prayer meeting. J. H. Evans, pastor.

REFORMED.

Salem Reformed church, next to postoffice.—Sunday school at 9:30; morning services at 10:30; evening services at 7:30; the evening services will be in English; young people's meeting on Wednesday evening.

St. John's Reformed church, corner of Washington boulevard and Webster streets; John H. Bosch, pastor.—At 9 a. m., Sunday school; superintendent, John H. Bosch; vice superintendent, A. Grotholtmar; 10:15 a. m., morning services and preaching; 7 p. m., prayer meeting of the young people; 7:30 p. m., evening services and preaching. Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m., Lent services and preaching; text, John. 18:28-32; right after these services, discussion and explanation of Sunday school lesson.

Grace Reformed church, on Washington street, between Barr and Lafayette; Rev. A. K. Zartman, pastor.—Sabbath morning service at 10:30; subject, "The Song of the Lord Renewed." Evening service, 7:30. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Young people's meeting at 7 p. m. Gospel service on Wednesday evening. Monthly meeting of the Woman's Aid society next Thursday, at 8 p. m.; supper from 5:30 until 9 p. m.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Trinity English Lutheran church, corner of Wayne and Clinton streets, Rev. S. Wagenhals, D. D., pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Luther Keil, superintendent. Preaching services at 10:45 o'clock; Luther society at 7 o'clock; evening service at 7:30; teachers' meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock; Dorcas society Friday evening; cathechetical class Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Christ's Lutheran church, corner Jefferson and Webster streets; L. J. Motschman, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; W. H. Myers, superintendent. Divine worship, with sermon, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; morning theme, "Who is Your Christ?" evening theme, "Why Do So Many Men Not Go to Church?" Luther league at 6:45 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, corner Washington and Fulton streets; C. F. W. Meyer, minister.—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m., with holy communion; confession, Saturday, 7:45 p. m.; evening service, Sunday, 7:30 p. m.

EPISCOPALIAN.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner of Fulton and Berry streets, A. W. Seabrease, rector—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., S. D. Hanna, superintendent; morning services at 8 and 10:45 and in the evening at 7:30.

Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, meeting of the Men's Social club of Trinity parish. Tuesday, from 5 to 8 p. m., annual Shrove Tuesday supper of the Woman's Auxiliary Missionary society.

Following is the order of Lenten services for the week: Wednesday, 9 and 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Thursday, 5 p. m.; Friday, 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.; Saturday at 5 p. m.

sion society.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street, Rev. C. Gross, pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, corner Washington boulevard and Van Buren street, Rev. H. P. Dannecker, pastor—Services (German), 10:00 a. m.; services (German) for children, 2 p. m.; services (English), 7:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland streets, Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran Zion's church, Creighton avenue and Hanna street, Rev. H. Chr. Luehr, pastor—Services, 10:00 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace Lutheran church, corner Pontiac and Gay streets, Rev. A. C. Swinehart, pastor—Services, 10 a. m.; services for children, 2 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran Concordia congregation, southwest corner of Fletcher and Alliger streets—Sunday services: Preaching at 10 a. m. and Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. August Lange, pastor.

St. Paul's, on Barr street, Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Emmaus Lutheran, Broadway and Creighton avenue, Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, D. D., bishop; Rev. P. F. Roche, pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. P. J. O'Reilley and Rev. James Fitzpatrick, assistants.

Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:00 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

The following meetings are held every Sunday in rotation during the month, commencing at 4 o'clock: First Sunday, Married Men's sodality, Rev. J. H. Bathe, director, and Young Men's sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. Second Sunday, Rosary sodality. Third Sunday, Young Ladies' sodality. Fourth Sunday, Boys' sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director, and Young Girls' sodality. The Catholic Knights of America, branch 103, meets the first and third Sundays of each month, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. The Sacred Heart league has special devotions on the first Friday of each month at 7:30 p. m., Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director.

St. Patrick's, corner of DeWald and Harrison streets, Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Thomas Mungovan, assistant.—The services at the church are as follows: Mass at 7:45 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.; catechism at 2:15 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m. Masses at 6:30 and 8 a. m. during week days.

Following is a list of the various societies of the church and the time of meeting: Married Men's and Young Men's sodalities, first Sunday in the month; Rosary society, second Sunday; Young Ladies' sodality, third Sunday; also the first three Sundays of the month for the office of the Blessed Virgin; Boys' and Girls' sodalities, fourth Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; all other meetings at 4 o'clock, immediately after vespers; each society takes communion on Sunday of meeting; St. Vincent de Paul society meets the fourth Sunday of the month; Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association meets first and fourth Thursdays; St. Joseph Benevolent society meets third Sunday of the month. Sacred Heart devotions on the first Friday of the month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets, Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth—Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith streets, Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw streets, Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor.—Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain.—Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.; weekly services, 8 a. m.

Church of the Precious Blood, corner of Barthold and Fourth streets, Rev. Francis Nigsch, pastor—Morning mass at 7:45; high mass, with sermon, at 10 a. m., and vespers at 3 p. m.

A UNIQUE COLLECTION.

A press clipping bureau in New York has just completed a collection of newspaper clippings for Senator M. A. Hanna, covering everything printed in the editorial columns of the press of the United States and England relating to the death of William McKinley. No king or uncrowned ruler ever received so many tributes of love and esteem, not only from the press of his own country, but from all over the world. This remarkable collection covers 12,000 editorial comments on the death of the late president, and is mounted on heavy gray cardboard and bound in four volumes, in full morocco. A more appropriate and pleasing memorial of our martyred president could not well be devised.

It is estimated that there are nearly 250,000 voters in New York city who decline to become identified with either of the great parties, while there are even more who take no part in making nominations.

The Wail of the Back

WELL KNOWN IN FORT WAYNE

No wonder the back cries out for help. The back is to mankind what the mainspring is to a watch—take the tempering out and work is mighty uncertain. When the kidneys are sick they take the temper out of the back. Many a busy business man is forced to give up from the pains and aches of a bad back, and it's the same in every walk of life.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Cure Kidney Ills in all their varied forms. Backache, Headache, Weariness, Rheumatic Pains, Urinary Disorders, Diabetes, Bright's Disease. They are indorsed by people you know; by Fort Wayne citizens. Read this proof—

Mr. J. S. Tyler, of 115 Shawnee avenue, carpenter by trade, says:

I have great faith in Doan's Kidney Pills and can highly recommend them as a most worthy remedy. I was afflicted with kidney complaint for a number of years. It differed somewhat from the ordinary cases for when I was up and around my back did not ache, but as soon as I got in bed it started, and the only way I could get relief was gy getting up. Many a night I have spent sleeping in a chair. When I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, I had become so bad that I had to get up nearly every night and could get no rest except in a chair. The very first night after I started to use this remedy I slept as well as I ever did without feeling one touch of pain. I hardly believe that many people are affected with their kidneys just as I was, but whether they are or not they cannot make a mistake if they give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

All druggists, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Sore Throat

Omega Oil Inflammation is the cause of all troubles in Throat or Chest. Cure the inflammation, and you cure the throat and chest every time. Omega Oil is the safest and surest remedy for inflammation ever known. Rub the Oil on freely and bind some on flannel around the throat. 7x8

"77"

Prevents and Breaks Up

COLDS

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" is Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific for Grip and Colds, consisting of a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket, handy to carry.

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" cures Grip, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the head and chest, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" stops fresh Colds and breaks up Stubborn Colds that hang on and do not yield to ordinary treatment.

At all Druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's Book mailed free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., cor. William and John streets, New York.

...AFTER ALL...

There's no more acceptable present to give her than an Angora cat—what woman would not appreciate one of these magnificent, queenly animals!

ANGORAS

This is the pearl of household pets—beautiful, rare, gentle. I have just received an importation of the finest genuine Angoras ever brought to this country.

SINGING CANARIES

If you care to buy a canary at a department store that's your lookout—nobody to blame but yourself. If you want to buy a canary that will sing, that is healthy and hardy, you had better come to me. Why? Because I am the largest importer of genuine Harts Mountain birds.

TALKING PARROTS

A parrot that doesn't talk is an expensive, not to say useless, investment. If, by accident, I should sell a parrot that wouldn't talk I'd like the purchaser to bring it back and exchange it for one that will.

PUPPIES

Something wrong with the boy or girl who wouldn't be pleased with a pup for Christmas. I have good fox terriers, St. Bernards, Spaniels and other species. Prices to suit.

DOGS

Finely bred animals of all varieties—hunters, house dogs, companions.

ALL KINDS

of birds, fish and animals, all kinds of supplies. Illustrated catalogue mailed for the asking.

HOPE, 816 North 8th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE IDEA.

Mrs. Swelldom—I must confess, my weakness is dressing.
Country Cousin—My goodness, and yer hev a maid ter help yer dress, too.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

A NIGHT AT THE PLAY.

DAVIDSON STOCK COMPANY.

The Davidson Stock company will begin a five nights' engagement at the Temple theater Monday night, Feb. 10, and will give dime matinees daily commencing Tuesday afternoon. The repertoire for the engagement is as follows: Monday night, "Sheridan Keene, Detective;" Tuesday night, "O'Flynn in Mexico;" Wednesday night, "The Indian;" Thursday night, "True Hearts of Erin;" Friday night, "The Devil's Mine;" Tuesday matinee, "Hazel Kirke;" Wednesday matinee, "Sheridan Keene;" Thursday matinee, "She Couldn't Marry Three; Friday matinee, "Little Red Riding Hood." Popular prices will prevail during the entire engagement and ladies' tickets are to be had for the opening Monday night.

JAMES O'NEILL IN "MONTE CRISTO."

What will be, from many standpoints, the most interesting event of the theatrical season here is James O'Neill's appearance at the Temple next Saturday night in Liebler & Co.'s stupendous scenic production of "Monte Cristo." Unusual interest attaches itself to the engagement not only because Mr. O'Neill is generally regarded as the leading romantic actor of the English-speaking stage, but on account of the immensity of the production with which he is surrounded, and the notable company which is supporting him. Mr. O'Neill's "Monte Cristo" is one of the greatest creations of the stage, and it is as much a matter of education to witness his performance as it is a source of pleasure. It is not altogether unlikely that this will be his last season of "Monte Cristo." His managers have secured a new play for next season, written especially for Mr. O'Neill, and they hope that it will be as great a success in its way as "Monte Cristo." The present production of "Monte Cristo" is said to be one of the greatest spectacles ever seen on the American stage, and to be worthy to rank alongside the magnificent production made at the London Lyceum by Sir Henry Irving. The company, besides Mr. O'Neill himself, includes the great character actor, Frederic De Belleville, Warren Conlan, James O'Neill, jr., W. J. Nixon, Claude Gilbert, Edward Lelly, Edgar Forrest, Mark Ellsworth, Miss Selene Johnson, Kate Fletcher, Virginia Keating and Rebecca Hock. The supporting company numbers fifty.

"THE SECOND IN COMMAND."

Apropos of "The Second in Command," the new piece in which Charles Frohman is to introduce John Drew at the Masonic Temple theater on Wednesday, March 5, it is freely asserted that everything about the play is so genuine and real, even to the heart-breaking episode at the end of the third act in which Mr. Drew beautifully blends comedy and strong dramatic work, that nobody who sees the piece fails to enjoy the one and grow enthusiastic over the other.

THREE CARDINAL POINTS.

The three cardinal points of a theatrical company are plays, people and scenery, and the management of the Davidson Stock company has secured the best to be had in each instance. The company is composed of the best actors and actresses to be engaged and the performances given by them are as a natural result smooth, pleasing and enjoyable to their audiences, and highly creditable to the organization. The repertoire of plays this season includes some of the strongest dramas and brightest comedies of recent years. They have never before been played at popular prices and were secured by Manager Davidson for the use of his company this season by payment of a very high royalty. The following

VIOLA ALLEN,

As Dolores, "In the Palace of the King."

is the list of plays that the company will be seen in during their engagement in this city, commencing Monday night, Feb. 10, at the Temple theater: "Sheridan Keene, Detective," "The Devil's Mine," "Hazel Kirke," "True Hearts of Erin," "O'Flynn in Mexico;" Lewis Morrison's great play, "The Indian," and the very pretty fairy conceit, "Little Red Riding Hood," for the Friday matinee. Each of the above plays will be produced with the full strength of the company and with specialties and magnificent scenery and costumes.

"A RUNAWAY GIRL."

One of the many excellent features of the production of the musical comedy, "A Runaway Girl," which will be seen in a few days at the Temple, Feb. 21, in this city, is the magnificent carnival scene in the last act. The locality is supposed to be near the historical canal in Venice. Great scope is allowed in this scene and is taken full advantage of by the management. Some exceedingly handsome and picturesque costumes are worn by the participants and a very entertaining and decidedly interesting carnival of dance and music is introduced. Flower girls, gondoliers, brigands, peasants, soldiers and sabot girls, all dressed in appropriate costumes and a beautifully painted set of scenery serve to make a grand picture during the action of the principals in this strikingly original scene.

WILLIAM FRIEND COMING.

Will Friend and "YoungCorbett" are to be the star attraction at the Temple Feb. 20 in connection with that new and bright farce comedy, "A Stranger in a Strange Land." Corbett won his title of featherweight champion of the world by the decisive manner in which he defeated the terrible Terry McGovern, and he has added to the good favor in which he has been held by the modesty of his every day life. He gives a lively sparring exhibition in connection with the play. The farce is fresh from a long run at the Manhattan theater, New York. The ingenuity of its comic complications, the novelty of its theme, and the fresh and wholesome quality of humor in it, are said to combine to make this one of the most successful farces of recent years. In the cast are such well known names as William Friend, of this city, Chas. Drake, F. J. Donnelly, Harry Bond, E. H. Bender, Chas. N. Lum, E. V. Giroux, Cyril Young, L. R. Williams, Misses Amanda Wellington, Fannie C. Ferris, Elsie Williard and Vere Irving.

NOTES

One of the unique musical features of the merry "Chaperons" is the playing of the mandolin club of fourteen beautiful young ladies, gorgeously dressed in purple velvet troubador costumes. These young ladies both play and sing the serenade music that opens the second act oriental scene.

Miss Virginia Harned made her Washington debut last Monday evening at the National theater before a fine society audience that liked both her and "Alice of Old Vincinnes." There is said to be a surprising demand for this attraction, considering the comparative newness of the actress as a stellar aspirant.

Viola Allen made her first appearance in San Francisco last Monday evening with "In the Palace of the King," to an enormous audience. Miss Allen has been seen on the Pacific coast several times with the Frohman companies, but never as a star and her reputation in the east rather excited curiosity, with the result that the advance sales are the heaviest of any attraction playing out there this season.

Maude Adams has captured Boston with her new play, "Quality Street."

May Irwin told the other day of her first appearance on the road as a star. Her advance agent had reached a certain one-night town, and it occurred to Miss Irwin that as it was to be the opening night of her tour she would require all the assistance possible on the stage in order that the scenery should be properly handled. In her enthusiasm she wired as follows to her agent: "On our arrival in town be sure to arrange that all the stage hands, carpenters, cleaners and property men are on hand promptly." The reply came back signed by the agent, as follows: "He will be there."

Lillian Russell's feelings were somewhat jarred the other afternoon by seeing in a show window on Upper Broadway the portrait of herself taken in the days when she was "Billee Taylor." The unfortunate photograph showed her in tights and sweater, and as soon as Miss Russell could regain her calm she dispatched a young man to the store, who, with the assistance of her money, removed that picture from the admiring gaze of the public to Miss Russell's sanctum, where it now repeses in safety.

CONSCIENCE STAMPS.

The postoffice department has a "conscience fund" of its own. Not at all unusual is it for people to use a poorly canceled stamp and then to regret cheating the government out of two cents. In order to secure peace of mind the two-cent culprit will send a good stamp to the department with an anonymous explanation. This stamp is turned over to Evelyn Hall, of the files and mail division, who pastes it on a large card and draws a couple of pen marks across it. The effect would be just as good if the repentant canceled the stamp himself.—Washington letter New York Post.

MILLIONS PUT TO WORK.

The wonderful activity of the new century is shown by an enormous demand for the world's best workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. For Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, or any trouble of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys they're unriveled. Only 25c at Dreier & Bro.'s drug store.

Three thousand newspapers and 1,000 letters are received by King Edward every day.

MASONIC TEMPLE.....

Five Nights Commencing Monday Night, February 10th.
Dime Matinee Daily, commencing Tuesday
MR. A. E. DAVIDSON PRESENTS THE
Davidson Stock Company,
In a repertoire of high class royalty plays at popular prices.
10, 20 and 30 cents.
Monday night the powerful detective play, "Sheridan Keene, Detective."
Seat sale opens Saturday morning. Ladies' tickets good for opening Monday night.

TAXES ARE DISTRIBUTED

COMMISSIONERS MAKE THE APPORTIONMENT.

A Total of $118,252.52 to be Divided Among the City, Towns and Townships of County.

The semi-annual distribution of the taxes collected in November among the townships and towns was made yesterday by the county commissioners. The total amount distributed was $118,252.52, and it was divided as follows:

Wayne Township—Poor tax, $6,997.86; township tax, $13.90; road tax, $33.30; special road tax, $16.82; special school tax, $1,778.98; general tuition tax, $1,016.99.

Washington—Poor tax, $233.51; township tax, $311.18; road tax, $24.89; special road tax, $12.02; special school, $830.91; local tuition, $276.68; general tuition, $1,348.38.

Springfield—Poor tax, $104.04; township, $277.29; road, $16.44; special, $5.73; special school, $724.77; local tuition, $624.25; general tuition, $959.59.

St. Joseph—Poor tax, $.04; township, $232.43; road, $12.60; special road, $9.98; special school, $774.35; local tuition, $310.28; general tuition, $1,021.45.

Perry—Poor tax, $163.78; township, $532.27; road, $14.53; special road, $8.52; local tuition, $902.24; general tuition, $686.44.

Madison—Poor fund, $50.29; township, $201.18; road, $24.67; special road, $7.61; special school, $754.42; local tuition, $503.60; general tuition, $850.03.

Monroe—Poor tax, $86.82; township, $217.59; road, $15.90; special road, $3.15; special school, $1,534.99; local tuition, $176.40; general tuition, $715.72.

Marion—Poor tax, $33.20; township, $398.21; road, $6.22; special road, $4.10; special school, $365.43; local tuition, $332.09; general tuition, $816.45.

Maumee—Poor tax, $145.38; township, $363.51; road, $19.20; special road, $8.97; special school, $430.62; local tuition, $197.94; general tuition, $561.97.

Milan—Poor fund, $72.84; township, $437; road, $3.62; special road, $2.48; special school, $728.35; local tuition, $388.58; general tuition, $1,050.56.

Lake—Poor tax, $145.03; township, $483.46; road, $23.27; special road, $10.99; special school, $241.72; local tuition, $484.16; general tuition, $521.75.

Jefferson—Poor tax, $126.51; township, $632.71; road, $11.16; special road, $6.44; special school, $1,264.33; local tuition, $253.34; general tuition, $904.81.

Eel River—Poor tax, $64.47; township, $357.89; road, $11.64; special road, $5.63; special school, $496.45; local tuition, $319.23; general tuition, $781.10.

Cedar Creek—Poor tax, $96.91; township, $387.33; road, $5.03; special road, $8.04; special school, $645.68; local tuition, $223.46; general tuition, $964.89.

Adams—Poor tax, $220.64; township, $550.85; road tax, $15.35; special road, $733; special school, $948.61; general tuition, $1,249.41.

Aboit—Poor tax, $127.11; township, $213.12; road, $26.24; special road, $16.20; special school, $211.84; local tuition, $424.73; general tuition, $567.27.

Pleasant—Poor tax, $118.73; township, $338.51; road tax, $10; special road, $4.81; special school, $318.03; local tuition, $160.99; general tuition, $869.47.

Scipio—Poor tax, $11.68; township, $633.45; road, $1.63; special road, $1.15; special school, $58.35; local tuition, $58.40; general tuition, $291.59.

Lafayette—Poor tax, $62.79; township, $314; road, $3.48; special road, $1.50; special school, $151.04; local tuition, $314.10; general tuition, $828.82.

Jackson—Poor tax, $101.31; township, $506.55; road tax, $24.90; special road, $9.34; special school, $633.18; local tuition, $253.87; general tuition, $735.16.

Town of Monroeville—Special school tax, $306.44; local tuition, $212.29; general tuition, $404.70.

Town of New Haven—Special school, $122.06; local tuition, $78.03; general tuition, $498.35.

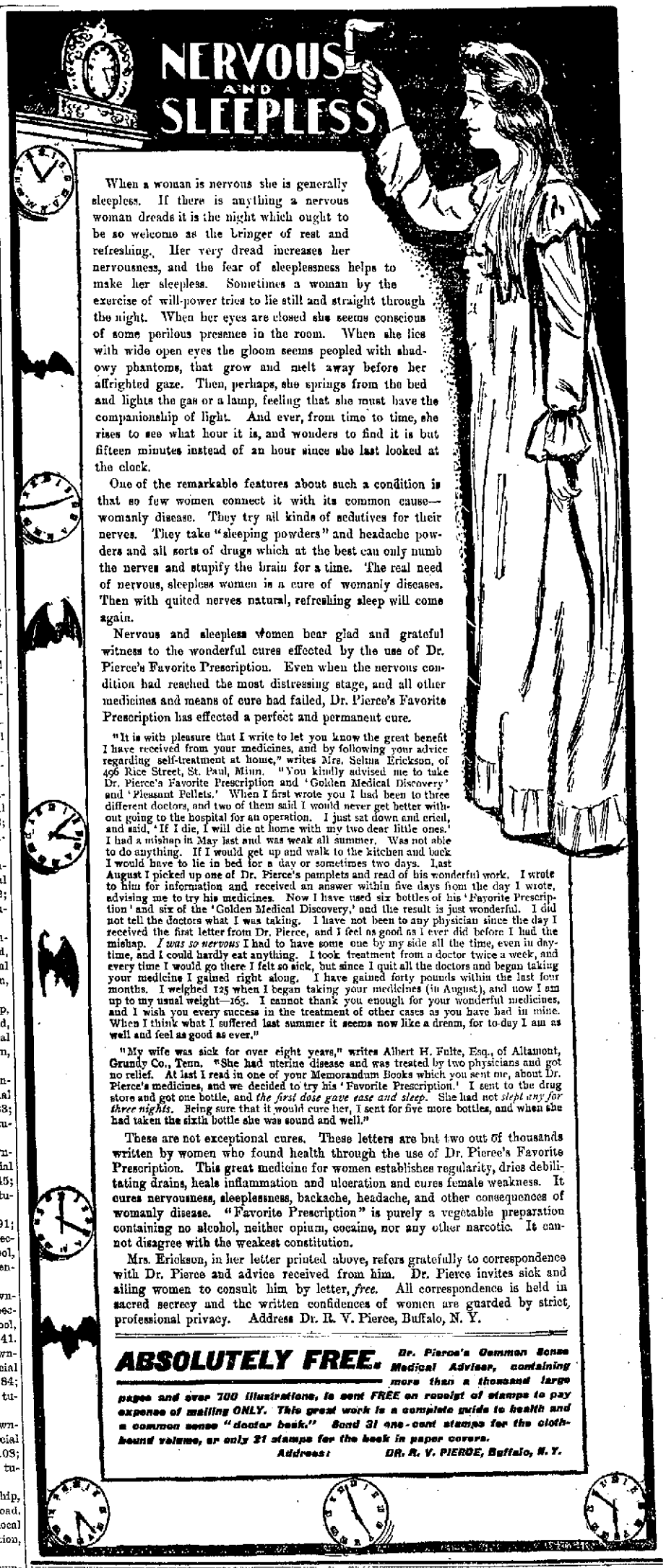
Town of Shirley City—Special school, $67.04; general tuition, $153.75; local tuition, $56.02.

City of Fort Wayne—Special school, $20,552.84; local tuition, $12,494.56; general tuition, $24,804.46; city library, $3,645.63; compulsory education, $1,822.82.

Following are the total distributions in each fund:

Poor fund	$ 8,962 95
Township fund	6,902 43
Road tax	303 94
Special road tax	150 87
Special school tax	38,896 53
Local tuition	19,035 24
General tuition	43,512.11
City library	3,645 63
Compulsory education	1,822 82
Grand total	$118,252 52

London is still obliged to import polyglot clerks for her mercantile houses, as the English too seldom take the trouble to learn foreign languages.



When a woman is nervous she is generally sleepless. If there is anything a nervous woman dreads it is the night which ought to be so welcome as the bringer of rest and refreshing. Her very dread increases her nervousness, and the fear of sleeplessness helps to make her sleepless. Sometimes a woman by the exercise of will-power tries to lie still and straight through the night. When her eyes are closed she seems conscious of some perilous presence in the room. When she lies with wide open eyes the gloom seems peopled with shadowy phantoms, that grow and melt away before her affrighted gaze. Then, perhaps, she springs from the bed and lights the gas or a lamp, feeling that she must have the companionship of light. And ever, from time to time, she rises to see what hour it is, and wonders to find it is but fifteen minutes instead of an hour since she last looked at the clock.

One of the remarkable features about such a condition is that so few women connect it with its common cause—womanly disease. They try all kinds of sedatives for their nerves. They take "sleeping powders" and headache powders and all sorts of drugs which at the best can only numb the nerves and stupify the brain for a time. The real need of nervous, sleepless women is a cure of womanly diseases. Then with quited nerves natural, refreshing sleep will come again.

Nervous and sleepless women bear glad and grateful witness to the wonderful cures effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Even when the nervous condition had reached the most distressing stage, and all other medicines and means of cure had failed, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has effected a perfect and permanent cure.

"It is with pleasure that I write to let you know the great benefit I have received from your medicines, and by following your advice regarding self-treatment at home," writes Mrs. Selma Erickson, of 496 Rice Street, St. Paul, Minn. "You kindly advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' When I first wrote you I had been to three different doctors, and two of them said I would never get better without going to the hospital for an operation. I just sat down and cried, and said, 'If I die, I will die at home with my two dear little ones.' I had a mishap in May last and was weak all summer. Was not able to do anything. If I would get up and walk to the kitchen and back I would have to lie in bed for a day or sometimes two days. Last August I picked up one of Dr. Pierce's pamplets and read of his wonderful work. I wrote to him for information and received an answer within five days from the day I wrote, advising me to try his medicines. Now I have used six bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and six of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and the result is just wonderful. I did not tell the doctors what I was taking. I have not been to any physician since the day I received the first letter from Dr. Pierce, and I feel as good as I ever did before I had the mishap. *I was so nervous* I had to have some one by my side all the time, even in daytime, and I could hardly eat anything. I took treatment from a doctor twice a week, and every time I would go there I felt so sick, but since I quit all the doctors and began taking your medicine I gained right along. I have gained forty pounds within the last four months. I weighed 125 when I began taking your medicines (in August), and now I am up to my usual weight—165. I cannot thank you enough for your wonderful medicines, and I wish you every success in the treatment of other cases as you have had in mine. When I think what I suffered last summer it seems now like a dream, for to-day I am as well and feel as good as ever."

"My wife was sick for over eight years," writes Albert H. Fulte, Esq., of Altamont, Grundy Co., Tenn. "She had uterine disease and was treated by two physicians and got no relief. At last I read in one of your Memorandum Books which you sent me, about Dr. Pierce's medicines, and we decided to try his 'Favorite Prescription.' I sent to the drug store and got one bottle, and *the first dose gave ease and sleep.* She had not *slept any for three nights.* Being sure that it would cure her, I sent for five more bottles, and when she had taken the sixth bottle she was sound and well."

These are not exceptional cures. These letters are but two out of thousands written by women who found health through the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This great medicine for women establishes regularity, dries debilitating drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It cures nervousness, sleeplessness, backache, headache, and other consequences of womanly disease. "Favorite Prescription" is purely a vegetable preparation containing no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic. It cannot disagree with the weakest constitution.

Mrs. Erickson, in her letter printed above, refers gratefully to correspondence with Dr. Pierce and advice received from him. Dr. Pierce invites sick and ailing women to consult him by letter, *free.* All correspondence is held in sacred secrecy and the written confidences of women are guarded by strict, professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY FREE. *Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing more than a thousand large pages and over 700 illustrations, is sent FREE on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY. This great work is a complete guide to health and a common sense "doctor book." Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.*

Address: DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did, and thanks be to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it." Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

The paper currency of Spain now stands at 43 per cent. loss on the gold standard.

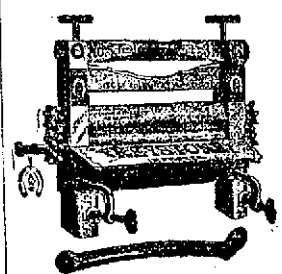
Dyspepsia is permanently cured by Dr Kay's Renovator Guaranteed to be a specific also for constipation, liver and kidneys. At druggists. Write for positive proof. Free medical advice, sample book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

FUNSTON BABY'S NAME.

The name selected for the Funston baby is Arthur MacArthur Funston. The Iola Register says Mrs. Funston stood out for the name Frederick, but that she was overruled by the general, who wanted his boy named for the great Philippine soldier. General MacArthur was a loyal friend to Funston. He trusted the Kansas man fully, and gave him great praise for his numerous achievements. Indeed, it was the whole-souled recommendation of General MacArthur which led President McKinley into giving Funston a position in the regular establishment.—Kansas City Journal.

There are 3,546 millionaires in the United States.

You Can Buy a Reliable



Clothes Wringer...

FOR TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF THAT IS WARRANTED FOR THREE YEARS. WE HAVE SOME CHEAPER IF YOU WANT THEM. BUY A CLOTHES WRINGER OF

C. C. Schlatter & Co.

HARDWARE and CUTLERY.
38 and 40 E. Columbia Street.

GOOD WEATHER PROPHET

A New Jersey Girl Who is a Capable Meteorologist—How She Began It.

Weather making in the great state of New Jersey, by rights the function of gods and goddesses rather than of mere mortals, is now, strangely enough, in the fair, but strong, firm hands of a woman. A woman—a girl—it is now who whistles up the sea winds that sweep the coast from Sandy Hook to Cape May. A girl it is who marshals the unruly and undisciplined forces of the mighty storm king, swirling in from the north and west, and gives for a guerdon soft gulf stream zephyrs.

For seven weeks Miss Laura M. Dey has thus been in league with Aeolus as the official rain and sunshine maker of the Mosquito state. The fact that she is dealing out weather at wholesale for the guidance of the big commonwealth is a matter of accident rather than design. Miss Dey has long been the assistant of Mr. E. W. McCann, section director of the weather service under Mr. Willis E. Moore, at Washington.

Seven weeks ago Mr. McCann fell ill with pneumonia and it was a serious question who should take charge of the central station at New Brunswick. Nobody was available from headquarters at Washington, and the duties of the office naturally fell upon Miss Dey.

"Why, what else could I do?" said Miss Dey. "There was Mr. McCann ill and the whole station in danger of not having any weather for dear only knows how long. So I just took hold and am doing the best that I can, and a goddess cannot do more than that, can she?"

Nor could a goddess do more than the slip of a girl is doing up there in her eyrie, which towers above the campus of Rutgers college at New Brunswick. And, what is more, gods and goddesses, even those omniscent deities of Greek mythology, never knew a tenth as much about the wind and weather as this matter-of-fact Jersey girl.

From 10 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon the weather prophetess sits in her eyrie, surrounded by multitudious instruments with long Greek and Latin names. Unlike the average woman, Miss Dey does not rely at all upon her intuitions for weather signs. Despite the grumbling and misgivings of the old-fashioned New Jersey farmers, who don't like the idea of a woman running the weather for them, Miss Dey makes all her calculations in a thoroughly scientific manner.

There is no guess work about it. She handles anemometers, thermographs, rain gauges, barometers, maximum and minimum thermometers with dexterity which comes of long usage. She plots her own isotherms with precision that would give an ordinary woman nervous headache. Moreover, Miss Dey is a comely young woman. She is tall and slender, with dark eyes and a broad, high forehead bespeaking keen intellect.

Since her assumption of the duties of her sibyline office, Miss Dey has been quite the most conspicuous and most talked about young woman in New Jersey. She has likewise been tormented to death with letters and cranks of all descriptions. Requests for signed articles for magizines and newspapers have poured in to her, with two offers from museum managers.

The consensus of opinion among Jerseyites is that a woman is out of her sphere when she begins to monkey with the weather.

"Weather is variable enough," they growl, "without a woman getting mixed up in it."

"Woman and weather," snarl the farmers, dubiously casting their eyes to the sky; "woman and weather! What does a woman know about weather, anyway?"

"Woman and weather! Woman and weather!" sigh the beaux, all the way from Deckertown to Cape May. "Woman and weather! They're wemated, that's sure enough."

"A fine combination of inconstancy," say the facetious. "You can't place any more dependence in one than in the other, and mighty little in either."

And so it goes, the merry jesting and gibes over the serious little weather sharp working away for dear life in her eyrie, and doing the best she can to give everybody just the kind of weather he wants.

It is no easy task to serve New Jersey in this capacity, and it is not to be wondered at, therefore, that the weather prophetess should be without honor in her own country. No state in the union has a more variable climate. No state in the union demands a greater variety of weathers or offers such obstacles to their attainment. Especially is this true in winter.

For instance, there is a hard, crusty, old-fashioned New Jersey farmer. He raises sweet potatoes, and weather is everything to him. He pins his faith to the weather forecasts which are sent out daily from the New Brunswick observation tower and posted in the village store or postoffice. Now, it doesn't matter so much, the farmer says, but when spring comes and planting time arrives he must have exact data as to the rain. Will a woman continue in charge of the central bureau, and can he depend upon her forecasts? Such questions agitate him exceedingly.

"I see the finish of the sweet potato crop," a Hackensack farmer is quoted as saying last week. "I see the finish of the sweet potato crop, for 1902, with a mere woman running the weather down there in Brunswick. Even men make mistakes about the weather sometimes, and they're natural-born weather prophets, and women ain't. Look at the mistake she made day before yesterday. All turned out wrong; predicted rain, and it snowed."

Then, there are the peanut growers and the market gardners and the general farmers, all more or less dubious, and all apparently under the delusion that Miss Dey is merely amusing herself at their expense.

Another class of patrons equally hard to convince are the beaux and belles, especially those of the country districts. John Honeysweet, who lives at Stelton is courting a girl who lives in New Brunswick. It is just a nice drive from place to place, and John has two traps. It is John's custom to take his sweetheart driving, but she will not go out with him when he comes in his top buggy, because, she says, top buggies have gone out of fashion.

John, while an ardent admirer of the sex, has little faith in their powers of prophecy. So the eventful evening comes.

Miss Dey has predicted, perhaps, clear, cold winds from the north, with steady lowering of temperature. John starts off in his new vehicle, with its shiny red wheels, rubber-tired and seat just wide enough for two to squeeze into comfortably. John is the happiest man in Middlesex county as he rolls noiselessly along the smooth country road. He pictures the splurge he and she will be making shortly through the streets of New Brunswick, the envy of all beholders.

Suddenly John feels a sprinkle. At first he tries not to believe it. Maybe it's only the dew. But, no; that's a pretty heavy dew, reasons John, as the drops grow larger and more frequent, and before he can pronounce a blessing upon the head of the false prophetess the rain is falling steadily, steadily, a regular old-fashioned New Jersey rain, likely to last all night or possibly turn to snow before John has ended his evening call.

Such is being the experience of Johns and Williams and Henrys all over the state, each and all forgetting that Miss Dey's predecessors have sometimes uttered false prophecies and every one of them ignorant of the fact that, after all, Miss Dey doesn't really make the forecasts at all, but that they are forewarded to her from Washington, based upon the reports which she sends to that office.—New York Letter.

PREPARING GAUDY CARRIAGES.

The coronation pageant in London will bring out such a display of gold and coloring in the way of state carriages as has never been seen by the present generation. Several state carriages are now being prepared for the king at the carriage works in Chandos street, and a large amount of gilding, royal and noble arms and mottoes, rows of bullion, bright scarlet cloth and rich blue velvet and fabrics of varied and beautiful shades are being applied.

The superb carving on the king's state landau, which has just been renovated, is thoroughly English. Two semi-state landaus are being prepared for King Edward and two dress carriages for the prince of Wales. The panels of the prince of Wales' coronation carriages are a study in themselves. On the center panel are the royal arms with supporters with the Garter, the motto of this order, and the pendant or jewel, as well as the prince's own motto, "Ich Dien." On the left panel is the familiar device of the "Prince of Wales' feathers," and on the right the addition commanded by his majesty in council, namely, the badge of Wales.

PLANT THAT EATS INSECTS.

A plant that catches and devours insects of various species, chiefly flies, grows abundantly in the state of Maryland. It is commonly known in that region as the "butcher plant," though science calls it dionea muscipula, and its business is the catching of insects—chiefly flies. At this it is so clever that an unwary fly that ventures to alight upon it has practically no chance to escape immediate death.

The leaves of this vegetable curiosity, which creeps along the ground in boggy places, are so modified as to take the form of jaws, armed with sawlike teeth. Under ordinary conditions the jaws are held wide open and the whole plant is a veritable bench of traps, waiting for prey. The traps are baited, too, each one of them having on its inside a sweetish substance which is attractive to flies and other such creatures.

When a fly comes along it is obliged, in order to get at the sweetish stuff, to enter between the jaws of one of the leaves. Each jaw has three almost microscopic hairs, so arranged that a visitor cannot help coming in contact with them—a contact which notifies the intelligent plant that a victim is at hand. Instantly—the hairs acting as feelers—the jaws snap together, imprisoning the unfortunate insect, which is held fast until digested and absorbed by the vegetable ogre.

BASQUE BALL GAME.

The game of basque ball now being played four days of each week at Central park seems billed to become a fad in this country, says the San Francisco Call. The game was recently imported from Mexico, it having had its birth in France about fifteen years ago. The Spaniards then took it up, and experts went to South America, where it met with great favor. It has now been introduced into the United States in the belief that it will become popular on account of the unusual skill required by the players.

Lovers of hand ball will appreciate this basque ball for the reason that the games are quite similar. An inclosure similar to that of the hand ball court, only much larger, is provided. The wall against which the ball is thrown by the players is fifty feet high and is called the "frontl." About 200 feet away is another wall of a lesser height, which is called the "rebote," and against which the ball rebounds. Connecting the walls is another of equal height, thus forming a court forty feet wide, which is paved with artificial stone. This court is called the "cancha."

The players are disposed according to the requirements of the game within the cancha, each holding "la chistera," an apparatus formed of twigs in the shape of a horn of plenty, open on one side. The ball is caught with cleverness by the players in the chistera, and with one sweep of the arm sent forth again with lightning-like speed. The ball must be caught on the fly as it rebounds from the frontis, or on the first rebound. Should a player fail in accomplishing this his opponent scores.

FOR SAKE OF SCIENCE.

When one's friend is a scientist and given to experiments, a little caution may not be out of place before consenting to do him a favor. That, however, did not occur to a certain well known public man whose experience is related in an Australian paper. He went to the laboratory of an old schoolmate, a Melbourne professor of chemistry, to make a friendly call. The professor was studying a dark brown substance spread out on a sheet of paper.

"I say," he cried, when greetings had been exchanged, "would you kindly let me place a bit of this on your tongue? My taste has become vitiated by trying all sorts of things."

"Certainly," responded the accommodating friend, and he promptly opened his mouth.

The professor took up some of the substance under analysis and put it on his friend's tongue. The man worked it around in his mouth for fully a minute, tasting it much as he might have tasted a choice confection.

"Note any effect?" asked the professor.

"No, none."

"It doesn't paralyze or prick your tongue?"

"Not that I can detect."

"I thought not. There are no alkaloids in it, then. How does it taste?"

"Bitter as gall."

"Hem-m-m! All right."

By this time the visitor's curiosity was aroused. "But what is it, anyhow?" he inquired.

"I don't know. That's what I'm trying to find out. Some one has been poisoning horses with it."

THREE MILLION LIVE AT SEA.

It is said that no less than 3,000,000 persons live habitually on the high seas—that is, on the decks of ocean-going ships. Last year more than one-sixth of this great number of men, or 550,000 persons, came into the single port of New York, and several philanthropic people are actively endeavoring to improve the condition of the sailor when he goes ashore and meets all the temptations which await him on the sea borders of our great cities. It is a benevolent work which should make strong appeal to the generous instincts of Americans.—Washington Star.

LI HUNG CHANG'S WAY.

The late Li Hung Chang was very apt to revile in the lowest billingsgate if any one offended him. Once a district magistrate incurred his displeasure, whereupon Li cursed him in a loud voice, even going so far as to damn his ancestors. But the district magistrate, nothing daunted, spoke up sharply: "I am an officer of the emperor, even though my rank is low. You may kill me, but you must not curse me. Besides, the emperor orders you to promote your good officials and degrade your bad ones. He did not order you to curse them. If you curse me, cannot I play at the same game, too?" The rejoinder so astonished Li that he ceased reviling and escorted the man to the gate, saying, "Great district magistrate!" The next day he ordered the provincial treasurer to give the man a first class appointment, saying that a man of such courage would surely make a good official.—Shanghai Mercury.

THREE NEW FARM HANDS.

In an address to the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, John Stahl, secretary of the Farmers' National congress, told some striking things about "three new farm hands" that have recently made their appearance to facilitate the work of the agriculturist and to make farm life much less lonely than in the old days. The three new hands are the telephone, the rural free mail delivery and the country trolley. Some of the points made are well worth repeating:

The farm telephone, Mr. Stahl said, has gone a long ways toward taking away the isolation and loneliness of country life. Northern Illinois is becoming covered with them. In some instances the farmers maintain their own systems and in others the toll lines running through the country are connected with farm houses along the line and the farmers are allowed the free use of them for $1.50 a month. It is a great convenience for a farmer to sit in his own house and talk to a friend miles away just as if he were within arm's reach. It saves him miles of travel. He can secure help, engage his threshing machine and corn sheller, and do all sorts of things by telephone. When a tramp or a peddler or an agent appears in a neighborhood the news is sent on ahead of him by telephone and preparations are made for his reception. The rates in Chicago, Mr. Stahl said, were so high, $90 a year, that he could not afford a telephone, but the tenants on his farms could. He said he was out on his farm at one time and a casting on a machine was broken. The tenant telephoned into Chicago to the factory and the rural free delivery carrier the next morning brought the casting from the city and scarcely any time was lost.

Mr. Stahl also gave an array of statistics concerning the good which rural free delivery has done the farmer and also made some predictions concerning the extension of trolley lines through the country, advising the farmers to give them a right of way along one side of the public highway.

DIE IN NIGHTMARES.

One of the latest beliefs of the medical profession is that many people die each year, while asleep, from heart disease that is brought on by nightmares or bad dreams. A specialist on the heart said recently that in his opinion in nine cases out of ten of deaths in bed heart action was stopped by fear which injurious dreams brought on.

"I have taken part in thousands of autopsies," said this expert, "and in many cases made a study of the habits of those who died. I found that the majority had been sufferers from nightmares or other nocturnal disturbances of dreamland and that frequently they woke up in the middle of the night completely exhausted and gravely alarmed through some particularly vivid dream. If people are frightened to death while awake, when they have their full senses and hope for relief, why is it not doubly likely that they die from fright while asleep, when their courage is dwarfed by faculties temporarily affected?—New York Mail and Express.

WOMEN IN PUBLIC SERVICE.

Germany seems to place a value on the services of women different from that which holds in France. In the latter country orders have been issued to cut down the number of women employes in public service, especially in the postal service, as rapidly as possible, the reasons given being general incompetency, continual absence on account of illness and similar things. In Germany, on the contrary, the authorities of the state railways have announced that henceforth as many women as possible will be employed in the service, and that women in the future will be eligible to posts at the telegraph and ticket offices, in the telephone offices and as clerks in the counting offices and freight department. Prussia has for some years favored the employment of women, and this order will bring about like conditions throughout the whole empire.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Phenomenally mild winter is being experienced in Russia. At Kiev the trees are budding, the River Dnieper is clear of ice, while at Warsaw violets are flowering.

A LEGACY OF THE GRIP

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by Dreier & Bro.

Thomas A. Edison has taken out nearly eight hundred patents on his various inventions.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attack of la grippe. It heals the lungs. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

Constipation Always cured by Dr. Kay's Renovator. Guaranteed to be a specific also for constipation, liver and kidneys. At druggists. Write for positive proof. Free sample, medical advice and book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

Five presidents of the United States have been of Scotch-Irish descent.

A CORNER IN PINEAPPLES

SOUTH BEND FRUIT FIRM HAS CONTROL OF CROP.

Will Dictate Prices to the Country—Remarkable Rise of Two Boys in Business.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—A corner in pineapples is claimed by the Mills Brothers, the South Bend firm which operated a peanut corner last year with such success that the juvenile patrons of the country circus were caused considerable trepidation. It is said that the pineapple deal involves $5,000,000.

Practically the entire crop of Cuban pineapples for the year 1902 has been secured by the South Bend firm. The holdings thus acquired are regarded as assuring to the firm a controlling power in the pineapple market for the entire United States.

Every mouthful of the fruit enjoyed by the American citizen from New York to San Francisco will first have passed through the hands of the energetic young business men of the hoosier town.

EXPECT MUCH OF FIRM.

For these same young men, who were peddlers of peanuts at street corner stands in South Bend a few years ago, it was claimed yesterday afternoon among South Water street the produce business should appear in the person of one of the Mills brothers.

ARE NOW "PINEAPPLE KINGS."

Charles and Edward Mills are the men who in adding to their laurels of the peanut "corner" have now gained for themselves the title of "the pineapple kings." For years they have controlled the fruit-distributing business of Indiana and southern Michigan. Edward has been the firm's buyer. He is well known in this city, having made his headquarters when here in the office of the Garibaldi & Cuneo company, South Water and State streets.

The rise of the Mills brothers has been remarkable. About eighteen years ago they arrived in South Bend from the country districts. Their joint capital was $319. This they invested in a small stand for peanut-vending at a street corner.

They prospered phenomenally. Soon they took up the wholesale business and for the first time merchants that further achievements are to be expected from them in the near future.

In this connection it is rumored that the firm has secured control of the Cuban tobacco industry and has started a rival to the so-called orange trust in California, but the truth of these reports has not been established.

Surprise at the latest achievement of the Mills Brothers was expressed in nearly every commission house in South Water street. It was asserted that if so perishable a commodity as pineapples is cornered by the hoosier firm it has done something never accomplished and but rarely attempted before.

Everywhere in the street the opinion was expressed that the cornering of the tobacco and the orange markets were tasks so herculean as to be wholly beyond the power of any firm, unless a J. Pierpont Morgan of brought bananas into the Indiana town in car-load lots, reducing the prevailing price from 10 cents apiece to 10 cents a dozen. Their business grew to such an extent that they were compelled to cast off their swaddling clothes and a massive modern fruit-storage building gave evidence of their prosperity.

BUSINESS CONTINUES TO GROW.

Within a few years these quarters were outgrown and they erected another and larger building in close proximity to the railroads and which is acknowledged to be the finest of its kind in the country.

Branch stores have been opened in different parts of the surrounding country for 250 miles. One branch is also maintained in Chicago, where the firm will henceforth make its headquarters.

In the absence of Edward Mills the clerk in charge of the Chicago branch office refused to talk of the pineapple corner, further than to say:

"Yes, it is a fact that we control the entire output of Cuban pineapples this year, and through the advantage so obtained our expectation is to be in a position to determine the rate of prices all the country over. No information as to any deals by the firm in tobacco or oranges is at this time in my possession."

THE TERRORS OF DYSPEPSIA.

Nothing Easier to Dispose of, Once the Secret is Out.

The terrors of dyspepsia—it's unnecessary to describe them. Nine men out of ten are intimately acquainted with them, and are only too thankful when they don't have to think of them all the time. Someone has described dyspepsia as a disease that dogs its victim through life with fiendish malignity, playing with him as a cat does a mouse, but never making an end of him. It tortures without killing him. But not always—it won't do to be sure of even that much. Those who have strong constitutions can bear up for a time under the wearing tortures of nervous dyspepsia, but dyspepsia gradually brings on catarrh. Catarrh brings on consumption, and consumption is merely another term for that grim destroyer—death. It doesn't pay to trifle with dyspepsia—it don't pay to deceive yourself with a false feeling of security. Peptorene, the Health Tablet, is for ailing stomachs. It cures dyspepsia and brings tonic relief to the poor, jaded nerves of the stomach, gives new life to the dormant tissues of the liver, and relieves the bowels of their congested load of poison. It acts as a combined tonic and a natural aid to digestion. If you want a medicine that will give quick relief to even an advanced case of dyspepsia, call at once for a box of Peptorene Tablets.

Manufactured by the Battle Creek Health Tablet Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich. 25c per box. Write for free trial treatment. For sale by Pellens & Polster, Meyer Bros. & Co., Wm. L. Waltemath and A. C. Gocke.

The ancient Mexicans had a species of whistle which produced at least three tones. It had two finger holes and a mouthpiece on the side.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm cures every kind of cough, la grippe, bronchitis, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, etc. Never deranges the stomach. At Druggists, 10 & 25c.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.

WHO ARE SUFFERING from any cause and cannot get well, consult the eminent specialist, DR. CHARLES ALBERT ZIMMERMAN. There's probably no physician or specialist in Fort Wayne or elsewhere who is curing more chronic, obstinate lingering diseases and cancers than he is.

IN A PRACTICE OF 37 YEARS, he has to his credit 3,055 cured cancers; 127 cured cancers last year.

OBSTINATE DISEASES, even in their most aggravated forms of the head, throat and lungs, female diseases, dropsy, heart, stomach, kidneys, bladder, nerves, muscles, bones, paralysis, rheumatism, all bad blood and skin diseases, structure, varicocele and all diseases of the sexual organs of man or woman quickly cured by new method. No failures, a perfect cure in every case. Read what grateful patients say of his skill and success.

A NEW TESTIMONIAL EVERY WEEK.

Jacob Natt, of Linn Grove, Ind., cured of blindness of two years standing, caused by paralysis of the optic nerves. Dr. Zimmerman restored his normal sight. Ten electric treatments done the work.

Mme. Zimmerman, M. E. M. B. C.

DERMATOLOGIST AND BEAUTY SPECIALIST. Superfluous hair, moles, warts, pimples, black heads, scars and all facial blemishes permanently removed with the electric needle without scarring.

ZIMMERMAN BEAUTY COLLEGE,

38 West Wayne Street.

Write for Electro Medical Gleaner. It will explain why we cure where others fail. Sample copy free. Address Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne Street.

A HOME CURE.

Thousands of women who are living quietly, amid the luxuries of home have hidden suffering. They start at every little jar or noise. They become irritated at the slightest cause. They suffer periodical pains but have little understanding of what causes them. If they went to a doctor for an examination they would be shocked to hear they had "female troubles"—a prospect which strikes terror to a woman's heart. Female troubles come on gradually, but plain warnings tell of their approach.

Are you nervous?
Do little things annoy you?
Do you start at every sound?
Are you discouraged and miserable on certain days, then elated again the next?
Are your menses painful or irregular?

WINE OF CARDUI

If your answer is "yes" to any of these questions you should not be deceived. You are suffering with female troubles and should begin the Wine of Cardui treatment at once. It will cure you as it has cured 1,000,000 other women. It cures in the privacy of the home. No private examinations. No operations. Could relief be easier? Try Wine of Cardui.

Boxelder, Texas, December 3, 1900.

I received a copy of the Home Treatment of Female Diseases and my wife and I read it all through. My wife was very unhealthy. She has been using Wine of Cardui thirteen months. It gave her good health and we are all more than thankful for your book and advice. It did her more good than any other medicine in the world. May you prosper! I shall ever use your medicine in my family. F. P. RHID.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

A DISCOURSE ON THE PSALMS OF DAVID—CAUSES FOR THANKSGIVING THAT ARE OFTEN UNRECOGNIZED.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 2.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls attention to causes of thanksgiving that are seldom recognized, and shows how to cultivate a cheerful spirit. Text, Psalms 33, 11: "Sing unto Him with a psaltery and an instrument of 10 strings.

A musician, as well as poet and conqueror and king, was David, the author of my text. He first composed the sacred rhythm, and then played it upon a harp, striking and plucking the strings with his fingers and thumbs. The harp is the oldest of musical instruments. Jubal invented it, and he was the seventh descendant from Adam. Its music was suggested by the twang of the bow string. Homer refers to the harp in the Iliad. It is the most consecrated of all instruments. The flute is more mellow, the bugle more martial, the cornet more incisive, the trumpet more resonant, the organ more mighty, but the harp has a tenderness and sweetness belonging to no other instrument that I know of. It enters into the richest symbolism of the Holy Scriptures. The captives in their sadness "hung their harps upon the willows." The raptures of heaven are represented under the figure of "harpers harping on their harps." We learn from coins and medals that in the Maccabean age the harp had only three strings. In other ages it had eight strings. Jerome speaks of the harp as having 24 strings. David's harp had 10 strings, and when his great soul was afire with the theme his sympathetic voice, accompanied by exquisite vibration of the chords, must have been overpowering.

With as many things to complain about as any man ever had, David wrote more anthems than any other man ever wrote. He puts even the frosts and hailstorms and tempests and creeping things and flying fowl and the mountains and the hills and day and night into a chorus. Absalom's plotting and Ahithophel's treachery, and hosts of antagonists, and sleepless nights, and a running sore could not hush his psalmody. Indeed, the more his troubles, the mightier his sacred poems. The words "praise" and "song" are so often repeated in his psalms that one would think the typesetter's case containing the letters with which those words are spelled would be exhausted.

TO PRAISE THE LORD.

In my text David calls upon the people to praise the Lord with an instrument of 10 strings like that which he was accustomed to finger. The simple fact is that the most of us, if we praise the Lord at all, play upon one string, or two strings, or three strings, when we ought to take a harp fully corded and with glad fingers sweep all the strings. Instead of being grateful for here and there a blessing we happen to think of, we ought to rehearse all our blessings so far as we can recall them, and obey the injunction of my text to sing unto Him with an instrument of 10 strings.

Have you ever thanked God for delightsome food? What vast multitudes are a-hungered from to day, or are obliged to take food not toothsome or pleasant to the taste. What millions are in struggle for bread. A confederate soldier went to the front, and his family were on the verge of starvation, but they were kept up by the faith of a child of that household, who, noticing that some supply was sure to come, exclaimed: "Mother, I think God hears when we scrape the bottom of the barrel."

Have you appreciated the fact that on most of your tables are luxuries that do not come to all? Have you realized what varieties of flavor often touch your tongue, and how the saccharine and the acid have been afforded your palate? What fruits, what nuts, what meats regale your appetite, while many would be glad to get the crusts and rinds and peelings that fall from your table. For the fine flavors and the luxurious viands you have enjoyed for a lifetime, perhaps you have never expressed to God a word of thanksgiving. That is one of the 10 strings that you ought to have thrummed in praise to God, but you have never yet put it in vibration.

Have you thanked God for eyesight as originally given to you, or, after it was dimmed by age, for the glass that brought the page of the book within the compass of the vision? Have you realized the privation those suffer to whom the day is as black as the night, and who never see the face of father or mother or wife or child or friend? Through what painful surgery many have gone to get one glimpse of the light. The eyes—so delicate and beautiful and useful—that one of them is invaluable! And most of us have two of these wonders of divine mechanism. The man of millions of dollars who recently went blind from atrophy of optic nerve, would have been willing to give all his millions and become a day laborer if he could have kept off the blindness that gradually crept over his vision.

STIRRED FOR THE BLIND.

You may have noticed how Christ's sympathies were stirred for the blind. Ophthalmia has always been prevalent in Palestine, the custom of sleeping on the housetops, exposed to the dew and the flying dust of the dry season inviting this dreadful disorder. A large percentage of the inhabitants could not tell the difference between 10 o'clock at noon and 12 o'clock at night. We are told of six of Christ's miracles for the cure of these sightless ones, but I suppose they were only specimens of hundreds of restored visions. What a pitiful spectacle Saul of Tarsus, the mighty man, three days led about in physical as well as spiritual darkness; he who afterward made Felix tremble by his eloquence and awed the Athenian philosophers on Mars Hill, and was the only cool-headed man in the Alexandria corn ship that went to pieces on the rocks of Miletus—once the mighty persecutor Saul—afterward the glorious Evangelist Paul, for three days not able to take a safe step without guidance!

Have you ever given thanks for two eyes—media between the soul inside and the world outside, media that no one but the infinite God could create? The eye—the window of our immortal nature, the gate through which all colors match, the picture gallery of the soul. Without the eye this world is a big dungeon. I fear that many of us have never given one hearty expression of gratitude for this treasure of sight, the loss of which is the greatest disaster possible, unless it be the loss of mind. Those wondrous seven muscles that turn the eye, up or down, to right or left, or around. No one but God could have created the retina. If we have ever appreciated what God did when he gave us two eyes it was when we saw others with obliterated vision. Alas, that only through the privation of others we come to a realization of our own blessing! If you had harp in hand and swept all the strings of gratitude, you would have struck this, which is one of the most dulcet of the 10 strings.

THROUGH LIFE IN SILENCE.

Further, notice how many pass through life in silence because the ear refuses to do its office. They never hear music, vocal or instrumental. The thunder that rolls its full diapason through the heavens does not startle the prolonged silence. The air, that has for us so many melodies, has no sweet sound for them. They live in a quietude that will not be broken until heaven breaks in upon them with its harmonies. The bird voices of the springtime, the chatter of the children, the sublime chant of the sea, the solo of the cantatrice, and the psalmody of the great worshiping assemblies mean nothing to them. Have we devoutly thanked God for these two wonders of our hearing, with which we can now put ourselves under the charm of sweet sound, and also carry in our memories the infantile song with which our mothers put us to sleep; and the voices of the great prima donnas like Lind, and Patti and Nilsson; and the sound of instruments like the violin of the Sweedish performer, or the cornet of Arbuckle, or the mightiest of all instruments, with the hand of Morgan on the keys and his foot on the pedal; or some Sabbath tune like "Coronation," in the acclaim of which you could hear the crowns of heaven coming down at the feet of Jesus? Many of us have never thanked God for this hearing apparatus of the soul. That is one of the ten strings of gratitude that we ought always to thrum after hearing the voice of a loved one, or the last strain of an oratorio, or the clang of a cathedral tower.

Further, there are many who never recognize how much God gives them when He gives them sleep. Insomnia is a calamity wider known in our land than in any other. By midlife vast multitudes have their nerves so overwrought that slumber has to be coaxed, and many are the victims of chloral and morphine. Sleeplessness is an American disorder. If it has not touched you, and you cannot rest for seven or eight hours without waking—if, for that length of time in every twenty-four hours you can be free of care and worriment, and your nerves are retuned and your limbs escape from all fatigue, and the rising sun finds you a new man, body mind and soul, you have an advantage that ought to be put in prayer and song and congratulation. The French financier, almost wealthy enough to purchase a kingdom, but the victim of insomnia, wrote, "no slumber to be bought at any market." He was right; sleep is a gratuitity from Him who never sleeps. Oh, the felicities of slumber! Let all who have this real benefaction celebrate it. That is one of the sweetest strings in all the instrument of ten strings.

THOUSANDS OF REASONS.

Further, let us gratefully acknowledge the power of physical locomotion. To be able to go where we wish, and all unaided—what a kindness! What multitudes have to call in the aid of cane and crutch and invalid's chair, and their whole life is a hinderment. How hard to get about with lack of strong and healthy and supple limbs. Congratulated ought you all to be if you have the usual physical endowment, and sympathized with ought all those be who can neither walk nor climb nor enter upon any great activities. That is one of the thousands of reasons why I hate war with a complete hatred. It takes off with bullet or shell or surgeon's knife the capacity of men to achieve their own livelihood or do the work for which they would otherwise be fully qualified. Brave men, self-sacrificing men, for the rest of their life are put on the limits, and strangely suffer in stormy weather from limbs amputated.

How much of the human family in every century has been cut up and shot to pieces and passed into mutilation. American manhood had hardly recovered from the lacerations of the war of the revolution when it was called to be carved by the swords and stabbed with the bayonets and blackened with the gunpowder of 1812. Hardly recovered was our American manhood from that when the war with Mexico began its butchery. Hardly was American manhood recovered from that before civil war took hold of it and dug its grave-trench through the north and its grave-trench through the south. Hardly was our American manhood recovered from that when the Spanish war came with its malaria and crowded hospitals. Thank God that now four of the greatest nations are allied in good understanding—the United States, England, Germany and Russia—and if they will do the right thing they can forever stop national and international strife and put an end to wholesale amputation. There are enough accidents in time of peace to keep the race mutilated more than it ever ought to be, and the human family needs all its arms and hands and feet to do the work that God calls it to do.

Further, celebrate on the instrument of ten strings our illumined nights. They spread their tents over us, and some of us hardly go out to look at them. During the nights other worlds come in sight. The author of my text chimed the silver bells in the tower of the midnight heavens, saying: "When I consider the heavens, the work of Thy fingers; the moon and the stars, which Thou has ordained, what is man, that Thou art mindful of him?" We thank God for the day; we ought also to thank Him for the night. Worlds on worlds in sight of the naked eye, but more worlds revealed by telescope. At least one night in his lifetime every man ought to go into an astronomical observatory and see what has been done by the great world-builder. Thank God for lunar and stellar illumination.

INSTRUMENT OF TEN STRINGS.

Furthermore, on the instrument of ten strings celebrate the possession of our reason. A severe stroke upon the head, or a sudden calamity, or any one of fifty kinds of accident, might dethrone our reason and leave us worse off than the brute, for the brute has a substitute for reason in what is called instinct, but a man's brain shattered, and he has neither mind nor instinct. The asylums for the insane, though all the time multiplying, are not enough to shelter the demented. Through the cramming system employed in many of the schools of this country are tens of thousands of children having their brain depleted. Philosophers at 10 years of age; astronomers at 11 years of age; geologists at 12 years of age. They will be first on examination day, but last in all matters of useful and successful life. It would be amusing to see how much children are expected to learn and know, if it were not connected with the tragedies of damaged intellects which follow. Amid the increasing dementia of the world let us appreciate the goodness of God to us if our mental faculties are in equipoise. Voyaging from New Zealand to Australia a storm swooped upon us, and we saw all around us fragments of ships that had been caught in the same tempest; and how thankful we were, sailing into Sydney harbor, that we had escaped! So that man and that woman whose intellect goes safely through the storms of this life, in which so many have foundered, ought every day and every night employ one of the ten strings in gratitude for that particular mercy.

Another string of this instrument I now touch—friendships, deep and abiding, by which I refer to those people who, when good or bad motive may be ascribed to you, ascribe the good; those concerning whom you do not wonder which side they will take when you are under discussion; those who would more gladly serve you than serve themselves; those to whom you can tell everything without reserve; those who are first in your home by person or by telegram when you have trouble. Oh, what a blessing to have plenty of friends. Aye, if you have only one good friend, you are blessed in that good possession. With one such friend you can defy the world. But he must be a tried friend. You cannot tell who are your real friends till disasters come. As long as you collect vast dividends, and have health jocund, and popularity unbounded, you will have crowds of seeming friends, but let bankruptcy and invalidism and defamation come, and the number of your friends will be 95 per cent off. If you have been through some great crisis and you

"While all this is so," says someone, "there are so many things that others have which I have not." I reply it is not what we get, but what we are, that decides our happiness. With the bare necessities of life many are unspeakably happy, while others with all the luxuries are impersonations of misery. In the Roman empire there was no man more wretched than the Nero who ruled it. The portices of his palace were a mile long. A statue of him in silver and gold 120 feet high stood in the vestibule. The walls of his palace were mother-of-pearl and ivory. The ceiling was arranged to shower flowers and pour perfumes upon the guests. His wardrobe was so large that he never wore a garment twice. His mules were shod with silver. A thousand carriages accompanied him when he traveled. His crown was worth $500,000. He had everything but happiness. That never came. Your heart right, all is right; your heart wrong, all is wrong.

TIGHTEN THE CORDS.

But we must tighten the cords of our harp and retune it while we celebrate Gospel advantages. The highest style of civilization the world has ever seen is American civilization, and it is built out of the Gospel of pardon and good morals. That Gospel rocked our cradle, and it will epitaph our grave. It soothes our sorrows, brightens our hopes, inspires our courage, forgives our sins, and saves our souls. It takes a man who is all wrong and makes him all right. What that Gospel has done for you and me is a story that we can never fully tell. What it has done for the world, and will yet do for the nations, it will take the thousand years of the millennium to celebrate. The grandest churches are yet to be built. The mightiest anthems are yet to be hoisted. The greatest victories are yet to be gained. The most beautiful Madonnas are yet to be painted. The most triumphant processions are yet to march. O, what a world this will be when it rotates in its orbit a redeemed planet, girdled with spontaneous harvests, and enriched by orchards whose fruits are speckless and redundant, and the last pain will have been banished, and the last tear wept, and the last groan uttered, and there shall be nothing to hurt or destroy in all God's holy mountain. All that and more will come to pass, for "the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it."

So far I have mentioned nine of the ten strings of the instrument of gratitude. I now come to the tenth and the last. I mention it last that it may be the more memorable—heavenly anticipation. By the grace of God we are going to move into a place so much better than this that on arriving we will wonder that we were for so many years so loath to make the transfer. After we have seen Christ face to face and rejoiced over our departed kindred, there are some mighty spirits we will want to meet soon after we pass through the gates. We want to see and will see David, a mightier king in heaven than he ever was on earth, and we will talk with him about psalmody, and get from him exactly what he meant when he talked about the instrument of ten strings. We will confront Moses, who will tell of the law-giving on Sinai, and of his mysterious burial with no one but God present. We will see Joshua, and he will tell us of the coming down of the walls of Jericho at the blast of the ram's horn and explain to us that miracle—how the sun and moon could stand still without demolition of the planetary system. We will see Ruth, and have her tell of the harvest field of Boaz, in which she gleaned for afflicted Naomi. We will see Vashti and hear from her own lips the story of her banishment from the Persian palace by infamous Abasuerus.

We will see and talk with Daniel and he will tell us how he saw Belshazzar's banqueting hall turned into a slaughter house, and how the lions greeted him with loving fawn instead of stroke of cruel paw. We will see and talk with Solomon, whose palaces are gone, but whose inspired epigrams stand out stronger and stronger as the centuries pass. We will see Paul, and hear from him how Felix trembled before him and the audience of scoptics on Mars Hill were confounded by his sermon on the brotherhood of man; what he saw at Ephesus, and Syracuse, and Philippi, and Rome, and how dark was the Mamertine dungeon, and how sharp the ax that beheaded him on the road to Ostia. Yea, we see all the martyrs, the victims of ax and sword and fire and billow. What a thrill of excitement for us when we gaze upon the heroes and heroines who gave their lives for the truth. We will see the Gospel proclaimers Chrysostom and Bourdaloue and Whitefield and the Wesleys and John Knox. We will see the great Christian poets Milton and Dante and Watts and Mrs. Hemans and Frances Havergal. Yea, all the departed Christian men and women of whatsoever age or nation.

ONLY ONE FOCUS.

But there will be one focus toward which all eyes will be directed. His infancy having slept on pillow of straw; all the hates of the Herodic government planning for His assassination; in after time whipped as though He was a criminal; asleep on the cold mountains because no one offered Him a lodging; though the greatest being who ever touched our earth, derisively called "this fellow;" His last hours writhing on spikes of infinite torture; His lacerated form put in sepulchre. Then reanimated, and ascended to be the center of all heavenly admiration—upon that greatest martyr and mightiest hero of all the centuries we will be permitted to look. Put that among your heavenly anticipations.

Now take down your harp of 10 strings and sweep all the chords, making all of them tremble with a great gladness. I have mentioned just ten—delightsome food, eyesight, hearing, healthful sleep, power of physical locomotion, illuminated nights, mental faculties in equipoise, friendships of life, Gospel advantages and heavenly anticipations. Let us make less complaint and offer more thanks; render less dirge and more cantata. Take paper and pen and write down in long columns your blessings. I have recited only ten. To express all the mercies God has bestowed you would have to use at least three, and, I think, five numerals, for surely they would run up into the hundreds and the thousands. "Oh, give thanks unto the Lord, for He is good, for His mercy endureth forever." Get into the habit of rehearsal of the brightnesses of life.

Notice how many more fair days there are than foul, how many more good people than bad you meet. Set your misfortunes to music, as David opened his "dark sayings on a harp." If it has been low tide heretofore, let the surges of mercy that are yet to roll in upon you reach high water mark. All things will work together for your good and heaven is not far ahead. Wake up all the ten strings. Blessing and honor and glory and power be unto him that sitteth upon the throne and unto the Lamb forever. Amen!

EXPENSIVE POSITIONS.

A member of the cabinet to entertain largely should have such a house as usually rents at from $6,000 to $12,000 a year. Senator Depew pays $1,000 a month for his house. On the other side, Secretary Wilson, who is a comparatively poor man, lives in a house that rents for not more than $75 a month. Postmaster General Smith spent his entire salary of $8,000 a year, and was compelled to write magazine articles and to add to his income in other ways to maintain his establishment. He finally wearied of the struggle and took apartments at a hotel.

Each cabinet minister is expected once a year to entertain the president and his associates at dinner. Beyond this he can cut dinner-giving. The secretary of state, in addition, must give a breakfast once a year to the diplomatic corps. Secretary Day resigned because he could not afford to follow the social pace.

Carriages and horses are furnished by the government to cabinet members. All other expenses they must pay themselves. A member of the cabinet maintaining his own house would have to expend at least $15,000 a year, or nearly double his salary, to keep up even ordinary appearances.

Attorney General Knox, upon taking up his residence in Washington, began by purchasing a house costing $140,000 and bringing with him a team of horses that cost $12,000. His expenses will be vastly in excess of $15,000 a year.

James S. Clarkson, when he became first assistant postmaster general, rented a house at $3,800 a year. His salary was $4,000. Mr. Clarkson laughingly said to his wife: "What shall we do with the remainder of my salary?"

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INSTRUCTING THE JURY.

As I reached a village under the shadow of the Cumberland mountains and stopped at the post office I was told that a trial of considerable importance was being held at the office of the local justice of the peace, and presently I found my way as a spectator. A mountaineer had traded a rifle for a mule with a neighbor and the rifle had proved defective. The other man was therefore seeking the aid of the law to have his beast restored to him. There were a dozen witnesses for, and against, and I noticed that almost every man was armed. It was a jury trial and his honor didn't have a word to say as they went out. Ten minutes later they returned for instructions, and the foreman asked:

"Judge, if we decide this yere case agin Joe Larkins is thar' goin' to be any hard feelin's to'rds this jury?"

His honor replied that the case must be decided according to law, and the jury filed out again. Only a few minutes had passed when they returned for the second time and the foreman said:

"Jedge, what this jury wants to know this time is if thar'll be any hard feelin's agin us if we decide the case in favor of Jim Bolands?"

There was an ominous movement on the part of the Larkins crowd; his honor noticed it and replied that he had full faith in the jury and expected them to return a verdict in accordance with the facts. The jury filed out again, every man of the six looking doubtful and perplexed; and this time it was a quarter of an hour before they reappeared. It was further instructions they wanted, the foreman said, and he added:

"Jedge, whar' three of us ar' fur Joe Larkins and three of us fur Tom Bolands, what ar' we to do about it?"

"Keep talkin' the case over till yo' kin all go one way," was the reply.

"But that ain't all," continued the man. "Bill Thomas is lookin' into the winder and sayin' he's fur Joe Larkins and wavin' his shotgun around, and Pete Silsby he's lookin' in at t'other winder and sayin' he's fur Jim Boland and showin' a big knife. What ye goin' to do in sich a case?"

The adherents in the courtroom were about evenly divided, and his honor put on his glasses and looked them over and replied:

"Bein' as the jury stands three to three and can't agree, and bein' as we don't want no fussin' and no hard feelin's we'll jest sorter drap this case outer sight and git up a hoss-race in the interests of peace and harmony."

DAN'L WASN'T FITTEN.

"If my son Dan'l had lived on he'd be about 20 y'ars old now," said the old mountaineer, as we sat smoking our pipes after supper. "Pore Dan'l! he wasn't fitten, and he knowed he wasn't fitten, but he jest hung on till he died."

"Then he didn't die of sickness?" I asked.

"No, sah—not skassly. It was about six y'ars ago, sah. We was goin' to hold the county fair over at Rodney, and they was goin' to hev hoss-races, jumping matches, and all sorts of games. One of the amoosements was climbin' a greased pole. Ever h'ar of it?"

"Oh, yes."

"It was a pole 30 feet high, and greased till it was like glass. On top of it was a silver dollar, and whoever climb that pole could get the money. When my son Dan'l heard of it he sez to me:

"'Pop, I'm a dollar ahead.'

"'As how?' sez I.

"'As to climbin' that pole. I'll do it as snah's yo'r bo'n!'

"I told him he wasn't fitten," said the father with a sigh. "He was bowed in the legs and his heels turned out, and no sich critter is fitten to climb a pole. He was determined, though. He got a pole, greased it up and planted it out thar' by the stone and begun to practice. He could git up about ten feet, but no mo'. I kept tellin' him he wasn't fitten, and his maw kept tellin' him he wasn't fitten, but he wouldn't give up. He was out airly in the mawnin', and he was out late at night, and he hugged that pole till the grease was ready to fry out of him. One evenin' I begun to git mad about it, but Dan'l speaks up in a lonesome voice and with tears in his eyes and sez:

"'Pop, I'll hev one mo' try at it. If I git to the top then I'm fitten; if I can't do it then I'm unfitten.'"

"And did he get there?"

"Ol co'se not—of co'se not. I told yo' he had crooked legs and his heels turned in. Couldn't possibly git thar'. I went out about midnight to look fur him, and he lay thar' dead. He felt that he was unfitten, but he was bound to climb up or bust, and bimeby he busted. Jest lay thar' all busted to squash, and shuck my hide if we could ever git grass to grow on his grave fur the grease that was oozin' up through the sile!"

THE MOTORMAN.

There Are Days When the World Seems to Be Against Him.

M. QUAD. —Copyright, 1898.

"Several things have happened to put me out of temper this morning," said the motorman, as I boarded his car on the curve. "The life of the man at the switch and brake is not always as pleasant as the poet's. In fact, there are days when he would be an angel and soar away to where electric roads are not."

While he waited for the bell a boy came off the sidewalk to ask him if he could spare a pailful of electricity to run his mother's sewing machine for an hour or two. He was a small boy and an innocent-looking boy, and the motorman gave him a cent and told him to go to a law office and get a quart of compressed wind for the money. Then he got the signal and started on and said:

"I hadn't got three blocks from the barn this morning as I started out when the conductor pulled my door open and wanted to know if I imagined that I ran the car. He had his hat on his ear and grease on his hair, and he felt like bossing somebody around. You bet I laid the rules and regulations down to him in plain English, and as he started for his platform I gave the car a lift that brought him upon the gratings. He'll try to get even with me before the day is over, but I shall look out for his tricks. Hear him try to pull that bell out by the roots to show me he has a temper."

The car stopped to let a woman off and two men on, and as he made an easy start the motorman continued:

"The next thing was three women on the track. They wanted a car, but they got to gossiping and forgot all about it. Stood right there between the rails, with their heads together and their hands going, and I had to come to a dead stop and yell at them to move off. Then it turned out that they wanted a car going uptown instead of down, and because I wouldn't run backwards I got a rakin' over. The conductor chuckled over it and thought it was one on me, but I got even by running past two men who will report him at the office. Now look at that man!"

It was a man who wanted the car. Being fearful that it would pass without seeing him, although he weighed 200 pounds, he held up his hands and danced around and grew red in the face. When the car stopped he made a rush for the platform, crowded his way on and in, and opening the front door he demanded:

"What did you make me go to all that trouble for? Your business, sir, is to look out for passengers. I have only ten minutes in which to get to the depot, or—"

The motorman closed the door on him and whispered:

"You may talk about it's bein' divine to forgive, but all human nature aches to get even with all its fellow men. That old coon blamed me for nothing, as you are a witness, and now comes the revenge. He's a mile away from the depot, and adding to the distance every minute. I was telling you about this morning. After my jaw with the three women, and while I was hurrying to make up time, one o' them bicycle fellers come rattlin' down out of a side street and bumped himself to beat my gait. I ride a bike myself, when I ain't pickin' myself up after a fall or lyin' on the counter of a drug store with a broken back, and so I give riders a big show. In this case, however, I couldn't stop and he wouldn't, and the result was I carried him and his machine on the cowcatcher for a block or more. He laid it all to me, of course, and of course I'll be called up to the office and run through the machine. Now, then, there's Sammy on the track ahead, and I've got tired of his monkeyshines. I rather think I'll give the lad a surprise party."

Sammy was a boy about 14 years old who was driving a grocery wagon. He was driving at a slow pace and looking over his shoulder at the motorman. He had evidently been there before. When he got the warning gong he leaned forward, looked straight ahead, and so far as could be judged from his arched back and general indifference he had never even heard of an electric car. The motorman whistled and shouted and slowed down, but Sammy had his plans and was encouraged in them by the boys on the street.

"He's got to be done," said the motorman, as he turned to me and drew a full breath. "If that kid is not brought up with a sudden turn he may end his life on the gallows. I shan't hurt him, but there will be a shock to his feelings. Got hold of the railing? Well, now, this car is goin' to git away from me."

It did. It suddenly started forward in a way to tumble the passengers about, and, picking up the wagon, it flung it to the left and tipped it over, and the boy was yelling "Police!" and the horse kicking in the dashboard when the car went by.

"He's bothered me that way for three months," explained the motorman, "and such things get to be tiresome after awhile. As long as I've got to go up to the office on the bicycle business, I might as well kill two birds with one stone. The boy will blame me and the grocer will blame me, but Sammy will have to hunt for another job. Do you see that woman in black on the next corner? Well, she's a feature on this road. She's as rich as mud, and her son-in-law is a director, and it won't do to give her the marble heart. Whoa, Sukey!"

"Is this car goin' downtown?" asked the woman, as we came to a stop.

"No, ma'am—goin' uptown."

"Why don't it go downtown?"

"Goin' orders, ma'am."

"Well, I guess I'll go uptown. Don't start the car 'till I get seated."

"Now watch," said the motorman, as we started up.

At the next corner he got the bell, and the woman slowly left the car, saying to the conductor that she had changed her mind and would wait for a downtown car. He tried to say something about the fare, but she shut him up with a wave of her hand and walked through the mud to the curbstone with great dignity.

"Don't forget the old chap who wanted to go to the depot," said the motorman, as we started up. "He has forgotten all about me—but won't he give it to the conductor? The young man who holds out his paw for nickels won't be feelin' so gay five minutes from now. All conductors get the big head at times, and it's the motorman who has to bring them down out of the clouds. I'm always willing to share the honors of running a car, but the conductor who tries to make the public believe he is turnin' the earth around will soon feel somethin' drop. Here we are at the terminus. See the old chap lookin' for the depot?"

The "old chap" got out and looked around. He was two miles from where he expected to be, and as the truth dawned upon him he turned upon the conductor and exclaimed:

"What in the Old Harry did you bring me up here for?"

"Because you got aboard the car," was the reply, as the trolley was shifted the other way.

"But I wanted to go to the depot, sir."

"Then you ought to have gone the other way. When a man boards my car I suppose he knows where he wants to go."

"You suppose, do you?" shouted the heavy man as the blood rushed to his face and his hair tried to stand up. "You heard me say I wanted to go to the depot. You took my fare! You never said I was on the wrong car! Sir, I will have you bounced! I will—"

"All aboard going down!" interrupted the conductor.

"I won't get aboard! I've lost my train and an important engagement, and you shall hear from me, sir—you shall—"

"You see how it goes," said the motorman with a sad smile. "Always kickin'—always somethin' wrong. He'll go to the office for sure, and both of us will git hauled up and perhaps laid off for a week; but what's the use of worryin' when you're happy? Ho! you peanut man, and there, boy—don't try that again or I'll pick you up on the cowcatcher and give you a free ride."

WOOD MANTELS.

They Have Driven Out Marble of Late and Are Both Cheap and Handsome.

Mantels nowadays are almost exclusively made of wood. Marble is used occasionally, but only for the most costly of all mantels, costing perhaps thousands of dollars. The marble mantel of the kind so familiar years ago is no longer made, and sometimes marble mantels of fine quality that cost from $200 to $300 are taken out to be replaced with mantels of wood costing perhaps $100. Slate mantels, so widely and commonly used a few years ago, are now rarely set up. They also have given place to wood.

Wood mantels may easily be costly. They are made in hundreds of different styles and at all sorts of prices, from $1,000 down to a few dollars. Many of them are beautiful, not a few of them are of great beauty, and even the cheapest may be tasteful and graceful in design and finish. There never was a time when so much art and skill went into wood mantels as now.

The woods used include mahogany, curly birch, quartered oak and other hardwoods, whitewood and pine. Perhaps more are made of whitewood than of any other one material. The various woods are finished in great variety. The oaks, for instance, are stained in 70 or 80 different shades, to match, if it should be desired, any furniture. Many mantels are painted and enameled. In the fireplace fittings of the more costly mantels it is not unusual to find marble or onyx matching the wood in color, with the result of producing a beautiful harmony in effect.

In styles wood mantels are made in colonial, Elizabethan, empire, classical, renaissance and other styles, colonial being now most in demand. Some colonial mantels are copies of mantels in old and perhaps familiar houses. While mantels in hundreds of styles are to be found already designed, many are made to order from architects' designs for single houses. It is not unusual to make mantels to order to match furniture; it might be that a mantel would be made to match a bureau or dining-room table. New styles of mantels are constantly being added to the great number regularly produced.

The more costly wood mantels may be massive in proportions and of fine woods and elaborately hand-carved, or if not of great size they may be of fine woods and elaborate in detail of construction and finish; but beautiful mantels can be bought for less than $100 of fine woods and of imposing proportions, if that is desired. It is probable that the large majority of the mantels in natural woods now set up in houses cost less than $100, perhaps considerably less; handsome mantels can be bought, indeed, for much less.

Tile mantels are made in a variety of styles, such mantels and fireplaces being set when used principally in halls and libraries; occasionally a tile mantel is placed in a dining-room.—N. Y. Sun.

In many cities the cream of society is the richest part of it.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Question Met.

"Do you wish to have your teeth examined?" asked the dentist of the sad-faced man who had been waiting in the ante-room for one hour and 35 minutes.

Whereupon the answer was tartly given: "What do you suppose I came up here for, to buy a cook stove?"

"Really," said the dentist, smiling; "I didn't know. I thought that possibly you might be after some new furniture for your dining-room."—Detroit Free Press.

Gave Herself Away.

"When did they discover that the burglar was a woman?"

"When she looked in the glass to see if her mask was on straight."—Tit-Bits.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough; contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

Japan's foreign trade has in thirty years increased from less than $1 to nearly $7 per capita per annum.

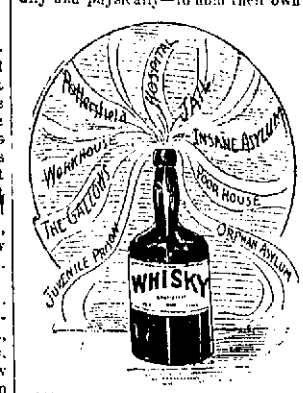
Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

VICTIMS OF DRINK.

Are Crowding Our Jails and Asylums, a Horrible Testimony of the Saloon Evil.

Dr. F. Walmsley, superintendent of an idiot asylum in the metropolis, says:

"Half the misery and wretchedness of human life, with much of the crime of the land, is but the outcome of an abnormal state of mind and morals produced by drink. Our asylums scream with alcohol and our prisons groan with its victims. Taken to excess, alcohol is in its passage through the organism everywhere equally a destroyer. Upon the brain and nervous tissues it is a direct poison, leading to formidable maniacal excitement or to chronic alcoholism, with its long train of symptoms betraying mental, moral and physical degradation—the whole man being reduced from a higher to a lower plane of existence. On the offspring the effects are disastrous. Children come into the world prenatally handicapped by hereditary taint, bearing the stigma or brandmarks of degeneracy, unfitted—mentally, morally and physically—to hold their own



WHERE WHISKY'S VICTIMS ARE FOUND.

in the struggle of life. Of all diseases, insanity is one of the most preventable, and, in the present state of medical science, one of the most incurable."—Scottish Reformer.

DEAN FARRAR'S TESTIMONY.

Reasons Why He Became a Total Abstainer Fifty Years Ago During Early Ministry.

Speaking recently at a Band of Hope conference in England, the venerable dean of Canterbury, Very Rev. F. W. Farrar, told of the reasons on account of which he adopted total abstinence 50 years ago, as follows:

"My parish half a century ago abounded with slums, and I used to visit a drunken sweeper and his wife. I found that these people were accustomed to stay till midnight every night drinking themselves drunk in the public houses. They had three little children. Their room, for they only occupied one room, was kept constantly locked, and these miserable children had to play in this miserable slum until 12 o'clock at night. On one occasion the little girl rushed out of the room and hid herself in a disused cellar, stayed there all night, and next morning was found, not dead, but not far from death, perfectly cold and perfectly ill. Two little boys on another occasion ran out of the house from their drunken parents and hid themselves in a neighbor's chimney.

"Now, these things impressed my mind so very strongly, though they were mere items of a very long list of horrors, that I became a total abstainer. I have never for one single moment regretted that action. What strikes me as so astonishing is that, if the mere sight of these miseries from one or two instances can so powerfully affect one or two minds, how is it that the English nation is so unawakened to the sense of their peril and disgrace? Undoubtedly drunkenness is the sin of the English race, and if England continues to turn a deaf ear to all these warnings, if England continues to tread day after day the story of these horrors, which are perfectly preventable, it is certain that in the days that are coming she will suffer for this evil."

FACTS AND REASON

The life of the saloon depends on the death of souls.—Ram's Horn.

It is useless for our soldiers to fight our foes abroad while our saloons foster them at home.—Ram's Horn.

The drunkard carries the disregarded danger signal half way between his lustful eyes and his devouring mouth.—Ram's Horn.

The total religious revenue of the United Kingdom is estimated at £25,000,000 per annum. The drink bill of the United Kingdom amounted last year to £160,891,718, which is over six times the sum raised for religious purposes.

Dr. David Paulson, a Chicago nerve specialist, declares that much drunkenness, especially in young men, is caused by highly-spiced food, and the use by cooks of pepper, mustard and similar relishes. To this also the doctor attributes the cigarette habit.

The New Leaf is a quarterly just launched by the patients of Willard hospital, a newly-opened home for inebriates at Bedford, Mass. The New Leaf is issued to interest the general public in the question of temperance reform and inspire those who are victims to the drink habit with hope of rescue.

A Medical Testimony.

A most important statement was made at the recent congress on tuberculosis, held in London, by Prof. Bir-nardel, who is described as the greatest living sanitary authority in Europe. He said alcoholism was the most potent factor in propagating tuberculosis. The strongest man who had taken to drink was powerless against it. There was a universal cry of despair from the whole universe at the right of the disasters caused by alcoholism, and any measures, state or individual, tending to limit the ravages of alcoholism would be a most precious auxiliary in the crusade against tuberculosis. Prof. Birnardel's statement is of the utmost importance. The medical practitioner has tremendous power to stem the tide of intemperance, and if to his influence is added that of the sanitarian and of the scientist, we may hope that at last enlightened opinion will no longer doubt the evil effect of alcohol upon the individual, and the state may point back to its cause, and that the cause may bear upon its face the condemnation of those high in authority.—Christian Work.

NON-ALCOHOLICS IN MEDICINE.

Doctor's Testimony After an Experience of Thirty-Four Years in the Medical Profession.

There is no provision made in the human economy for the toleration of alcohol. It is an irritant poison of great magnitude, from which no one can escape, because it aggravates the condition which it is given to relieve, besides creating an appetite for itself which otherwise would not exist.

Alcohol is not acted upon by the gastric juice, but is carried through the system unaltered in its character by contact with the various secretions of the body. It cannot, therefore, be assimilated, consequently does not enter into the constituent properties of the body.

That which is not assimilated cannot be counted as food, because it does not repair waste, and is lacking in sustaining power. Alcohol may generate a fitful energy, but the value of energy is estimated by its enduring quality. The spirit of strength which alcohol gives is debilitating, leaving the system weaker than it found it, being based upon that law of physics which declares that action and reaction are always equal.

Alcohol can never be a medicine because its mission is to consume substance, harden tissue and pervert function, possessing no compensating benefits in its malignant nature. Only the unscientific mind will prescribe alcohol, there being neither sense nor science in expecting a salutary action from its administration. Alcohol may temporarily palliate pain; it never cured diseased conditions. Palliation is always followed by a reaction which introduces complications foreign to the case and more taxing to the vitality than the original trouble, adding fuel to the fire.

Alcohol is a false friend; even in emergency it never revived a patient that there was not something better adapted to the case. Something more permanent in its power for good could have been given, and to which no after-effects would be attached, because restoration to normal balance is not its province. The system has less to contend with during suffering when taking nothing, than it has when taking the wrong thing.

The doctor who prescribes alcohol in any shape demonstrates his ignorance of the nature of disease and the nature of cure. A sick person is in more or less of a defective state of health, has less resistence to unfavorable influences, and should be tenderly protected from baneful risks. Alcohol is aggressive, inflammatory and intolerant in its effects on the human body. Make too hot a fire under a defective boiler and we all know what happens to the boiler!

The doctrine of total abstinence from alcohol under all circumstances, is not the product of sentiment or belief; it is based on a scientific truth borne out by accumulated facts through experiment and extensive observation. All assertions to the contrary spring from either a willful misinterpretation of the truth, or a gross, culpable and inexcusable ignorance. After an experience of 34 years, unbiased by prejudice, seeking only substantial facts, I am compelled to say that alcohol occupies no legitimate place in medicine.—Alice B. Campbell, M. D., in Union Signal.

TEMPERATE ISLANDERS.

No One Uses Intoxicating Liquors or Smokes in the Pitcairn Islands.

There is always a spice of romance about the Pitcairn islanders, and the report printed recently of the commander of his majesty's ship Icarus, who lately visited the lonely settlement, is very interesting. In some respects, at all events, the islanders seem to be a model community. A parliament of seven manages affairs. Men, women and children are described as in robust health; indeed, disease among them is almost unknown. Whether this is due to the fact that "the leading people prefer to continue as hitherto without medicines of any sort," we cannot say. Then, no one smokes or uses intoxicating liquor; food and water on the island are abundant; the adult males give all their labor from five a. m. until two p. m. to works for the public good; and all but general content, if not great prosperity, seems to prevail. The only thing that appears to be troubling these voluntary exiles is a surplus of females. Perhaps, however, when the trade which it is intended to open up between Pitcairn island and Tahiti gets in full swing the balance of the sexes may become more nearly adjusted.—Westminster Gazette.

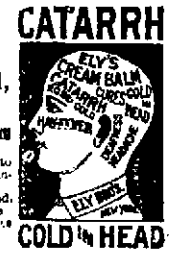
Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. Sold by Dreier & Bro. and Pellens & Polster.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

CATARRH

is

Ely's Cream Balm



Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug. Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation

CATARRH

COLD in HEAD

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses Taste and Smell. Large Size 50 cents at druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

The presence of the pipe in public in Paris is not anything like as marked as in England. The French still regard this method of consuming tobacco as infra dig.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Valparaiso and Chicago..*	2 05 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago..*	2 05 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago ..... *	4 55 am	* 3 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	5 30 am	* 3 28 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.*	5 30 am	* 3 28 am
Mansfield and Lima.....*11	31 pm	11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg..*11	31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.†	7 30 am	†10 30 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.†12	15 pm	†12 25 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg.†12	40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago..*	4 10 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline.....†	7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg and Phila....*	7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg and Phila....*	9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg and Phila....*	4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.*	4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago.*10	15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 35 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY

In effect Sept. 29, 1901.

FOURTH ROUND

*For Grand Rapids and north.....	2:10 am
For Grand Rapids and north.....	8:50 am
For Grand Rapids and north.....	4:15 pm
From Richmond arrives.....	8:40 pm
SOUTH BOUND.	
*For Richmond and Cincinnati.....11	45 pm
For Richmond and Cincinnati.....	8:35 am
For Richmond and Cincinnati.....12	20 pm
From Grand Rapids arrives	6:50 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday

WABASH

REVISED TIME TABLE.

Trains carrying passengers leave Fort Wayne as follows.

SCHEDULE FEB. 1st, 1902.

(All Important Changes.)

	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
No. 2.	*New York Limited 9:00 C.....	1:05 a. m.
No. 12.	*Toledo Local Express.....	5:50 a. m.
No. 8.	*Pacific Fast Mail, 6:00 C.....	9:50 a. m.
No. 6.	*New England Express.....	11:40 a. m.
No. 4.	*Continental Limited, 8:00 C.....	4:30 p. m.
No. 22.	*Atlantic Express.....	6:20 p. m.
	GOING WEST.	1 DEPART.
No. 9.	*Kansas City Fast Mail, 8:00 C..	9:50 a. m.
No. 7.	*St. Louis Day Express.....	9:47 a. m.
No. 1.	*Continental Limited, 8:00 C....	11:20 a. m.
No. 5.	*Government Fast Mail	5:15 p. m.
No. 13.	*Toledo Local Exp., Arrive.....	8:25 p. m.
No. 3.	*St. Louis Limited, 8:00 C.....	8:55 p. m.

DETROIT SERVICE.

LV. FORT WAYNE.	AR. DETROIT.
* 6:55 A. M.. No change of cars....	9:40 A. M.
† 9:55 A. M....Change cars Toledo....	11:40 A. M.
* 8:30 A. M.....No change of cars....	12:01 noon.
*11:30 A. M.....Change cars Toledo....	3:15 P. M.
* 4:20 P. M.....No change of cars....	8:10 P. M.

HIGH CLASS THROUGH SERVICE.

No change of cars to Detroit, Buffalo and New York on trains 2, 4 and 6. Through Pullman Sleepers.

No change of cars to St. Louis on trains 1, 3, 5, 7 & 9.

No change of cars to Kansas City on train 9. Pullman Broiler Room Sleeper and Wabash Reclining Chair Car (seats free) to Kansas City daily, connecting in Union Depot with the Great Overland Trains for Denver, Salt Lake City and Pacific coast points.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

S. Sleeper. D. Dining Car. C. Chair Car.

For tickets and other information, apply to

R. E. THOMPSON,

Both Phones, No. 6. Passenger & Ticket Agent.

WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, 1903

NICKEL PLATE

9—11-17-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on their trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 3.....	4 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 5.....	3 15
Eastern Express, No. 4.....	7 55
Local Freight.....	9 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 3.....	2 20
Western Express, No. 1.....	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2.....	4 35
Local Freight.....	10 00

Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on No.s 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served on "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD, In effect June 2, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
58 Express and Mail.....	11:45 a.m.
462 Local Freight.....	2:50 p.m.
10 Express and Mail	3:50 p.m.
Northbound.	Depart.
463 Local Freight	6:40 a.m.
57 Express and Mail.....	11:55 a.m.
59 Express and Mail.....	5:05 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday

E. & W. RY. TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 11, 1901.

	DEPART.
No. 41 Express daily except Sun..	6 30 am
No. 19 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun..	11 35 am
No. 33 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun..	4 35 am
No. 45 Ex. Sunday only.....	4 15 pm
	ARRIVE.
No. 42 Express daily except Sun..	11 30 am
No. 38 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun..	2 20 pm
No. 18 Ex. & Mail daily ex. Sun..	10 25 pm
No. 44 Ex. Sunday only.....	11 50 am

FORT WAYNE & SOUTHWESTERN TRACTION COMPANY.

TIME CARD.

Effective January 19, 1902.

Cars leave Broadway and Taylor Streets, Fort Wayne Ind.: *6:00 a. m.; 7:00 a. m.; 8:00 a. m.; 9:00 a. m.; 10:00 a. m.; 11:00 a. m.; 12 noon; 1:00 p. m.; 2:00 p. m.; 3:00 p. m.; 4:00 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.; 6:00 p. m.; 7:00 p. m.; 8:00 p. m.; 9:00 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Phone, Home No. 219.

IN THE CITY'S CHURCHES

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Washington and Clinton streets. Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Public worship with sermon by Rev. J. L. Leeper, D. D., at 10:45 a. m. Special musical program with brief address by Rev. J. L. Leeper at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Westminster Presbyterian church, West Berry street, between Webster and Ewing streets; J. Budman Fleming, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Dr. H. G. Patton, superintendent. Morning services at 10:30. Subject, "Daily Bread in Daily Need." Matt. 6:11. Junior Endeavor at 3 o'clock; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m., led by Mrs. Gray; evening service at 7:30, subject: "The First Sermon."

Third Presbyterian church, corner Harrison and Taber streets. Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, D. D., pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., O. B. Fitch, superintendent. Morning service at 10:45, subject of sermon, "His Own Place," from Acts 1:35, "Judas by transgression fell, that he might go to his own place." Meeting of elders, deacons and trustees at 2:30 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45; evening service at 7:30, subject of sermon, "Expostulation," from Isaiah 55:2, "Therefore do ye spend money for that which is not bread? and your labor for that which satisfieth not? Hearken diligently with me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your soul delight itself in fatness." The Apollo quartet will sing at both services. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday.

Bethany Presbyterian church, corner Boone and Fry streets. J. C. Breckenridge, pastor. Sabbath services as follows: Preaching at 10:45 a. m., subject, "Jesus and the Disciples in a Storm." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., J. M. Jackson, superintendent; teachers meet with pastor for prayer and conference at 9:15; C. E. prayer meeting at 6:30. At 7:30 the pastor will begin a series of sermons on the Prodigal Son, and the subject will be "The Prodigal Preparing to Depart." Mid-week service will be Wednesday at 7:30; choir meets for practice at 7:30 Friday evening.

UNITED BRETHREN.

Calvary U. B. church, corner Harmer and East Lewis streets. J. W. Lake pastor. Sunday services: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Allen A. Bowser, superintendent. The Y. P. C. U. will meet at 6:30 p. m., topic: "The Pathway to Peace." John, 14:25-31, Isaiah, 26:3. H. Danner, leader. Preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Mid-week services: The Y. P. C. U. will hold their monthly business meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7:30, W. H. Woodruff, leader. The Ladies Aid society will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. H. J. Neasel, No. 93 Smith street. Refreshments will be served at the supper hour.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Plymouth Congregational church, Rev. J. Webster Bailey, pastor—Morning and evening services at 10:30 and 7:30; morning subject, "Christ, the Way, the Truth and the Life;" evening subject, "Counting it Done;" Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., B. Paul Mossman, superintendent; Harry E. Willson, assistant; Prof. Wm. Miles, musical director; meeting of Sunday school teachers at 9:15; Decision Day continued; Junior Endeavor meeting at 3:00 o'clock. Miss Ethel Mossman, superintendent, assisted by Miss Gladys Williams; men's prayer meeting at 6:15 in pastor's study; Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30; topic, "The Pathway to Peace;" leader, Miss Kate Williams.

South Congregational church, corner DeWald and Hoagland—Preaching services, 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; themes of discourses: Morning, "God's Omnipresence;" Ps. 139-7; evening, "Divine Solicitude and Human Perversity;" Hosea, 6-4; Bible school, 9:30 a. m., Dr. A. E. Van Buskirk, superintendent; Junior C. E., 3 p. m.; Senior, 6:30 p. m.; topic, "The Pathway to Peace;" leader, Miss Catherine Malcolm; mid-week service Wednesday evening, 7:30; subject, "Christian Laborers;" 1. Cor., 3:9; the Ladies' Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. Lizzie Kikley, 478 South Calhoun street, on Thursday afternoon. Rev. D. T. Williams, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services at 10:30 a. m., in Masonic Temple. Subject, "Soul." Golden text: "I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for He hath clothed me with the garments of salvation." Isaiah, 61:10. Responsive reading—Psalms 146 and 150. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Harmony hall, 20 West Berry street; reading rooms open every day at 103 East Berry street.

Second Church of Christ, Scientist. Services at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, in Jewish temple, No. 96 Harrison street. Subject, "Soul." Golden text: "I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for He hath clothed me with the garments of salvation." Isaiah, 61:10. Responsive Reading:—Psalms 146 and 150. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening; reading room open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 5 p. m., in the church edifice.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Berry street M. E. church, corner of Harrison street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; sermon, 10:30 a. m.; subject, "Lessons of Every Day;" junior league, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth meeting, 6:30 p. m., subject, "The Pathway to Peace;" Miss Edna Parham, leader; sermon, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. H. J. Norris, pastor.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Broadway, Asher S. Preston, pastor—Morning topic, "God's Laughter;" evening topic, "The Treasure in Earthen Vessels, or the Divine and the Human in the Bible;" Sunday school at 9:30; class at 12; junior league at 3 p. m.; league at 6:30. Woman's Bible meeting Tuesday at 3. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. The "Gospel team" from Boston Theological school will hold a service in the church Monday evening, Feb. 10, at 7:30. They are making a tour of various colleges in the west, doing evangelistic work among the students, and favor this city one evening.

Simpson M. E. church, located corner of Dawson and Harrison streets, Rev. J. A. Patterson, minister in charge—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Miss Edith Zook, superintendent; morning sermon by the pastor, 10:30, subject, "The Conflict of Forces, or the Battle for Life;" junior league, 2 o'clock, Miss Gertrude Zook, leader; vesper service, 6:30, subject, "The Pathway to Peace," leader, Mr. G. A. Higgs; evangelistic services, 7:30 p. m., sermon by pastor, subject, "Humanity's Greatest Need." Harry L. Miller, of Peru, has been singing with good effect during the past week and the special meetings are increasing in power from night to night. These meetings will continue one more week and Mr. Miller will continue to sing at each service. Among other good solos he will sing "The Bird With a Broken Pinion" Sunday evening.

St. Paul's M. E. church, Walton avenue—Revival services Sunday; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., C. B. Waterson, superintendent; revival sermon at 10:30 a. m.; consecration services at 3 p. m., conducted by Mrs. Hacker, of Huntington; singing by Mrs. Ellen Wheeler, of Huntington; revival sermon and services in evening at 7 o'clock; song services will be conducted by C. B. Waterson, B. Sawyer, pastor.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Rev. S. S. Hall will address a men's meeting at 3:00 p. m.; Men's Bible class at 4:00 p. m., in charge of Hiram A. Pailley; regular monthly meeting of the committee of management on Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. J. W. Burns, secretary.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

Rev. H. Weber, a representative of the Watch Tower Bible and Tract society, will preach on "The Plan of the Ages" Sunday at 3:00 p. m. at 199 Lafayette street.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

West Jefferson Street Church of Christ, corner of Fairfield avenue, Edgar William Allen, pastor—10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., preaching; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school, Prof. J. A. Price, superintendent; 3:00 p. m., Junior C. E.; 6:30 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E., William Trettinger, leader; subject, "Pathway to Peace;" Monday night, King's Daughters meeting with Lota Rich, 29 West Lewis street; Wednesday night, mid-week service; series of special meetings will begin in three weeks; the pastor will be assisted by Singing Evangelist S. L. Cook, of Geneva, O.

West Creighton Avenue Church of Christ, cor Minor street and West Creighton avenue, Rev. Z. A. Harris, pastor—Lord's day services: Bible school, 9:15 a. m., Supt. A. F. Bowman; communion service, 10:30 a. m.; preaching, 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Junior C. E., 3:00 p. m.

AFRICAN METHODIST.

African M. E. church, corner of Wayne and Francis streets, Rev. Alexander Smith, pastor—Morning service and sermon at 10:30; evening service at 7:45; Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

FREE METHODIST.

Free Methodist church, 268 East Creighton avenue—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 o'clock. P. S. Shoemaker, pastor.

GERMAN BAPTIST (DUNKARD).

German Baptist church, corner Green and Smith streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by Elder L. H. Eby; song service one-half hour before evening service.

CITY MISSION.

At 170 West Main street, L. Hostettler, superintendent—Services each night at 7:45 and on the Sabbath at 3 p. m.

Y. W. C. A.

J. W. Burns, secretary R. R. Y. M. C. A., will speak at the Young Woman's Christian association Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The meeting is for both young men and young women.

The social afternoon will meet at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Dawson, 287 West Wayne street, Tuesday, from 2 to 5 p. m.

The gymnasium exhibit was postponed on account of the cold and will take place Friday evening, Feb. 14.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist Church.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Public worship at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. N. Field; morning subject, "The Church—Her Message and Mission;" evening subject, "Joy Over Sinners Repenting." Baptisms at the evening service. Jr. B. Y. P. U. meeting at 2 p. m. Mr. Bowser's class at 3 p. m. Sr. B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m. South Wayne mission at 9 a. m. Hanna street mission at 3 p. m. Christian culture class Monday night at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7:30; subject, "Christ's Ability to Keep Those Who Trust in Him." Deacons' meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bethel Evangelical church, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., William Mertz, superintendent; German preaching at 10:30 a. m.; English preaching at 7:30 p. m.; morning subject, "Receive Not the Grace of God in Vain;" evening subject, "Hold Fast to Your Profession;" Young People's Alliance at 6:30 p. m.; subject, "The Pathway to Peace," Bertha Thorpe, leader; mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday and Thursday evenings, 7:30; the Ladies' Aid society will hold their business meeting Thursday evening after prayer meeting. J. H. Evans, pastor.

REFORMED.

Salem Reformed church, next to postoffice.—Sunday school at 9:30; morning services at 10:30; evening services at 7:30; the evening services will be in English; young people's meeting on Wednesday evening.

St. John's Reformed church, corner of Washington boulevard and Webster streets; John H. Bosch, pastor.—At 9 a. m., Sunday school; superintendent, John H. Bosch; vice superintendent, A. Grotholtman; 10:15 a. m., morning services and preaching; 7 p. m., prayer meeting of the young people; 7:30 p. m., evening services and preaching. Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m., Lent services and preaching; text, John. 18:28-32; right after these services, discussion and explanation of Sunday school lesson.

Grace Reformed church, on Washington street, between Barr and Lafayette; Rev. A. K. Zartman, pastor.—Sabbath morning service at 10:30; subject, "The Song of the Lord Renewed." Evening service, 7:30. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Young people's meeting at 7 p. m. Gospel service on Wednesday evening. Monthly meeting of the Woman's Aid society next Thursday, at 3 p. m.; supper from 5:30 until 9 p. m.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Trinity English Lutheran church, corner of Wayne and Clinton streets, Rev. S. Wagenhals, D. D., pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Luther Keil, superintendent. Preaching services at 10:45 o'clock; Luther society at 7 o'clock; evening service at 7:30; teachers' meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock; Dorcas society Friday evening; catechetical class Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Christ's Lutheran church, corner Jefferson and Webster streets; L. J. Motschman, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; W. H. Myers, superintendent. Divine worship, with sermon, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; morning theme, "Who is Your Christ?" evening theme, "Why Do So Many Men Not Go to Church?" Luther league at 6:45 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, corner Washington and Fulton streets; C. F. W. Meyer, minister.—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m., with holy communion; confession, Saturday, 7:45 p. m.; evening service, Sunday, 7:30 p. m.

EPISCOPALIAN.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner of Fulton and Berry streets, A. W. Seabrease, rector—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., S. D. Hanna, superintendent; morning services at 8 and 10:45 and in the evening at 7:30.

Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, meeting of the Men's Social club of Trinity parish. Tuesday, from 5 to 8 p. m., annual Shrove Tuesday supper of the Woman's Auxiliary Missionary society.

Following is the order of Lenten services for the week: Wednesday, 9 and 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Thursday, 5 p. m.; Friday, 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.; Saturday at 5 p. m.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street, Rev. C. Gross, pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, corner Washington boulevard and Van Buren street, Rev. H. P. Dannecker, pastor—Services (German), 10:00 a. m.; services (German) for children, 2 p. m.; services (English), 7:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland streets, Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran Zion's church, Creighton avenue and Hanna street, Rev. H. Chr. Luehr, pastor—Services, 10:00 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace Lutheran church, corner Pontiac and Gay streets, Rev. A. O. Swinehart, pastor—Services, 10 a. m.; services for children, 2 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran Concordia congregation, southwest corner of Fletcher and Alliger streets—Sunday services: Preaching at 10 a. m. and Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. August Lange, pastor.

St. Paul's, on Barr street, Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Emmaus Lutheran, Broadway and Creighton avenue, Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, D. D., bishop; Rev. P. F. Roche, pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. P. J. O'Reilley and Rev. James Fitzpatrick, assistants.

Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:00 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

The following meetings are held every Sunday in rotation during the month, commencing at 4 o'clock: First Sunday, Married Men's sodality, Rev. J. H. Bathe, director, and Young Men's sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. Second Sunday, Rosary sodality. Third Sunday, Young Ladies' sodality. Fourth Sunday, Boys' sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director, and Young Girls' sodality. The Catholic Knights of America, branch 103, meets the first and third Sundays of each month, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. The Sacred Heart league has special devotions on the first Friday of each month at 7:30 p. m., Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director.

St. Patrick's, corner of DeWald and Harrison streets, Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Thomas Mungovan, assistant.—The services at the church are as follows: Mass at 7:45 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.; catechism at 2:15 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m. Masses at 6:30 and 8 a. m. during week days.

Following is a list of the various societies of the church and the time of meeting: Married Men's and Young Men's sodalities, first Sunday in the month; Rosary society, second Sunday; Young Ladies' sodality, third Sunday; also the first three Sundays of the month for the office of the Blessed Virgin; Boys' and Girls' sodalities, fourth Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; all other meetings at 4 o'clock, immediately after vespers; each society takes communion on Sunday of meeting; St. Vincent de Paul society meets the fourth Sunday of the month; Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association meets first and fourth Thursdays; St. Joseph Benevolent society meets third Sunday of the month. Sacred Heart devotions on the first Friday of the month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets, Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth—Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith streets, Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw streets, Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor.—Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain.—Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.; weekly services, 8 a. m.

Church of the Precious Blood, corner of Barthold and Fourth streets, Rev. Francis Nigsch, pastor—Morning mass at 7:45; high mass, with sermon, at 10 a. m., and vespers at 3 p. m.

A UNIQUE COLLECTION.

A press clipping bureau in New York has just completed a collection of newspaper clippings for Senator M. A. Hanna, covering everything printed in the editorial columns of the press of the United States and England relating to the death of William McKinley. No king or uncrowned ruler ever received so many tributes of love and esteem, not only from the press of his own country, but from all over the world. This remarkable collection covers 12,000 editorial comments on the death of the late president, and is mounted on heavy gray cardboard and bound in four volumes, in full morocco. A more appropriate and pleasing memorial of our martyred president could not well be devised.

It is estimated that there are nearly 250,000 voters in New York city who decline to become identified with either of the great parties, while there are even more who take no part in making nominations.

The Wail of the Back

WELL KNOWN IN FORT WAYNE

No wonder the back cries out for help. The back is to mankind what the mainspring is to a watch—take the tempering out and work is mighty uncertain. When the kidneys are sick they take the temper out of the back. Many a busy business man is forced to give up from the pains and aches of a bad back, and it's the same in every walk of life.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Cure Kidney Ills in all their varied forms. Backache, Headache, Weariness, Rheumatic Pains, Urinary Disorders, Diabetes, Bright's Disease. They are indorsed by people you know; by Fort Wayne citizens. Read this proof—

Mr. J. S. Tyler, of 115 Shawnee avenue, carpenter by trade, says:

I have great faith in Doan's Kidney Pills and can highly recommend them as a most worthy remedy. I was afflicted with kidney complaint for a number of years. It differed somewhat from the ordinary cases for when I was up and around my back did not ache, but as soon as I got in bed it started, and the only way I could get relief was by getting up. Many a night I have spent sleeping in a chair. When I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, I had become so bad that I had to get up nearly every night and could get no rest except in a chair. The very first night after I started to use this remedy I slept as well as I ever did without feeling one touch of pain. I hardly believe that many people are affected with their kidneys just as I was, but whether they are or not they cannot make a mistake if they give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

All druggists, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Sore Throat

Omega Oil Inflammation is the cause of all troubles in Throat or Chest. Cure the inflammation, and you cure the throat and chest every time. Omega Oil is the safest and surest remedy for inflammation ever known. Rub the Oil on freely and bind some on flannel around the throat. 708

"77"

Prevents and Breaks Up

COLDS

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" is Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific for Grip and Colds, consisting of a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket, handy to carry.

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" cures Grip, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the head and chest, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

"SEVENTY-SEVEN" stops fresh Colds and breaks up Stubborn Colds that hang on and do not yield to ordinary treatment.

At all Druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's Book mailed free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., cor. William and John streets, New York.

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This is the pearl of household pets—beautiful, rare, gentle. I have just received an importation of the finest genuine Angoras ever brought to this country.

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If you care to buy a canary at a department store that's your lookout—nobody to blame but yourself. If you want to buy a canary that will sing, that is healthy and hardy, you had better come to me. Why? Because I am the largest importer of genuine Hartz Mountain birds.

TALKING PARROTS

A parrot that doesn't talk is an expensive, not to say useless, investment. If, by accident, I should sell a parrot that wouldn't talk I'd like the purchaser to bring it back and exchange it for one that will.

PUPPIES

Something wrong with the boy or girl who wouldn't be pleased with a pup for Christmas. I have good fox terriers, St. Bernards, Spaniels and other species. Prices to suit.

DOGS

Finely bred animals of all varieties—hunters, house dogs, companions.

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HOPE, 23 North 9th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE IDEA.

Mrs. Swelldom—I must confess, my weakness is dressing.
Country Cousin—My goodness, and yer hev a maid ter help yer dress, too.